Tiger 320 Series PROGRAMMING CODE SHEET

Contents

Press 1

Front panel programming

This programming code sheet (PCS) is a quick reference document that allows you to quickly view the meter's programming codes.

When you become familiar with the meter and the programming code structure, the PCS can be used in place of the user manual.

> *Note:*
> *All displays shown in this code sheet are for a 5-digit, 7-segment display. 6 or 8-digit and alphanumeric displays will be slightly different.*

To configure the meter's programming codes, the meter uses the three right-hand side display digits. These are known as the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digits and can be seen in the diagram opposite.
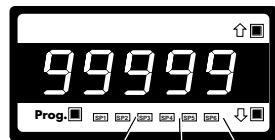
Operational Display

1st Digit   2nd Digit   3rd Digit

The logic diagram on Page 4 shows the code structure of the Tiger 320 Series meter range. Also, the difference between the E and T version of the Tiger range is described. The diagrams on the following pages show the three-digit settings available for each code.

Programming via PC

Meter configuration utility program

With a serial output module installed, the meter can be fully configured through the **meter configuration utility program**. In addition to all application function settings, the configuration program also provides access to added features such as:

- Code blanking.
- Display text editing.
- Configuration data copying.
- Downloading macros to the meter.

Code blanking

Code blanking blanks out all function codes not required by the application. This means that specific procedures such as recalibration and setpoint reprogramming can be achieved in a few simple steps from the front panel buttons.

- To turn code blanking and macro settings OFF, carry out the **Code Blanking and Macro Check** on Page 3.

Display text editing

This function allows displayed text, such as setpoint titles, to be edited to suit your applications.

For example, a setpoint could be edited to read [TNK_Lo] for tank level low, or [brKoF] for brake off.

Configuration data copying

This function allows the current meter configuration settings to be copied and saved for later referral or for restoration.

Macros

Texmate has a growing library of macros to suit a wide range of standard customer applications. Macros can be installed in the meter, via the compiler or configuration program, and run automatically when the meter is powered up.

Tamper-proof settings

All Tiger 320 Series meters have tamper-proof lockout switches to prevent users' configuration settings from being inadvertently changed.

Code blanking is also used (via the PC) to blank out codes not used, making them operator tamper-proof, but leaving selected codes open for operator adjustment.

Programming Tips

1) Use the P button to step through the codes of the **Main** or **Setpoint** Programming Mode.

2) To save a **Main** Programming Mode code setting and return directly to the operational display, press the P button and then the P and ↑ buttons at the same time.

3) To save a **Setpoint** Programming Mode setting and return directly to the operational display, press the P button and then the P and ↓ buttons at the same time.

4) When configuring the three-digit code and setpoint settings, pressing the ↑ and ↓ buttons at the same time increases the displayed parameter in increments of 100 counts.

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Initial Setup Procedures

Before configuring the meter, carry out the following meter configuration checks:

- Model and software code version check.
- Code blanking and macro check.

After powering-up the meter, check the model and software code version number and note this below.

> Model No: ....
> Software Version No: ....
> Customer ID:..
> Macro ID: ....

Model and Software Code Version Check

The meter model and software code version number can be checked at any time while in the operational display using the following procedure.

Programming Tip

The *Model and Software Code Version* checking procedure can be performed at any time without interfering with other configuration settings.
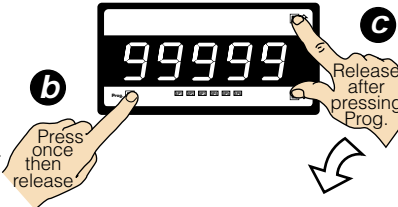
START HERE

MODEL & SOFTWARE CODE VERSION CHECK

Operational Display

Step 1

Press and hold the ⬆ and ⬇ buttons

a Press and hold

Step 2

While holding both buttons, press the Prog. button then release all three buttons

b Press once then release

c Release after pressing Prog.

Example

`G,i50t`

Model Number

`3.02F`

Typical Software Version Number

Step 3

The above displays toggles three times before returning to the operational display

`CuStoMEr id  MACro id`

`99999`

Operational Display

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2

Code Blanking and Macro Check

Tiger 320 Series meters have the ability to hide (blank out) all or some programming codes, making them tamper-proof. This can only be done using the Meter Configuration Utility program.

With code blanking turned ON, all main and setpoint codes that have been blanked out during factory programming are hidden, preventing them from being reprogrammed. Any codes that have not been blanked out are still visible and can be reprogrammed.

Turning code blanking OFF means all meter programming codes are visible when you enter the programming modes and can be reprogrammed.

A macro is a set of commands that run automatically when the meter is powered up. Texmate has a growing library of macros to suit a wide range of standard customer applications.

Macros can be installed in the meter at the factory during initial programming or by the customer at some later date. Macros are written and compiled using the Tiger Development System (TDS) compiler program, and loaded into the meter using either the ompiler program or the configuration program.

Turning the macro OFF means that the meter will not perform the automatic commands pre-programmed to run with the macro.

Unless requested to blank out all or some programming codes and/or run a macro, Texmate program the meter in the code blanking OFF and macro OFF (default) setting.

To turn the code blanking and macro settings from ON to OFF carry out the following procedure:
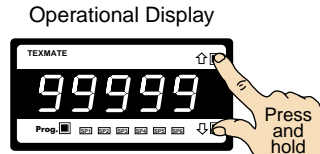
Programming Tip

Code Blanking and Macro ON/OFF settings revert to the meter's original configuration settings when the meter is powered off and on.
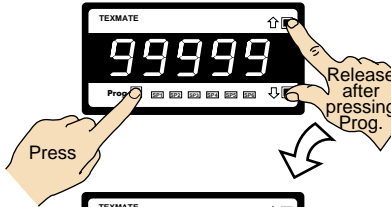
CODE BLANKING & MACRO CHECK PROCEDURE

START HERE

Operational Display

Step 1
Press and hold the ⬆ and ⬇ buttons

Press and hold

Step 2
While holding both buttons, press the Prog. button.

Press

Release after pressing Prog.

Step 3
Release the the ⬆ and ⬇ buttons and hold the Prog. button for approx. 1 sec then release

Release after 1 sec

bLAnk — Code Blanking
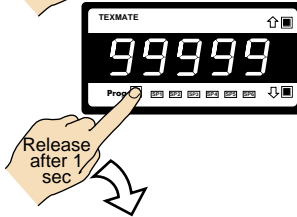
Example

NOTE: Unless otherwise requested, the factory default setting is oFF

on

Code Blanking & Macro Check Procedure continued on next page (Step 7)

Press 1

Step 4
Press the ⬆ button to switch code blanking OFF
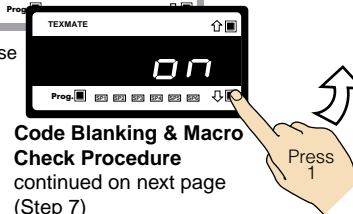
continued from Step 4

oFF
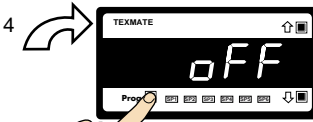
Step 5
Press the Prog. button.

Press 1

Example **mACr** — Macro

NOTE: Unless otherwise requested, the factory default setting is oFF

on

Step 6
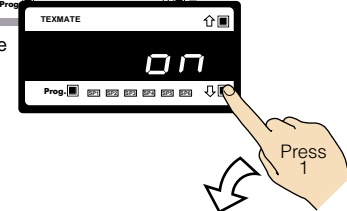Press the ⬆ button to switch the macro OFF

Press 1

oFF

Step 7
Press the Prog. button.

Press 1

99999

Operational Display

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Tiger 320 Series Code Logic Diagram

To enter press the P and ↑ buttons at the same time

99999

Prog.

Operational Display

To enter press the P and ↓ buttons at the same time

Main Programming Mode

[bri]
P

Display Brightness
Allows you to adjust the display brightness in a range of 8 settings. 0 being dull, 7 being bright.

[CAL]
P

Calibration Modes for Input and Output
See Page 2 for code settings to calibrate the meter's input and output signals.

[Cod_1]
P

Code 1 – Display Configuration
See Page 3 for code settings to configure the setpoint annunciators and other display functions.

[Cod_2]
P

Code 2 – CH1 Measurement Task & Sampling Rate
See Page 4 for code settings to configure the CH1 measurement task and sampling rate.

[Cod_3]
P

Code 3 – CH1 Post Processing & Serial Mode Functions
See Page 5 for code settings to configure CH1 post processing and serial mode functions.

[Cod_4]
P

Code 4 – CH2 Measurement Task & 32-point Linearization
See Page 5 for code settings to configure the second channel (CH2) measurement task and 32-point linearization settings when using dual input signal conditioners.

[Cod_5]
P

Code 5 – CH3 Functions
See Page 5 for code settings to configure the third channel (CH3) when using triple input signal conditioners.

[Cod_6]
P

Code 6 – CH4 Functions
See Page 6 for code settings to configure the fourth channel (CH4) when using quad input signal conditioners.

[Cod_7]
P

Code 7 – Result Processing
See Page 6 for code settings to configure the meter for processing the result of CH1 and CH2.

[Cod_8]
P

Code 8 – Data Logging & Print Mode
See Page 6 for code settings to configure data logging and data printing using the meter.

[Cod_9]
P

Code 9 – Functions for Digital Input Pins
See Page 6 for code settings to configure the meter for inputs from external sources through the digital input pins.

[Cod10]
P

Code 10 – Bargraph Setup
See Page 7 for code settings to configure the meter's bargraph display.

99999

Prog.

Operational Display

Setpoint Programming Mode

Setpoint Activation Values Mode

Enter these menus to set setpoint (SP) activation values

[SP_1]   **Setpoint 1**   Default setting = 18000
P

[SP_2]   **Setpoint 2**   Default setting = –18000
P

[SP_3]   **Setpoint 3**   Default setting = 5000
P

[SP_4]   **Setpoint 4**   Default setting = –5000
P

[SP_5]   **Setpoint 5**   Default setting = 10000
P

[SP_6]   **Setpoint 6**   Default setting = –10000
P

Setpoint & Relay Control Settings Mode

Enter these menus to configure SP control settings

[SPC_1]   **Setpoint 1**
P

[SPC_2]   **Setpoint 2**
P

[SPC_3]   **Setpoint 3**
P

[SPC_4]   **Setpoint 4**
P

[SPC_5]   **Setpoint 5**
P

[SPC_6]   **Setpoint 6**
P

The *Setpoint and Relay Control Settings* diagram on Pages 8, 9, and 10 shows the three digit configuration settings that are applied individually to each setpoint.

99999

Prog.

Operational Display

E/T Versions of Tiger 320 Series Programmable Meter Controller

Tiger 320 Series Programmable Meter Controllers (PMCs) come in two versions: the economy E version, or the top-of-the-line T version.

The standard E version comes with 4 kilobits of EEPROM installed, whereas the standard T version comes with 32 kilobits of EEPROM Installed. Also, the T version can have a macro installed.

The standard 4-kilobit E version can be upgraded to 32 or 512 kilobits. The standard 32-kilobit T version can be upgraded to 512 kilobits. The amount of EEPROM installed in the controller determines the range of functions it is capable of performing. The following table lists the functions that require specific amounts of memory.

Version	Memory (kilobits)	Functions	Remarks
E	4 (standard)	1 linearization table	Table 1 is available to be applied to channels 1 to 4 and result.
	32	4 linearization tables	Tables 1 to 4 are available to be applied to channels 1 and 2 and result.
			Table 3 can be applied to channel 3.
			Table 4 can be applied to channel 4.
			All four tables can be cascaded to form a single 125-point linearization table available to be applied to channels 1 and 2 and result.
	512	Data logging	With 512 kilobits installed, the controller can perform data logging functions along with complete linearization functionality. With a real-time clock installed, date and time stamps can be included.
T	32 (standard)	4 linearization tables	As for E version with 32 kilobits installed.
		Macro programming	A macro can be programmed to suit a user's logic control application.
	512	Data logging	As for E version with 512 kilobits installed, but with macro programming functionality available.

CALIBRATION MODE

This is the default 3rd digit box. If not pointing to another 3rd digit box, all 2nd digit settings should be regarded as pointing to here.

CALIBRATION MODES FOR INPUT AND OUTPUT

OBJECT FOR 2nd DIGIT

FIRST DIGIT

0 Functions Activated by Pressing the PROGRAM Button

1 Calibration Procedures

2 Related Calibration Functions

3 -

SECOND DIGIT

0 No function

1 On Demand TARE from the PROGRAM button

2 On Demand Single-point Calibration from the PROGRAM button (requires single input source)

3 On Demand Two-point Calibration from the PROGRAM button (requires dual input source)

4 On Demand Primary Input Compensation Mode from the PROGRAM button

5 On Demand Manual Loader Mode (no increase / decrease with HOLD active)

6 -

7 -

Note:
When in the TARE mode, a decimal point appears at the right of the display indicating that the tare value is NOT zero.

0 Manual Calibration (requires NO input source)

1 Two-point Calibration (requires dual input source)

2 Calibrate Thermocouple (requires K type thermocouple input source)

3 Calibrate RTD (requires RTD 385 input source)

4 Calibrate Smart Input Module. *Note: This function is not available on all input modules*

5 Calibrate Analog Output mA/V (requires multimeter connected to pins 16 and 17)

6 -

7 -

0 Serial Communications Properties

1 Set Auto Zero Maintenance for 3rd digit

2 Set Averaging Samples & Averaging Window for 3rd digit

3 Totalizer Settings Mode

4 Setup 32-point Linearization Tables

5 Scale Analog Output LOW/HIGH Display Readings

6 -

7 -

THIRD DIGIT

0	Result
1	Channel 1
2	Channel 2
3	Channel 3
4	Channel 4

Procedure details (middle column)

P Press the PROGRAM button for 4 seconds to tare the selected channel

P 4 secs `SPAn` `2500` Use ↑↓ buttons to set SPAN　　For detailed calibration procedures, see *Calibration Procedures Supplement*

P 4 secs `2Ero` `0` Use ↑↓ buttons to set ZERO P `SPAn` `2500` Use ↑↓ buttons to set SPAN

P 4 secs `Ch2` ↑ `0` Use ↑↓ buttons to ADJUST primary input compensation value from −19999 to 99999 on CH2 ONLY

P 4 secs `Ch1` ↑ `0` Use ↑↓ buttons to ADJUST analog output 1 or 2 value from −19999 to 99999 via the manual loader output

`OFF_1` `0` Use ↑↓ buttons to set OFFSET P `SCA_1` `00000` Use ↑↓ buttons to set SCALE

`2Ero` `0` Use ↑↓ buttons to set ZERO P `SPAn` `2500` Use ↑↓ buttons to set SPAN

`inPut` `0.0U` P `2Ero` `32F` P `SPAn` `2500F`

`inPut` `32.0F` For detailed calibration procedures, see *Calibration Procedures Supplement*

All smart input modules have individual calibration procedures. See the specific smart input module data sheet for procedures

`CAL_L` `-16384` Use ↑↓ buttons to set CAL_L P `CAL_h` `30000` Use ↑↓ buttons to set CAL_h

If Code 3 set to Master Mode [XX2] ONLY P `bit5` `8` Use ↑↓ buttons to set to 7 or 8 bits

Except ASCII Mode which uses message terminators:
$ = minimum 50 ms delay
***** = minimum 2 ms delay

`bAud` `9600` Use ↑↓ buttons to set baud rate P `PrtY` `oFF` Use ↑↓ buttons to set parity P `t_dLY` `2` Use ↑↓ buttons to set time delay in milliseconds P `Addr` `1` Use ↑↓ buttons to set address from 1 to 255

Auto zero capture band　Use ↑↓ buttons to set AZ_C from 1 to 254 s

`A2_C` `oFF` ↑ `1` P `A2_M` `0` Use ↑↓ buttons to set AZ_M from 0 to 255 s
Auto zero motion — Rate-of-change in counts/second
↓ `MAn`
Auto zero aperture window `A2_A` `0` Use ↑↓ buttons to set AZ_A from 0 to 65535 counts

`AU_S` `oFF` Use ↑↓ buttons to set averaging samples from 0 to 255 counts P `AU_W` `oFF` Use ↑↓ buttons to set averaging window from 0 to 65535 counts

`inPut` `10000` Default setting 10,000 counts Use ↑↓ buttons to set input rate P `AFtEr` `1 hr` Use ↑↓ buttons to set time period P `tot_` `1` Use ↑↓ buttons to set total from 1-65535

`CutoF` `0` Use ↑↓ buttons to set Cutoff from −19999 to 32767 P `r_oUr` `oFF` Use ↑↓ buttons to set rollover to ON or OFF

`ModE` `MAn` Select the method of configuring the user defined linearization table: **manual** or **auto** setup mode. Then set the table number, date, and serial number before setting the linearization points. Or select [init] to re-initialize the default table settings.

*Note: The input channel setting in the 3rd digit is **not** relevant to the **manual setup mode**.*

*Note: The correct input signal channel must be selected in the 3rd digit when configuring a linearization table using the **auto setup mode**.*

`2Ero` `0` Use ↑↓ buttons to set LOW display reading [CAL_L] P `F_SCL` `99999` Use ↑↓ buttons to set HIGH display reading [CAL_h]
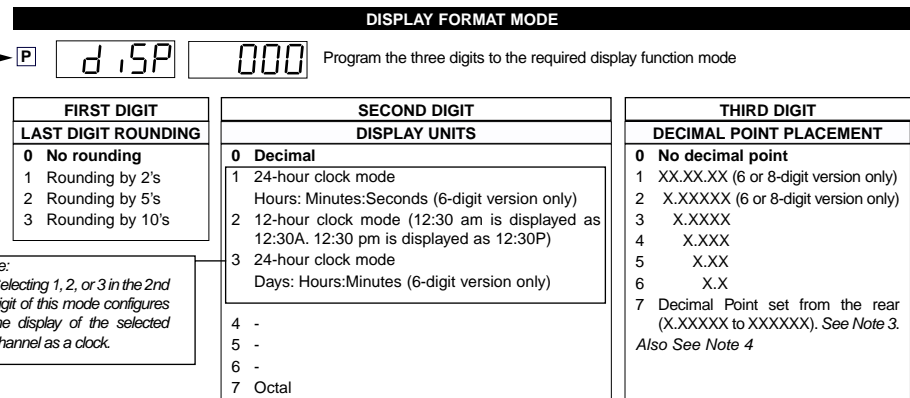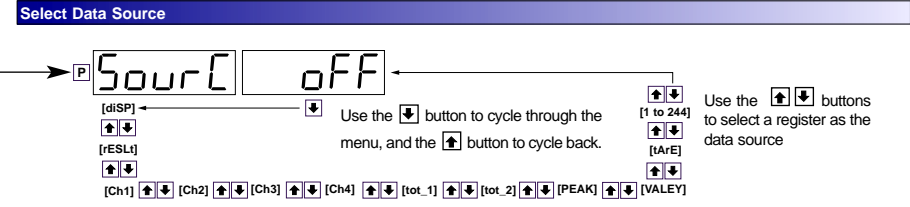
Converting °F to °C

1) Calibrate the meter to suit the temperature sensor input. Use K type thermocouple input for thermocouples. Use RTD 385 for RTDs.

2) To convert °F to °C enter the calibration mode and set [CAL] to [10X].

3) On a 5-digit meter set the scale factor to [0.5555] and the offset to [−178] counts.

4) On a 6-digit meter set the scale factor to [0.55555] and the offset to [−178] counts.

Ignore the decimal point on OFFSET settings

THIRD DIGIT

0	-
1	CH1
2	CH2
3	CH3

THIRD DIGIT

0	-
1	CH1
2	CH2
3	CH3
4	CH4

THIRD DIGIT

0	-
1	Analog Output 1
2	Analog Output 2

THIRD DIGIT

0	-
1	Total 1
2	Total 2

THIRD DIGIT

0	-
1	CH1
2	CH2
3	CH3
4	CH4

THIRD DIGIT

0	-
1	Analog Output 1
2	Analog Output 2

CODE 1

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
	CODE 1 – DISPLAY CONFIGURATION	
FRONT PANEL ANNUNCIATORS	**DISPLAY FUNCTIONS**	**SELECT DATA SOURCE FOR**

FRONT PANEL ANNUNCIATORS

0　ON when Setpoints are ON (relay energized)
1　ON when Setpoints are OFF (relay de-energized)
2　Always OFF. *See Note 1*
3　LED SP1 ON indicates RISING signal trend.
　　LED SP2 ON indicates FALLING signal trend.

DISPLAY FUNCTIONS

0　**Normal Display Mode (i.e. operational display shows selected register)(updates every 0.5 seconds)**
1　Manual Loader Mode (Direct display). *See Note**
2　Update at controlled output rate selected in Code 2
3　-
4　-

5　Select data source as per 3rd digit. *See Note 4*

6　Select display format as per 3rd digit. *See Note 4*

7　Select text character as per 3rd digit. *See Note 4*

SELECT DATA SOURCE FOR

0　Primary Display
1　Second Display. *See Note 2*
2　Third Display. *See Note 2*
3　Peak/Valley
4　Analog Output 1
5　Analog Output 2 (under development)
6　Totalizer 1
7　Totalizer 2

SELECT DISPLAY FORMAT FOR

0　Result
1　Channel 1
2　Channel 2
3　Channel 3
4　Channel 4
5　Default Display
6　Total 1
7　Total 2

SELECT TEXT CHARACTER FOR

0　Result
1　Channel 1
2　Channel 2
3　Channel 3
4　Channel 4
5　Default Display
6　Total 1
7　Total 2

Select Data Source

P | SourC　oFF

[diSP] ← [rESLt] ← [Ch1] [Ch2] [Ch3] [Ch4] [tot_1] [tot_2] [PEAK] [VALEY]

Use the ⬇ button to cycle through the menu, and the ⬆ button to cycle back.

[1 to 244] [tArE]

Use the ⬆ ⬇ buttons to select a register as the data source

DISPLAY FORMAT MODE

P | d iSP　　000　Program the three digits to the required display function mode

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
LAST DIGIT ROUNDING	**DISPLAY UNITS**	**DECIMAL POINT PLACEMENT**

LAST DIGIT ROUNDING

0　**No rounding**
1　Rounding by 2's
2　Rounding by 5's
3　Rounding by 10's

DISPLAY UNITS

0　**Decimal**
1　24-hour clock mode
　　Hours: Minutes:Seconds (6-digit version only)
2　12-hour clock mode (12:30 am is displayed as 12:30A. 12:30 pm is displayed as 12:30P)
3　24-hour clock mode
　　Days: Hours:Minutes (6-digit version only)
4　-
5　-
6　-
7　Octal

Note:
Selecting 1, 2, or 3 in the 2nd digit of this mode configures the display of the selected channel as a clock.

DECIMAL POINT PLACEMENT

0　**No decimal point**
1　XX.XX.XX (6 or 8-digit version only)
2　X.XXXXX (6 or 8-digit version only)
3　X.XXXX
4　X.XXX
5　X.XX
6　X.X
7　Decimal Point set from the rear (X.XXXXX to XXXXX). *See Note 3.*

Also See Note 4

Select Last Digit Text Character

tEЗ.t　oFF　Use the ⬆ button to cycle through the menu, and the ⬇ button to cycle back.
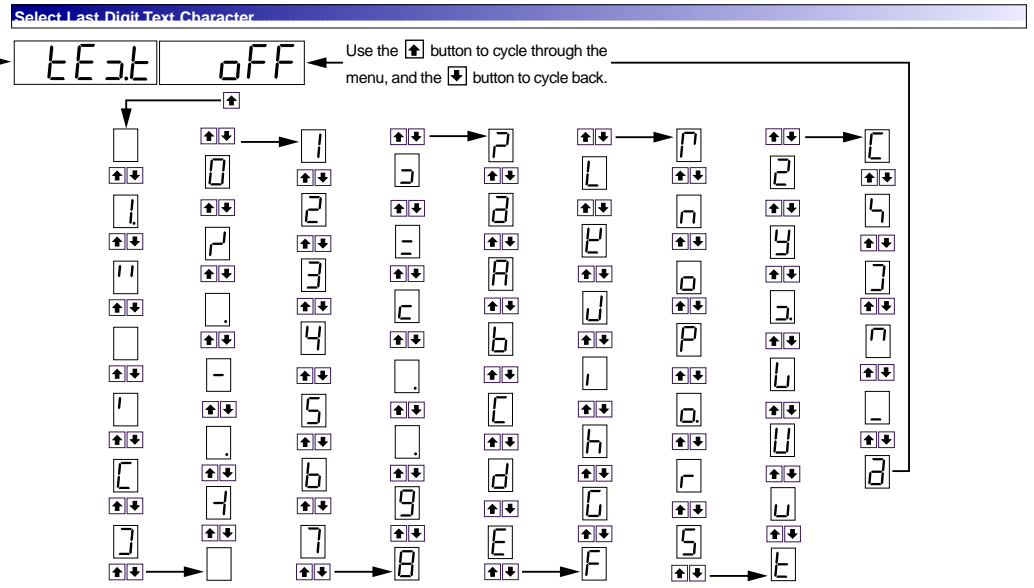
Note*:
For the Manual Loader Mode (Direct Display) to work, with Code 1 set to [X54] the data source for the analog output (1 or 2) must be set to [diSP].

Operating range upper and lower limits can be set for the manual loader mode.

The setpoint activation values for setpoint 5 becomes the upper limit and setpoint 6 becomes the lower limit.

When either the direct display or on demand manual loader mode is programmed into the meter, the values for setpoint 5 and setpoint 6 are activated as upper and lower limits.

See Analog Output Supplement for further details.

Note 1:
LED annunciators are always off, except when the meter is in single channel VOLTAGE or CURRENT mode and Code 3 = [X6X], or Code 7 = [X6X] in which case the LEDs indicate which 32-point table has been selected from the rear pins (SP1 = Table 1, SP2 = Table 2, SP3 = Table 3, SP4 = Table 4).

Note 2:
These options are only for use with meters that have more than one display. With bargraph meters the PRIMARY display is the digital display, and the SECONDARY display is the bargraph display.

Note 3:
These functions are only available on selected input modules.

Note 4:
If Code 1's display modes have been entered (second digit set to 5, 6, or 7), the display will cycle between Code 1 and the display functions mode each time the PROGRAM button is pressed. To leave the cycle, the Code 1 digits must be reset to any relevant function between [X00] to [X20]. This takes you into Code 2.
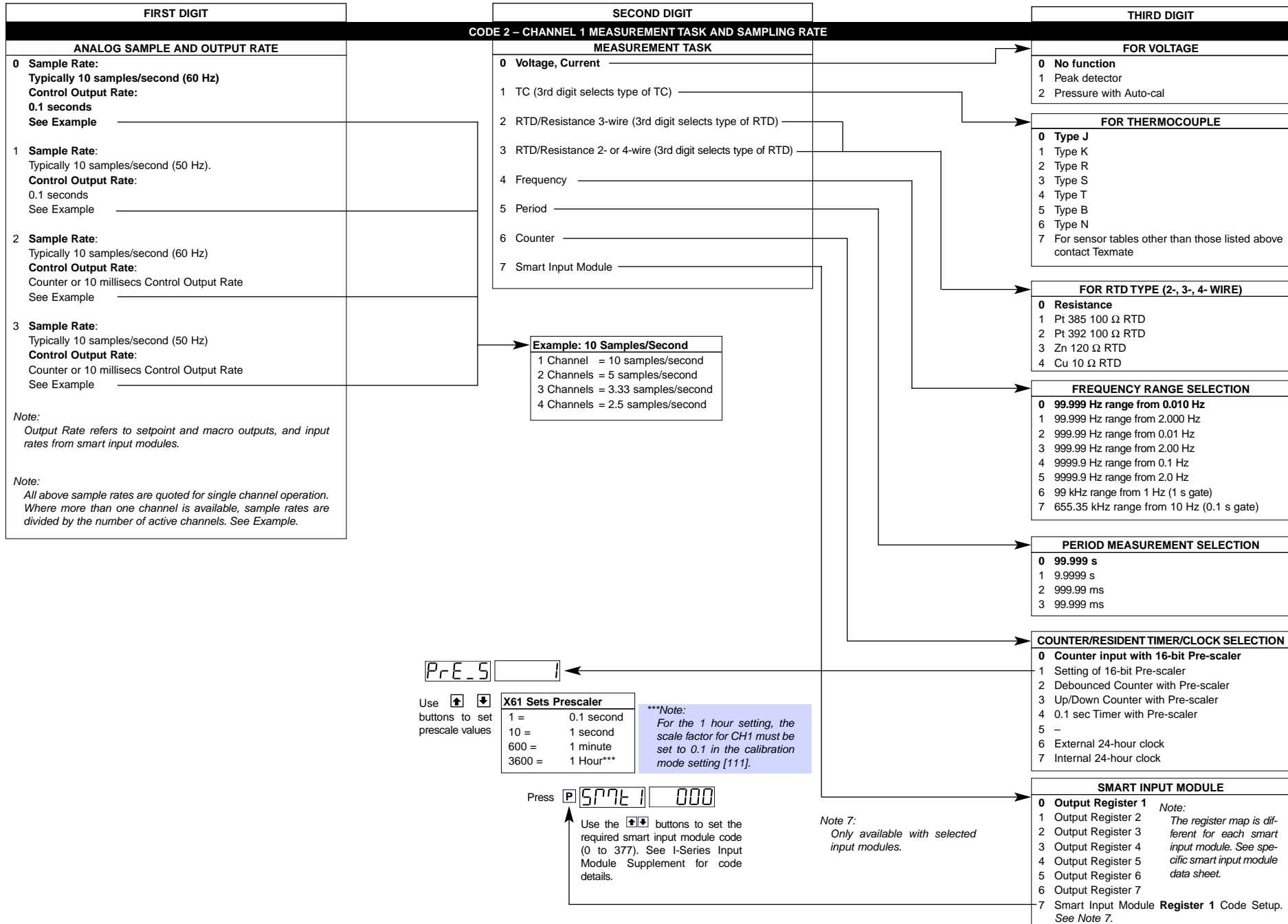
Note 5:
If only 4 kB memory installed, functions 2 to 6 are not available in:
• *Code 3 second digit.*
• *Code 4 third digit.*
• *Code 7 second digit.*

Note 6:
These functions are not available on all models and in some cases require additional hardware.

Note 7:
For future development.

CODE 2

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
	CODE 2 – CHANNEL 1 MEASUREMENT TASK AND SAMPLING RATE	

FIRST DIGIT

ANALOG SAMPLE AND OUTPUT RATE

0 **Sample Rate:**
   Typically 10 samples/second (60 Hz)
   Control Output Rate:
   0.1 seconds
   See Example

1 **Sample Rate:**
   Typically 10 samples/second (50 Hz).
   Control Output Rate:
   0.1 seconds
   See Example

2 **Sample Rate:**
   Typically 10 samples/second (60 Hz)
   Control Output Rate:
   Counter or 10 millisecs Control Output Rate
   See Example

3 **Sample Rate:**
   Typically 10 samples/second (50 Hz)
   Control Output Rate:
   Counter or 10 millisecs Control Output Rate
   See Example

Note:
   Output Rate refers to setpoint and macro outputs, and input rates from smart input modules.

Note:
   All above sample rates are quoted for single channel operation. Where more than one channel is available, sample rates are divided by the number of active channels. See Example.

SECOND DIGIT

MEASUREMENT TASK

0 **Voltage, Current**
1 TC (3rd digit selects type of TC)
2 RTD/Resistance 3-wire (3rd digit selects type of RTD)
3 RTD/Resistance 2- or 4-wire (3rd digit selects type of RTD)
4 Frequency
5 Period
6 Counter
7 Smart Input Module

Example: 10 Samples/Second

1 Channel	= 10 samples/second
2 Channels	= 5 samples/second
3 Channels	= 3.33 samples/second
4 Channels	= 2.5 samples/second

THIRD DIGIT

FOR VOLTAGE

0 **No function**
1 Peak detector
2 Pressure with Auto-cal

FOR THERMOCOUPLE

0 **Type J**
1 Type K
2 Type R
3 Type S
4 Type T
5 Type B
6 Type N
7 For sensor tables other than those listed above contact Texmate

FOR RTD TYPE (2-, 3-, 4- WIRE)

0 **Resistance**
1 Pt 385 100 Ω RTD
2 Pt 392 100 Ω RTD
3 Zn 120 Ω RTD
4 Cu 10 Ω RTD

FREQUENCY RANGE SELECTION

0 **99.999 Hz range from 0.010 Hz**
1 99.999 Hz range from 2.000 Hz
2 999.99 Hz range from 0.01 Hz
3 999.99 Hz range from 2.00 Hz
4 9999.9 Hz range from 0.1 Hz
5 9999.9 Hz range from 2.0 Hz
6 99 kHz range from 1 Hz (1 s gate)
7 655.35 kHz range from 10 Hz (0.1 s gate)

PERIOD MEASUREMENT SELECTION

0 **99.999 s**
1 9.9999 s
2 999.99 ms
3 99.999 ms

COUNTER/RESIDENT TIMER/CLOCK SELECTION

0 **Counter input with 16-bit Pre-scaler**
1 Setting of 16-bit Pre-scaler
2 Debounced Counter with Pre-scaler
3 Up/Down Counter with Pre-scaler
4 0.1 sec Timer with Pre-scaler
5 –
6 External 24-hour clock
7 Internal 24-hour clock

$PrE\_S \quad 1$

Use ⬆ ⬇ buttons to set prescale values

X61 Sets Prescaler

1 =	0.1 second
10 =	1 second
600 =	1 minute
3600 =	1 Hour***

***Note:*
For the 1 hour setting, the scale factor for CH1 must be set to 0.1 in the calibration mode setting [111].

Press [P] $5П7t1 \quad 000$

Use the ⬆⬇ buttons to set the required smart input module code (0 to 377). See I-Series Input Module Supplement for code details.

Note 7:
Only available with selected input modules.

SMART INPUT MODULE

0 **Output Register 1**
1 Output Register 2
2 Output Register 3
3 Output Register 4
4 Output Register 5
5 Output Register 6
6 Output Register 7
7 Smart Input Module **Register 1** Code Setup. *See Note 7.*

Note:
The register map is different for each smart input module. See specific smart input module data sheet.

CODES 3 to 5

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
	CODE 3 – CHANNEL 1 FUNCTIONS (POST PROCESSING & SERIAL MODE)	

CODE 3 – CHANNEL 1 FUNCTIONS (POST PROCESSING & SERIAL MODE)

FIRST DIGIT

CHANNEL 1 POST PROCESSING

0 **Direct Display of Input (no processing)**
1 Square Root of Channel 1
2 Inverse of Channel 1
3 –

Note 5:
If only 4 kB of memory is installed, only Table 1 is available for:

- *CH1 in Code 3, 2nd digit.*
- *CH2 in Code 4, 3rd digit.*
- *CH3 in Code 5, 1st digit.*
- *CH4 in Code 6, 1st digit.*
- *RESULT in Code 7, 2nd digit.*

SECOND DIGIT

32-POINT LINEARIZATION FOR CHANNEL 1

0 **No Linearization on CH1**
1 32-point Linearization on CH1 using Table 1
2 32-point Linearization on CH1 using Table 2. *See Note 5*
3 32-point Linearization on CH1 using Table 3. *See Note 5*
4 32-point Linearization on CH1 using Table 4. *See Note 5*
5 125-point Linearization on CH1 (Tables 1 to 4 cascaded). *See Note 5*
6 32-point Linearization on CH1 (Tables 1 to 4 selected from the rear pins of selected input modules).
   The selected table is not available if CH2, CH3, or CH4 is operating in the analog output mode. CH1 must be set to Voltage, Current in Code 2 [X0X]. *See Note 5*
7 -

Note:
All linearization tables are set up in the Calibration Mode [24X].

THIRD DIGIT

SERIAL MODE

0 **ASCII Mode**
1 Modbus Mode
2 Master mode (used to customize print mode protocols via macro)
3 Print Mode
4 Ethernet Mode. *See Note 6*
5 Devicenet Mode (requires Devicenet hardware module). *See Note 6*

Note 6:
These functions are not available on all models and in some cases require additional hardware.

CODE 4 – CHANNEL 2 MEASUREMENT TASK AND 32-POINT LINEARIZATION

MEASUREMENT TASK

0 **Voltage, Current**
1 TC (type as per 2nd digit)
2 RTD/Resistance (type as per 2nd digit)
3 Second Digital Input Channel (type as per 2nd digit)

FOR VOLTAGE & CURRENT

0 **Channel 2 Disabled**
1 Direct (no post processing)
2 Square Root of Channel 2
3 Inverse of Channel 2
4 Output Register 1 (smart module)*
5 Output Register 2 (smart module)*
6 Output Register 3 (smart module)*
7 Output Register 4 (smart module)*

FOR THERMOCOUPLE

0 **Type J**
1 Type K
2 Type R
3 Type S
4 Type T
5 Type B
6 Type N
7 For sensor tables other than those listed above contact Texmate

FOR RTD TYPE (3-WIRE)

0 **Resistance**
1 Pt 385 100 Ω RTD
2 Pt 392 100 Ω RTD
3 Zn 120 Ω RTD
4 Cu 10 Ω RTD

DIGITAL INPUT

0 **Frequency - 99.999 Hz range from 0.001 Hz**
1 Frequency - 999.99 Hz range from 0.01 Hz
2 Frequency - 99.999 kHz range from 1 Hz (1 s gate)
3 Frequency - 500 kHz range from 10 Hz (0.1 s gate)
4 Period - 9.9999 s (100 μs resolution)
5 Period - 999.99 ms (10 μs resolution)
6 Up/Down Counter with Prescaler
7 Set Prescaler

32-POINT LINEARIZATION FOR CH2

0 **No user defined Linearization on CH2**
1 32-point Linearization on CH2 using Table 1
2 32-point Linearization on CH2 using Table 2. *See Note 5*
3 32-point Linearization on CH2 using Table 3. *See Note 5*
4 32-point Linearization on CH2 using Table 4. *See Note 5*
5 125-point Linearization on CH2 (Tables 1 to 4 cascaded). *See Note 5*
6 –
7 –

*Note:
Selecting 040 to 070 in the 2nd digit of Code 4 selects one of the following settings in the installed smart input module's output register map:

2nd Digit	Input module's output register map
4 selects	0
5 selects	1
6 selects	2
7 selects	3

Note:
The register map is different for each smart input module. See installed input module data sheet for specific smart register 1 function map.

`PrE_S` `          1`

Use ⬆ ⬇ buttons to set prescale values from 1 to 32767 counts

---

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
	CODE 5 – CHANNEL 3 FUNCTIONS	

CH3 POST PROCESSING

0 **Direct Display of Input (no processing)**
1 Square Root of Channel 3
2 Inverse of Channel 3
3 **4 kB Meters**
   NO Linearization
   32 kB Meters
   32-point Linearization of CH3 using Table 3

Note:
All linearization tables are set up in the Calibration Mode [24X].

MEASUREMENT TASK

0 **No Function**
1 Voltage, current
2 TC (3rd digit selects type of TC)
3 RTD/Resistance (3rd digit selects type of RTD)
4 Real Time Clock & Timer (3rd digit selects type)
5 -
6 -
7 Smart Input Module (3rd digit selects register)

FOR THERMOCOUPLE

0 **Type J**
1 Type K
2 Type R
3 Type S
4 Type T
5 Type B
6 Type N
7 For sensor tables other than those listed above contact Texmate

FOR RTD TYPE (2-, 3-, 4- WIRE)

0 **Resistance**
1 Pt 385 100 Ω RTD
2 Pt 392 100 Ω RTD
3 Zn 120 Ω RTD
4 Cu 10 Ω RTD

FOR REAL-TIME CLOCK & TIMER

0 **HRS:MIN:SEC**
1 HRS:MIN
2 -
3 -
4 1 Second Count UP Timer
5 1 Second Count DOWN Timer
6 -
7 -

FOR SMART INPUT MODULE

0 **Output Register 1**
1 Output Register 2
2 Output Register 3
3 Output Register 4
4 Output Register 5
5 Output Register 6
6 Output Register 7
7 Smart Input Module **Register 2** Code Setup

Note:
The function of the output register selected varies according to the input module installed.

Press Ⓟ `SП7E2` `    000`

Use the ⬆⬇ buttons to set the required smart input module code (0 to 377). See I-Series Input Module Supplement for code details.

CODES 6 to 9

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
CODE 6 – CHANNEL 4 FUNCTIONS		

CODE 6 – CHANNEL 4 FUNCTIONS

CH4 POST PROCESSING

0 **Direct Display of Input (no processing)**
1 Square Root of Channel 4
2 Inverse of Channel 4
3 **4 kB Meters**
  NO Linearization
  32 kB Meters
  32-point Linearization of CH4 using Table 4

Note:
All linearization tables are set up in the Calibration Mode [24X].

MEASUREMENT TASK

0 No Function
1 Voltage, Current
2 TC
  (3rd digit selects type of TC).
  See Note 7
3 RTD/Resistance
  (3rd digit selects type of RTD).
  See Note 7
4 Real Time Clock and Timer
  (3rd digit selects type)
5 -
6 -
7 Smart Input Module
  (3rd digit selects register)

FOR THERMOCOUPLE

0 Type J
1 Type K
2 Type R
3 Type S
4 Type T
5 Type B
6 Type N
7 For sensor tables other than those listed above contact Texmate

FOR RTD TYPE (2-, 3-, 4- WIRE)

0 **Resistance**
1 Pt 385 100 Ω RTD
2 Pt 392 100 Ω RTD
3 Zn 120 Ω RTD
4 Cu 10 Ω RTD

FOR REAL-TIME CLOCK & TIMER

0 **HRS:MIN:SEC**
1 HRS:MIN
2 -
3 -
4 1 Second Count UP Timer
5 1 Second Count DOWN Timer
6 -
7 -

FOR SMART INPUT MODULE

0 Output Register 1
1 Output Register 2
2 Output Register 3
3 Output Register 4
4 Output Register 5
5 Output Register 6
6 Output Register 7
7 Smart Input Module **Register 3** Code Setup

Note:
The function of the output register selected varies according to the input module installed.

→ Press P | 5П7Е3 | 000 |

Use the ⬆⬇ buttons to set the required smart input module code (0 to 377). See I-Series Input Module Supplement for code details.

Note 5:
If only 4 kB of memory is installed, only Table 1 is available for:
- *CH1 in Code 3, 2nd digit.*
- *CH2 in Code 4, 3rd digit.*
- *CH3 in Code 5, 1st digit.*
- *CH4 in Code 6, 1st digit.*
- *RESULT in Code 7, 2nd digit.*

Note 7:
For future development.

CODE 7 – RESULT PROCESSING

RESULT PROCESSING

0 **Direct Display of Result as per processing performed in 2nd and 3rd digits**
1 Square Root of Result
2 Inverse of Result
3 -

32-POINT LINEARIZATION FOR RESULT

0 **No Linearization on Result**
1 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 1
2 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 2. *See Note 5*
3 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 3. *See Note 5*
4 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 4. *See Note 5*
5 125-point Linearization on Result (Tables 1 to 4 cascaded). *See Note 5*
6 32-point Linearization on Result (Tables 1 to 4 selected from the rear of the meter).
  The selected table is not available if CH2, CH3, or CH4 is operating in the analog mode. CH1 must be set to Voltage, Current in Code 2 [X0X].
  See Note 5
7 –

MATHS FUNCTIONS FOR RESULT

0 **Result Register not Updated**
1 pH Meter (CH1 = Tbuff, CH2 = pH)
2 Result = CH1, Setpoint 2 = CH2
3 Result = CH1 + CH2
4 Result = CH1 - CH2
5 Result = CH1 x CH2/10 000
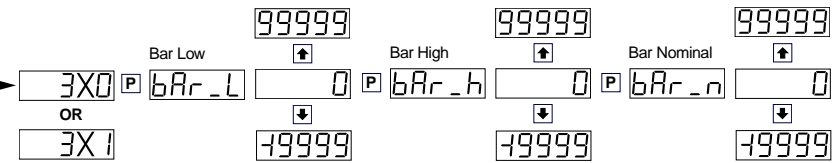6 Result = (CH1 x 20 000)/CH2
7 Result = CH1

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
CODE 8 – DATA LOGGING AND PRINT MODE OPTIONS		

CODE 8 – DATA LOGGING AND PRINT MODE OPTIONS

DATA LOG BUFFER TYPE

0 **No Data Logging**
1 Cyclic Buffer
2 Linear FIFO Buffer.
3 Reset Buffer Number to 0.

Note:
Setting Code 8 to [3XX] resets the data log buffer to 0. Once reset, Code 8 must be set back to the required data log buffer setting.

DATE & TIME STAMP OPTIONS

0 **Printer Format – No time stamp with print/log**
1 Printer Format – Time stamp format 1 [Mth-Day-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec] (with <CR><LF>)
2 Printer Format – Time stamp format 2 [Day-Mth-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec] (with <CR><LF>)
3 Printer Format – Time stamp format 3 [Hrs:Min:Sec] (with <CR><LF>)
4 Spreadsheet Format – No time stamp with print/log
5 Spreadsheet Format – Time stamp format 1 [Mth-Day-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec]
6 Spreadsheet Format – Time stamp format 2 [Day-Mth-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec]
7 Spreadsheet Format – Time stamp format 3 [Hrs:Min:Sec]

ALL ABOVE ARE REAL-TIME CLOCK OPTIONS

LOG OR PRINT TRIGGER

0 **No trigger**
1 Trigger on Demand from PROGRAM Button
2 Trigger on Demand from F1 Button
3 Trigger on Demand from F2 Button
4 Trigger on Demand from HOLD Pin
5 Trigger on Demand from LOCK Pin
6 -
7 -

Note:
Log and/or Print will only trigger if enabled.

CODE 9 – FUNCTIONS FOR DIGITAL INPUT PINS

DISPLAY TEST PIN

0 **Display test only**
1 Reset Counter Channel 1 and total 2 at Power-up
2 Reset Counters Channel 1, 2, 3, 4, Total 1, and Total 2 at Power-up
3 Reset Total 1, and Total 2 at Power-up

HOLD PIN

0 **Display Hold**
1 Reset Channel 1
2 Reset Total 1 and Total 2
3 Reset Total 2
4 Reset Peak, Valley
5 Clear Tare
6 Set Tare
7 Unlatch (de-energize) all Setpoints

LOCK PIN

0 **Key Lock**
1 Reset Channel 1
2 Reset Channel 2
3 Reset Channel 3
4 Reset Channel 4
5 Clear Tare
6 Reset Total 1
7 Unlatch (de-energize) all Setpoints

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CODE 10

Note:
Code 10 is only available with bar-graph versions of the meter.

Note:
Data source for the bargraph is set up in Code 1 [X51].

FIRST DIGIT
BARGRAPH DISPLAY SETTINGS

0 No Function

1 Disable Overrange Flashing

2 Set up Colors

3 Set up Bar Scaling

SECOND DIGIT
CODE 10 – BARGRAPH SETUP
BARGRAPH DISPLAY FORMAT

0 Setpoints on Bar
1 Peak, Valley on Bar
2 -
3 -
4 Min/Max with setpoints (low end of bar = VALLEY, high end of bar = PEAK)
5 -
6 -
7 Bar Only (no setpoints on the bar)

THIRD DIGIT
BARGRAPH TYPE

0 Linear
1 Via linearization Table 1

2 –

3 Log – 10 Bar/Decade
4 Log – 20 Bar/Decade
5 Log – 25 Bar/Decade
6 Log – 33 Bar/Decade
7 Log – 50 Bar/Decade

Set Up Scaling for Linear Bargraph

```
        99999              99999              99999
      Bar Low            Bar High           Bar Nominal
  3X0 P bAr_L    0    P bAr_h    0    P bAr_n    0
  OR
  3X1        -19999             -19999             -19999
```

Bar Nominal

Bar Nominal sets the point on the bargraph at which the bar begins to light up. This can be any position between and including the bar low and bar high settings.

If bar nominal is set to the **bar low** setting, the bargraph behaves like a typical bargraph making the segments light up from the **bottom** of the bar and grow towards the top.

If bar nominal is set to the **bar high** setting, this makes all segments from the displayed signal to the **top** of the bar light up. As the signal increases, the number of lit segments between the signal and the bar high setting becomes steadily less. When the signal reaches the bar high setting no segments are lit.

Setting bar nominal to the midpoint between bar low and bar high makes the bargraph behave like a typical center zero bargraph. This means the bargraph lights up at the center of the bar and moves either up or down the bar depending on the displayed signal.

For example, if the meter's full scale range is 20,000 counts, the midpoint is 10,000 counts. If a signal of 10,000 counts is applied, only one segment at the 10,000 count mark lights up. If a signal of 17,000 counts is applied, the segments between the center segment (10,000 counts) and the 17,000 count mark light up.

If a signal of 5000 counts is applied, the segments between the center segment (10,000 counts) and the 5000 count mark light up.

An added feature of this bargraph is that it can also be non-symetrical. This means that the bar nominal setting does not need to be set at the mid-point between bar low and bar high. For example, if the bargraph is configured to display –200 to 800 °C, bar low is set to –200 counts and bar high is set to 800 counts. Bar nominal is set to 0 counts. If a signal of –50 °C is applied, the bar lights from 0 down to –50. If a signal of 600 °C is applied, the bar lights from 0 up to 600.

Set Up Bargraph Colors

```
  2XX P CoLr1
      P CoLr2
      P CoLr3
      P CoLr4
      P CoLr5
      P CoLr6
      P CoLr7
```

```
  oFF
  rEd
  OrnGE
  GrEEn
  oFF
  OrnGE
  GrEEn
  OrnGE
  oFF
```

Pressing the ↑↓ buttons at the same time returns to [oFF]
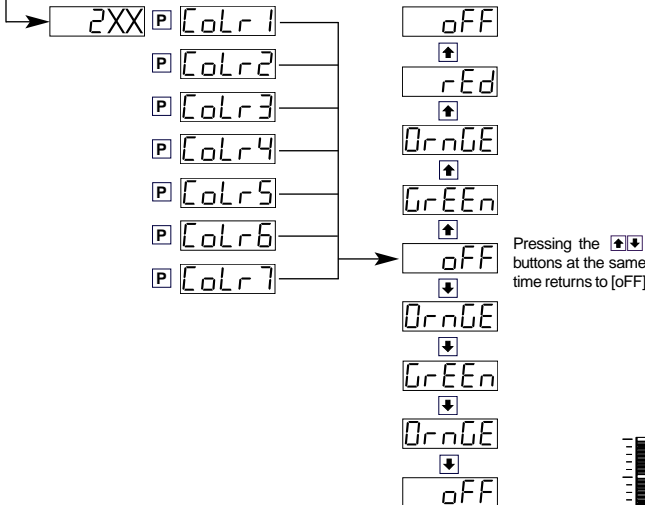
The bargraph colors are not applied to specific setpoints. They are applied to whichever setpoint is configured at the lowest setting and then to each next highest setpoint in turn.

If all six setpoints are used the colors are set as follows:

Color 1	Color BELOW lowest setpoint
	This is the bargraph color before it reaches a setpoint.
Color 2	Color ABOVE lowest setpoint
Color 3	Color ABOVE next highest setpoint
Color 4	Color ABOVE next highest setpoint
Color 5	Color ABOVE next highest setpoint
Color 6	Color ABOVE next highest setpoint
Color 7	Color ABOVE highest setpoint

Set Up Scaling for Logirithmic Bargraph

```
        99999              100
      Reference          Bar Nominal
  3X3 P rEF    1    P bAr_n    0
  OR
  3X4        -19999
  OR
  3X5
  OR
  3X6
  OR
  3X7
```
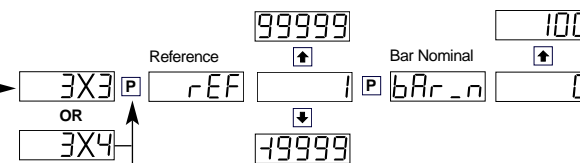
Reference. This is the number of counts displayed for a 0 dB reference.

Bar Nominal. See Bar Nominal description above.

Logirithmic Bargraph Scaling

In all logirithmic scales a reference level is required that is the level at 0 dB.

For example, in an RF measurement 0 dBm is at a reference of 1 mW.

The scale is calculated from:

$$10 \log_{10} \frac{\text{counts (input)}}{\text{reference}}$$

If the meter is scaled so that:

1 mW = 100 counts and 1 W = 100,000 counts

Then the reference for 0 dBm would be set to 100 counts:

$$10 \log_{10} \frac{\text{(input)}}{100} = 0 \text{ dBm}$$

Now every 10 dBm represents a decade, the bargraph can be scaled to a different amount of bars per decade (as set in the 3rd digit).

See Example of Bars per Decade diagram opposite.

Decade (Counts)	dBm
1	−20
10	−10
100	0
1000	10
10,000	20
100,000	30
1,000,000	40

Example of Bars per Decade

10 Bars/Decade 20 Bars/Decade 25 Bars/Decade 33 Bars/Decade 50 Bars/Decade

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SETPOINT PROGRAMMING MODE – SPC_1 to SPC_6

Setpoint Setup Sequence

► Follow These Steps ◄

The following procedures are written for SP1, all other setpoints are configured in a similar manner.

1) Press the P and ⬇ buttons at the same time. This enters the setpoint programming mode. The display toggles between [SP_1] and [18000].

    This is SP1 of the **Setpoint Activation Values Mode**. Use the ⬆ and ⬇ buttons to set SP1 or the P button to move to the required setpoint.

2) After all required setpoint **activation values** have been set, press the P button until [SPC_1] appears. This is the **Setpoint & Relay Control Settings Mode**.

    SPC_1 is the **setpoint and relay control settings** programming menu for SP1. Set the three digits according to the codes in the *Setpoint and Relay Control Function Settings* opposite in the following order:

    Third Digit – Setpoint Delay Mode

    Set to [XX5] and program the hysteresis, deviation, or PID functions as required for SP1.

    Reset back to [XX0].

    Third Digit – Setpoint Timer Mode

    Set to [XX6] and program the timer mode functions as required for SP1.

    Reset back to [XX0].

    Third Digit – Setpoint Reset & Trigger Functions

    Set to [XX7] and program the reset and trigger functions as required for SP1.

    Reset back to [XX0].

    Second Digit – Setpoint Activation Source Mode

    Set to [X1X] to select the setpoint activation source for SP1 from any channel or selected register shown above. Reset back to [X0X].

    If the SP source is from an external digital input, set to one of either [X2X] to [X7X] to select the setpoint activation source from one of six digital inputs (2 to 7). *See *Note at 2nd digit.*

    First Digit – Relay Energize Mode

    Select the relay energize mode for SP1 from 0 to 3.

    Third Digit – Relay Latching & Manual Reset Functions

    Program the third digit setpoint relay latching and manual reset functions between 0 to 4 as required.

3) Press the P button to move to move to [SPC_2].

4) Repeat Step 2 for all required setpoints.

FIRST DIGIT

SETPOINT AND RELAY CONTROL FUNCTION SETTINGS

Relay Energize Function

0 Energizes ABOVE setpoint value

HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value plus hysteresis counts. De-energizes BELOW setpoint value minus hysteresis counts.

Note:
If hysteresis set with ZERO counts, relay energizes AT OR ABOVE the setpoint value.

DEVIATION selected – relay energizes INSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts). De-energizes OUTSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts).
PID selected – controls ABOVE setpoint value.

1 Energizes BELOW setpoint value

HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes BELOW setpoint value minus hysteresis counts. De-energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value plus hysteresis counts.

Note:
If hysteresis set with ZERO counts, relay energizes BELOW the setpoint value.

DEVIATION selected – relay energized OUTSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts). De-energized INSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts).
PID selected – controls BELOW setpoint value.

2 Energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT

HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value plus hysteresis counts with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. De-energizes BELOW setpoint value minus hysteresis counts with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT.

Note:
If hysteresis set with ZERO counts, relay energizes AT OR ABOVE the setpoint value.

DEVIATION selected – relay energizes INSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts) with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. De-energizes OUTSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts) with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT.
PID selected – controls ABOVE setpoint value.

3 Energizes BELOW setpoint value with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT

HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes BELOW setpoint value plus hysteresis counts with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. De-energizes BELOW setpoint value minus hysteresis counts with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT.

Note:
If hysteresis set with ZERO counts, relay energizes BELOW the setpoint value.

DEVIATION selected – relay energizes OUTSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts) with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. De-energizes INSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts) with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT.
PID selected – controls BELOW setpoint value.

SECOND DIGIT

SP Activation Source

0 Activate Setpoint Source from Selected Register

1 Select Source for Setpoint

Note:
[X1X] is a register selection procedure only. To finish, reset to [X0X] to activate the selection, or reset to 2-7 as required for digital input selection.

2 Digital Input – Capture Pin
3 Digital Input – D1 (selected input modules)
4 Digital Input – D2 (selected input modules)
5 Digital Input – D3 (selected input modules)
6 HOLD Pin
7 LOCK Pin

*Note:
If the setpoint source is set to [oFF] or a digital input, the setpoint activation value will have no effect and will not be displayed.

THIRD DIGIT

SP Functions

0 No Latching
1 Relay Latched
2 Manual Relay Reset
3 Relay Latched and Manual Relay Reset
4 Relay Latched Off

5 Hysteresis, Deviation & PID Mode (includes SP Tracking)　　→ Go to Page 10

6 Timer Modes:
  • OFF.
  • Normal Delay.
  • Repeat ON.
  • Pulse ON.
  • 1-Shot ON.
  • Repeat OFF.
  • Pulse OFF.
  • 1-Shot OFF.　　→ Go to Page 10

Note:
In PID Mode, all Timer Modes on SP1 set in [XX6} are not functional.　　→ Go to Page 11

7 Advanced Functions Mode:
  • OFF.
  • Reset Trigger.
  • Reset Destination.
  • Reset Mode.
  • Reset Constant.
  • Trigger Print from SP.
  • Trigger Log from SP.

Note:
[XX5], [XX6], and [XX7] are set up procedures only. To finish, reset to 0-4 as required for setpoint latching and relay reset modes.

Select Source for Setpoint Functions

P [Sour C]　　[oFF]　　[1 to 244]

Use the ⬆⬇ buttons to cycle through the menu

Use the ⬆⬇ buttons to select register as data source for setpoint

⬆⬇ [diSP]　　　⬆⬇ [tArE]
⬆⬇ [rESLt]　　　⬆⬇ [VALEY]
⬆⬇ [Ch1]　　　⬆⬇ [PEAK]
⬆⬇ [Ch2]　⬆⬇ [Ch3]　⬆⬇ [Ch4]　⬆⬇ [tot_1]　⬆⬇ [tot_2]

Set Up Hysteresis, Deviation & PID Mode Settings

From Page 8, third digit [XX5]

`P` `ModE` `oFF`

`hYSt` `P` `hYSt` `0`   `P` `FLASH` `oFF` `P` `trACK` `oFF` ↑ `I` `P` `XX5` ↓ `XX0`

Select Flash Setting OFF or ON
Select Tracking Setting
Reset SPC_X to XX0
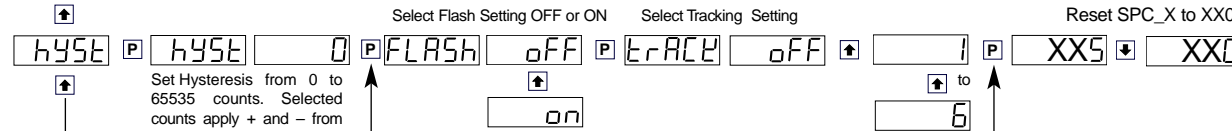
Set Hysteresis from 0 to 65535 counts. Selected counts apply + and − from setpoint value

`on`

↑ to

`6`

`dEUtn` `P` `PASSb` `0`

Set Deviation from 1 to 65535 counts. Selected counts apply + and − from setpoint value

OFF= Tracking Off
1 = SPX tracks SP1
2 = SPX tracks SP2
3 = SPX tracks SP3
4 = SPX tracks SP4
5 = SPX tracks SP5
6 = SPX tracks SP6

Programming Tip

If you do not require any of the functions in this mode, ensure it is set to:

`ModE` `oFF`

Note:
If minimum cycle time is set to 0, the relevant relay is disabled. PID functions still operate

Note:
If PID is selected in [XX5], the Timer Delay [XX6] and Reset and Trigger Functions [XX7] revert to [ModE][oFF] and cannot be adjusted.

PID FROM SETPOINT 1 AND 2 ONLY

`Pid` `P` `SPAn` `0` `P` `Pb` `0.0` `P` `int` `0.0` `P` `dEr` `0.0` `P` `Ar` `0.1` `P` `CYC_t` `1.0` `P` `trACK` `oFF` ↑ `I`

Set the Span
Set the Proportional Band Value
Set the Integral Value
Set the Derivative Value
Set the Anti-reset Wind-up % PB
Set the Minimum Cycle Time
Select Tracking Setting

MIN 0 | MIN 0% | MIN 0 | MIN 0 | MIN 0.1% | MIN 0 secs
MAX 99999 | MAX 999.9% | MAX 6553.5 | MAX 999.9 | MAX 100.0% | MAX 1000.0 secs

↑ to

`6`

Set to 0 for PID 4-20 mA
Set to MINIMUM 0.5 for SSR
Set to 20 secs for Relays
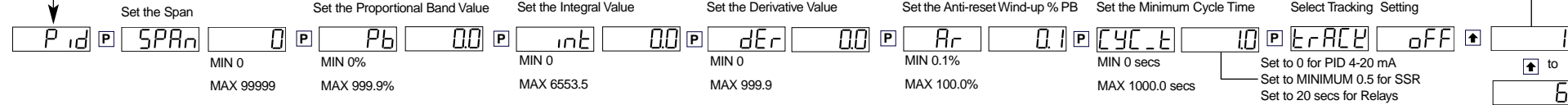
Programming Tip

If you do not require any of the functions in this mode, ensure it is set to:

`timr` `oFF`

From Page 8, third digit [XX6]

`XX6` `P` `timr` `oFF`

Reset SPC_X to XX0

Normal Mode
Single Actuation

`norM` `P` → `doM` `0.0` `P` `dob` `0.0` `P` `XX6` ↓ `XX0`

Delay-on-make time (DOM) 0.1 to 6553.5 secs
Delay-on-break (DOB) time 0.1 to 6553.5 secs

1-Shot ON Mode
Single Actuation

`1Shot` `P` → `doM` `0.0` `P` `M_on` `0.0` `P` `XX6`

DOM 0.1 to 6553.5 secs
Minimum on-time (M_on) 0.1 to 6553.5 secs

Normally OFF/Pulsed ON Modes

These are time control modes were the relay is **normally OFF (de-energizes)** and **pulses ON (energizes)** when the setpoint activates.

Pulse ON Mode
Single Actuation

`PuLSE` `P` `rES` `0.1` `P` `doM` `0.0` `P` `on_t` `0.0` `P` `XX6`

Resolution setting applies to SP1/SP2 ONLY `0.001`

DOM 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs
On-time (on_t) 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs

Repeat ON Mode
Multiple Actuation

`rEPt` `P` `rES` `0.1` `P` `oFF_t` `0.0` `P` `on_t` `0.0` `P` `XX6`

Resolution setting applies to SP1/SP2 ONLY `0.001`

Off-time (oFF_t) 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs
On-time (on_t) 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs

1-Shot OFF Mode
Single Actuation

`- 1Sht` `P` → `M_oF` `0.0` `P` `dob` `0.0` `P` `XX6`

Minimum off-time (M_oF) 0.1 to 6553.5 secs
DOB 0.1 to 6553.5 secs

Normally ON/Pulsed OFF Modes

These are time control modes were the relay is **normally ON (energizes)** and **pulses OFF (de-energizes)** when the setpoint activates.

Pulse OFF Mode
Single Actuation

`-PuLS` `P` `rES` `0.1` `P` `oFF_t` `0.0` `P` `dob` `0.0` `P` `XX6`

Resolution setting applies to SP1/SP2 ONLY `0.001`

Off-time (oFF_t) 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs
DOB 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs

Repeat OFF Mode
Multiple Actuation

`-rEPt` `P` `rES` `0.1` `P` `oFF_t` `0.0` `P` `on_t` `0.0` `P` `XX6`

Resolution setting applies to SP1/SP2 ONLY `0.001`

Off-time (oFF_t) 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs
On_t 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs
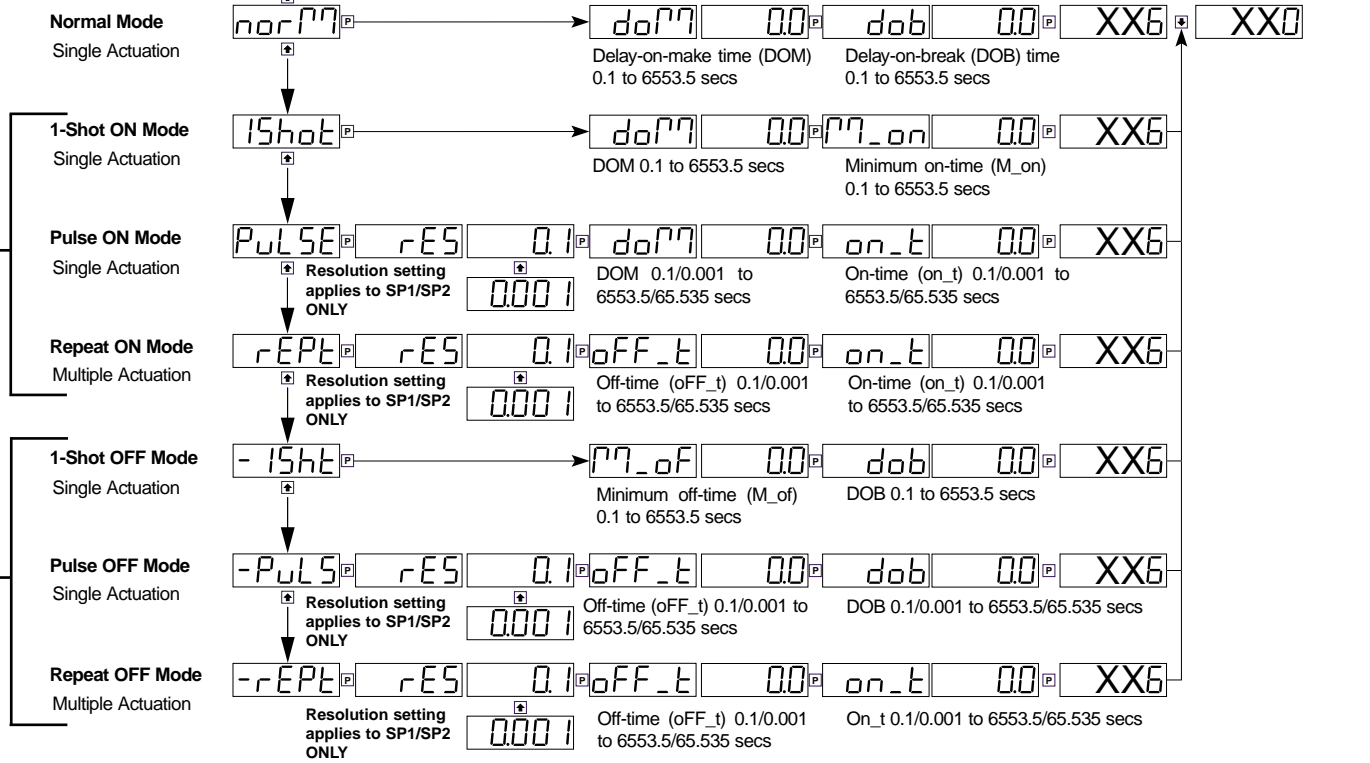
Advanced Functions Mode – Set Up Register Reset and Setpoint Trigger Functions

Programming Tip

If you do not require any of the functions in this mode, ensure it is set to:

`tr iG    oFF`

Programming Tip

This mode can not be accessed if SPC_1 or SPC_2 is in the PID mode.

From Page 8, third digit [XX7] `XX7` [P] `tr iG    oFF`

Select Reset Trigger

Selecting [oFF] in the Destination Register Reset Setup takes you to Setpoint Print Trigger Setup

`MAtE` [P] `dESt    oFF`

Select Reset Destination Register

Select Print Triggered by Setpoint   [P] `Print    oFF`

Select Log Triggered by Setpoint   [P] `LoG    oFF`   [P] `XX7` [↓] `XX0`

Reset SPC to XX0

[↑][↓]

[brEAK]

[↑][↓]

[both]

[↑][↓]

[LEVEL]

[↑][↓]

[diSP]

[↑][↓]

[rESLt]

[↑][↓]   Use the [↑][↓] buttons to cycle through the menu

[Ch1]

[↑][↓]

[Ch2]

[↑][↓]

[Ch3]

[↑][↓]

[Ch4]

[↑][↓]

[tot_1]

[↑][↓]

[tot_2]

[↑][↓]

[PEAK]

[↑][↓]

[VALEY]

[↑][↓]

[tArE]

[↑][↓]

[1 to 244]   Use the [↑][↓] buttons to select a register as the data source for the setpoint (1 to 244)

`on`

`on`

Reset Destination Mode

The reset destination mode allows you to select a register to be reset using the contents of another register triggered by a setpoint. See diagram below.

Reset Trigger

Select the reset trigger from 1 of 4 relay operating modes.

Reset Destination Register

Select the register to be reset from the commonly used register set 1 to 244.

Reset Mode

1. Select [rEG].
2. Contents of selected register copied into reset destination register.

Selecting any destination register takes you to Mode Reset

Select Reset Mode   [P] `ModE  ConSt`

Select Reset Constant   [P] `rES_C        0`

[↓] Sets from 0 to –19999

[↑] Sets from 0 to 99999

[↑][↓]

[i-S+C]

[↑][↓]

[d+C]   Use the [↑][↓] buttons to cycle through the menu

[rEG]

Select [rEG] to access the source parameter to select the number of the Modbus register in the meter to be copied to the reset destination register

[P] `SourC    diSP`

Use the [↑][↓] buttons to cycle through the menu

[↑][↓]

[rESLt]

[↑][↓]

[Ch1]

[↑][↓]

[Ch2]

[↑][↓]

[Ch3] [↑][↓] [Ch4] [↑][↓] [tot_1] [↑][↓] [tot_2] [↑][↓] [PEAK]

[oFF]

[↑][↓]

[1 to 244]   Use the [↑][↓] buttons to select a register as the data source for the setpoint (1 to 244)

[↑][↓]

[tArE]

[↑][↓]

[VALEY]

[↑][↓]

[PEAK]

SP1 to SP6

Reset Trigger
Select reset trigger from 1 of 4 relay operating edges

Reset Destination Register
Select register to be reset

Reset Mode
Select [Reg] in reset mode

Copy contents of selected register

Contents of register copied into reset destination register

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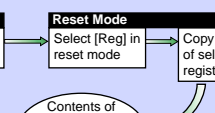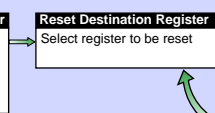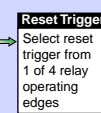
Customer Code Settings – Main Programming Mode

CALIBRATION MODE [CAL]

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	SUB-SETTINGS

ON DEMAND FUNCTIONS

RESULT

			010
			020 SPAN　　INPUT
			030 ZERO　INPUT　SPAN　INPUT
			040 CHANNEL
			050 CHANNEL

CH1

			011
			021 SPAN　　INPUT
			031 ZERO　INPUT　SPAN　INPUT
			041 CHANNEL
			051 CHANNEL

CH2

			012
			022 SPAN　　INPUT
			032 ZERO　INPUT　SPAN　INPUT
			042 CHANNEL
			052 CHANNEL

CH3

			013
			023 SPAN　　INPUT
			033 ZERO　INPUT　SPAN　INPUT
			043 CHANNEL
			053 CHANNEL

CH4

			014
			024 SPAN　　INPUT
			034 ZERO　INPUT　SPAN　INPUT
			044 CHANNEL
			054 CHANNEL

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	SUB-SETTINGS

CALIBRATION PROCEDURES

Manual Calibration

			100 OFFSET　SCALE
			101 OFFSET　SCALE
			102 OFFSET　SCALE
			103 OFFSET　SCALE
			104 OFFSET　SCALE

Two-point Calibration

			110 ZERO　INPUT　SPAN　INPUT
			111 ZERO　INPUT　SPAN　INPUT
			112 ZERO　INPUT　SPAN　INPUT
			113 ZERO　INPUT　SPAN　INPUT
			114 ZERO　INPUT　SPAN　INPUT

Calibrate Thermocouple

			121 ZERO　INPUT 32°F　SPAN　INPUT 2500°F
			122 ZERO　INPUT 32°F　SPAN　INPUT 2500°F
			123 ZERO　INPUT 32°F　SPAN　INPUT 2500°F

Calibrate Analog Output

			151 CAL LOW　OUTPUT　CAL HIGH　OUTPUT
			152 CAL LOW　OUTPUT　CAL HIGH　OUTPUT

CALIBRATION MODE [CAL] Continued

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	SUB-SETTINGS

RELATED CALIBRATION FUNCTIONS

Serial Output

☐	☐	☐	200	BAUD	PARITY	ADDRESS	TIME DELAY
☐	☐	☐	201	BAUD	PARITY	ADDRESS	TIME DELAY
☐	☐	☐	202	BAUD	PARITY	ADDRESS	TIME DELAY
☐	☐	☐	203	BAUD	PARITY	ADDRESS	TIME DELAY
☐	☐	☐	204	BAUD	PARITY	ADDRESS	TIME DELAY

Auto Zero Maintenance

☐	☐	☐	210	AZ CAPTURE	AZ MOTION	AZ APERTURE
☐	☐	☐	211	AZ CAPTURE	AZ MOTION	AZ APERTURE
☐	☐	☐	212	AZ CAPTURE	AZ MOTION	AZ APERTURE
☐	☐	☐	213	AZ CAPTURE	AZ MOTION	AZ APERTURE
☐	☐	☐	214	AZ CAPTURE	AZ MOTION	AZ APERTURE

Averaging Samples & Averaging Window

☐	☐	☐	220	AVERAGE SAMPLES	AVERAGE WINDOW
☐	☐	☐	221	AVERAGE SAMPLES	AVERAGE WINDOW
☐	☐	☐	222	AVERAGE SAMPLES	AVERAGE WINDOW
☐	☐	☐	223	AVERAGE SAMPLES	AVERAGE WINDOW
☐	☐	☐	224	AVERAGE SAMPLES	AVERAGE WINDOW

K Factor & Totalizer Cutoff

☐	☐	☐	231	SCALE FACTOR	CUTOFF
☐	☐	☐	232	SCALE FACTOR	CUTOFF

32-point Linearization Tables

☐	☐	☐	240	MODE
☐	☐	☐	241	MODE
☐	☐	☐	242	MODE
☐	☐	☐	243	MODE
☐	☐	☐	244	MODE

Scale Analog Output

☐	☐	☐	251	ZERO	FULL SCALE
☐	☐	☐	252	ZERO	FULL SCALE

CODE 1

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	SUB-SETTINGS	
☐	☐	☐		
☐	☐	☐	X50	SOURCE
☐	☐	☐	X51	SOURCE
☐	☐	☐	X52	SOURCE
☐	☐	☐	X53	SOURCE
☐	☐	☐	X54	SOURCE
☐	☐	☐	X55	SOURCE
☐	☐	☐	X56	SOURCE
☐	☐	☐	X57	SOURCE
☐	☐	☐	X60	DISPLAY
☐	☐	☐	X61	DISPLAY
☐	☐	☐	X62	DISPLAY
☐	☐	☐	X63	DISPLAY
☐	☐	☐	X64	DISPLAY
☐	☐	☐	X65	DISPLAY
☐	☐	☐	X66	DISPLAY
☐	☐	☐	X67	DISPLAY
☐	☐	☐	X70	CHARACTER
☐	☐	☐	X71	CHARACTER
☐	☐	☐	X72	CHARACTER
☐	☐	☐	X73	CHARACTER
☐	☐	☐	X74	CHARACTER
☐	☐	☐	X75	CHARACTER
☐	☐	☐	X76	CHARACTER
☐	☐	☐	X77	CHARACTER

CODE 2

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	PRESCALER
☐	☐	☐	

CODE 3

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
☐	☐	☐

CODE 4

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	PRESCALER
☐	☐	☐	

CODE 5

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	SMART INPUT MODULE SETTINGS
☐	☐	☐	

CODE 6

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	SMART INPUT MODULE SETTINGS
☐	☐	☐	

CODE 7

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
☐	☐	☐

CODE 8

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
☐	☐	☐

CODE 9

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
☐	☐	☐

CODE 10

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
☐	☐	☐

BARGRAPH COLORS

2XX	COLOR 1	
	COLOR 2	
	COLOR 3	
	COLOR 4	
	COLOR 5	
	COLOR 6	
	COLOR 7	

SCALING FOR LINEAR BARGRAPH

3X0	BAR LOW		BAR HIGH		BAR NOMINAL	
3X1	BAR LOW		BAR HIGH		BAR NOMINAL	

SCALING FOR LOGIRITHMIC BARGRAPH

3X3	REFERENCE		BAR NOMINAL	
3X4	REFERENCE		BAR NOMINAL	
3X5	REFERENCE		BAR NOMINAL	
3X6	REFERENCE		BAR NOMINAL	
3X7	REFERENCE		BAR NOMINAL	

Customer Code Settings – Setpoint Programming Mode

SP ACTIVATION VALUES

SETPOINT & RELAY CONTROL SETTINGS MODE SPC_1 TO SPC_6

SETPOINT	VALUE
SP1	
SP2	
SP3	
SP4	
SP5	
SP6	

SELECT DATA SOURCE

SPC_1	_ 1 _
SPC_2	_ 1 _
SPC_3	_ 1 _
SPC_4	_ 1 _
SPC_5	_ 1 _
SPC_6	_ 1 _

DELAY MODE SETTINGS

SPC_1	_ _ 5	HYSTERESIS	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	DEVIATION	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING
SPC_2	_ _ 5	HYSTERESIS	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	DEVIATION	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING
SPC_3	_ _ 5	HYSTERESIS	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	DEVIATION	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING
SPC_4	_ _ 5	HYSTERESIS	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	DEVIATION	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING
SPC_5	_ _ 5	HYSTERESIS	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	DEVIATION	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING
SPC_6	_ _ 5	HYSTERESIS	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	DEVIATION	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING

SETPOINT FINAL SETTINGS

	1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
SPC_1			
SPC_2			
SPC_3			
SPC_4			
SPC_5			
SPC_6			

PID CONTROL SETTINGS

SPC_1	_ _ 5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING
SPC_2	_ _ 5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING
SPC_3	_ _ 5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING
SPC_4	_ _ 5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING
SPC_5	_ _ 5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING
SPC_6	_ _ 5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING

TIMER MODE SETTINGS

SPC SETTING		NORMAL	NORMALLY OFF / PULSED ON MODES						NORMALLY ON / PULSED OFF MODES				
			REPEAT ON		PULSE ON		1-SHOT ON	1-SHOT OFF	PULSE OFF			REPEAT OFF	
SPC_1	_ _ 6	DOM	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	DOM	DOM	M OFF	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	OFF T	
		DOB		ON T		ON_T	M ON	DOB		DOB		ON T	
SPC_2	_ _ 6	DOM	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	DOM	DOM	M OFF	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	OFF T	
		DOB		ON T		ON T	M ON	DOB		DOB		ON T	
SPC_3	_ _ 6	DOM	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	DOM	DOM	M OFF	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	OFF T	
		DOB		ON T		ON T	M ON	DOB		DOB		ON T	
SPC_4	_ _ 6	DOM	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	DOM	DOM	M OFF	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	OFF T	
		DOB		ON T		ON T	M ON	DOB		DOB		ON T	
SPC_5	_ _ 6	DOM	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	DOM	DOM	M OFF	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	OFF T	
		DOB		ON T		ON T	M ON	DOB		DOB		ON T	
SPC_6	_ _ 6	DOM	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	DOM	DOM	M OFF	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	OFF T	
		DOB		ON T		ON T	M ON	DOB		DOB		ON T	

REGISTER RESET & TRIGGER FUNCTIONS SETTINGS

SPC_1	_ _ 7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]
SPC_2	_ _ 7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]
SPC_3	_ _ 7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]
SPC_4	_ _ 7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]
SPC_5	_ _ 7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]
SPC_6	_ _ 7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]

Commonly Used Registers

Commonly Used Registers

Registers 1 to 244 can be used to select the source or reset destination in the following modes using the front panel buttons:

- **Code 1 [X50]**. Select data source for the primary display.

- **Setpoint Control Settings [X1X]**. Select data source for the selected setpoint.

- **Setpoint Control Settings [XX7]**. Select reset destination register for the selected setpoint.

- **Setpoint Control Settings [XX7]**. Select register to access source parameters to be copied to the reset destination register.

The table **Commonly Used Registers 1 to 244** lists the most commonly used registers available for front panel programming from register set 1 to 244. The list shows five columns where the register is commonly used as the source or reset destination in a function.

Where a register is commonly used as the source or reset destination, a double arrow ▶▶ is shown in the column. Where a register is not so commonly used, but could be used for this purpose, a single arrow ▶ is shown.

The first 11 registers shown in the table have no register number. This is because they are displayed in the select data source or reset destination modes using their register name and can be directly selected.

Registers That Should Not be Selected

The following registers are part of the 1 to 244 register set, but should not be selected for the reasons stated:

38 . . . . Reserved for future development.

47-48 . . . . .Reserved for future development.

52-53 . . . . .Reserved for Texmate use only.

61-64 . . . . .Reserved for future development.

123-128 . . . . .Reserved for future development.

140-141 . . . . .Reserved for future development.

234-244 . . . . .Reserved for future development.

Commonly Used Registers 1 to 244											
Register Name	Register Number	Display Source	Setpoint Source	Reset Source	Reset Destination	Totalizer Source	Register Name	Register Number	Display Source	Setpoint Source	Reset Source	Reset Destination	Totalizer Source
Display	-		▶▶			▶▶	Variable 4	88	▶	▶	▶	▶	
Result	-	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	Variable 5	89	▶	▶	▶	▶	
CH1	-	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	Variable 6	90	▶	▶	▶	▶	
CH2	-	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	Variable 7	91	▶	▶	▶	▶	
CH3	-	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	Variable 8	92	▶	▶	▶	▶	
CH4	-	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	Variable 9	93	▶	▶	▶	▶	
Total 1	-	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶		Variable 10	94	▶	▶	▶	▶	
Total 2	-	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶	▶▶		Timer 1	95	▶	▶	▶	▶	
Peak	-	▶	▶▶	▶	▶▶		Timer 2	96	▶	▶	▶	▶	
Valley	-	▶	▶▶	▶	▶▶		Smart Reset Offset 1	121				▶▶	
Tare	-	▶	▶	▶	▶▶		Smart Reset Offset 1	122				▶▶	
PID Output 1	50	▶	▶				Clock – Seconds	213		▶			
PID Output 2	51	▶	▶				Clock – Minutes	214		▶			
Smart Result 1	54				▶		Clock – Hours	215		▶			
Smart Result 2	55				▶		Clock – Days	216		▶			
Smart Result 3	56				▶		Clock – Date	217		▶			
Smart Result 4	57				▶		Clock – Month	218		▶			
Smart Result 5	58				▶		Clock – Year	219		▶			
Smart Result 6	59				▶		Setpoint Latch	221				▶▶	
Smart Result 7	60				▶		Relay De-energize	222				▶▶	
Analog Output 1	83	▶	▶	▶	▶		Auto Zero Offset – Result	227		▶			
Analog Output 2	84	▶	▶	▶	▶		Auto Zero Offset – CH1	228		▶			
Variable 1	85	▶	▶	▶	▶		Auto Zero Offset – CH2	229		▶			
Variable 2	86	▶	▶	▶	▶		Auto Zero Offset – CH3	230		▶			
Variable 3	87	▶	▶	▶	▶		Auto Zero Offset – CH4	231		▶			

Note:
3-digit programming codes are specified within square brackets [XXX]. If an X appears in the description of a 3-digit programming code or in a configuration procedure, this means that more than one choice can be made, or any number displayed in that digit is not relevant to the function being explained.

User Notes

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