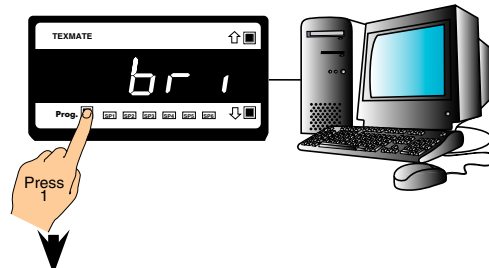


Tiger 320 Series PROGRAMMING CODE SHEET

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Front panel programming

This programming code sheet (PCS) is a quick reference document that allows you to quickly view the meter's programming codes.

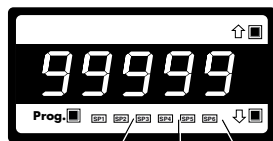
When you become familiar with the meter and the programming code structure, the PCS can be used in place of the user manual.



Note:

All displays shown in this code sheet are for a 5-digit, 7-segment display. 6 or 8-digit and alphanumeric displays will be slightly different.

To configure the meter's programming codes, the meter uses the three right-hand side display digits. These are known as the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digits and can be seen in the diagram opposite.



Operational Display

1st Digit 2nd Digit 3rd Digit

The logic diagram on Page 4 shows the code structure of the Tiger 320 Series meter range. Also, the difference between the E and T version of the Tiger range is described. The diagrams on the following pages show the three-digit settings available for each code.

Programming via PC

Meter configuration utility program

With a serial output module installed, the meter can be fully configured through the **meter configuration utility program**. In addition to all application function settings, the configuration program also provides access to added features such as:

- Code blanking.
- Display text editing.
- Configuration data copying.
- Downloading macros to the meter.

Code blanking

Code blanking blanks out all function codes not required by the application. This means that specific procedures such as recalibration and setpoint reprogramming can be achieved in a few simple steps from the front panel buttons.

- To turn code blanking and macro settings OFF, carry out the **Code Blanking and Macro Check** on Page 3.

Display text editing

This function allows displayed text, such as setpoint titles, to be edited to suit your applications.

For example, a setpoint could be edited to read [TNK_Lo] for tank level low, or [brKoF] for brake off.

Configuration data copying

This function allows the current meter configuration settings to be copied and saved for later referral or for restoration.

Macros

Textmate has a growing library of macros to suit a wide range of standard customer applications. Macros can be installed in the meter, via the compiler or configuration program, and run automatically when the meter is powered up.

Tamper-proof settings

All Tiger 320 Series meters have tamper-proof lockout switches to prevent users' configuration settings from being inadvertently changed.

Code blanking is also used (via the PC) to blank out codes not used, making them operator tamper-proof, but leaving selected codes open for operator adjustment.



Note:

1. Use the **[P]** button to step through the codes of the Main or Setpoint Programming Mode.
2. To save a Main Programming Mode code setting and return directly to the operational display, press the **[P]** button and then the **[P]** buttons **[F]** and **[F]** at the same time.
2. To save a Setpoint Programming Mode code setting and return directly to the operational display, press the **[P]** button and then the **[P]** buttons **[F]** and **[F]** at the same time.
4. When configuring the three-digit code and setpoint settings, pressing the **[F]** and **[F]** buttons at the same time increases the display parameter in increments of 100 counts.

TEXMATE INC

Initial Setup Procedures

Before configuring the meter, carry out the following meter configuration checks:

- Model and software code version check.
- Code blanking and macro check.

After powering-up the meter, check the model and software code version number and note this below.

Model No:.....
Software Version No:.....
Customer ID:.....
Macro ID:.....

Model and Software Code Version Check

The meter model and software code version number can be checked at any time while in the operational display using the following procedure.



Programming Tip

The *Model and Software Code Version* checking procedure can be performed at any time without interfering with other configuration settings.

START HERE

MODEL & SOFTWARE CODE VERSION CHECK

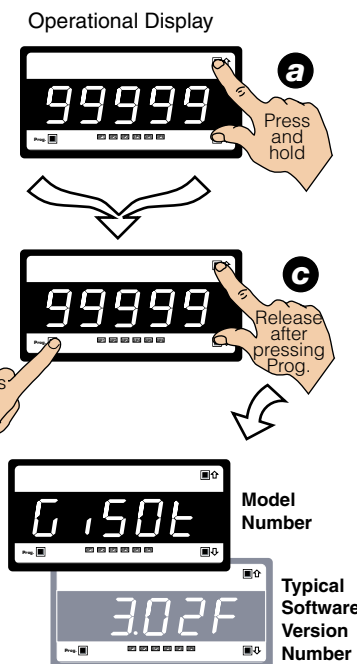
Step 1

Press and hold the and buttons

Step 2

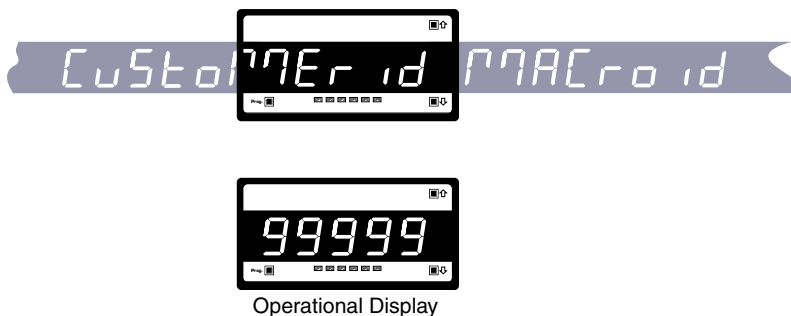
While holding both buttons, press the Prog. button then release all three buttons

Example



Step 3

The above displays toggles three times before returning to the operational display



Code Blanking and Macro Check

Tiger 320 Series meters have the ability to hide (blank out) all or some programming codes, making them tamper-proof. This can only be done using the Meter Configuration Utility program.

With code blanking turned ON, all main and setpoint codes that have been blanked out during factory programming are hidden, preventing them from being reprogrammed. Any codes that have not been blanked out are still visible and can be reprogrammed.

Turning code blanking OFF means all meter programming codes are visible when you enter the programming modes and can be reprogrammed.

A macro is a set of commands that run automatically when the meter is powered up. Texmate has a growing library of macros to suit a wide range of standard customer applications.

Macros can be installed in the meter at the factory during initial programming or by the customer at some later date. Macros are written and compiled using the Tiger Development System (TDS) compiler program, and loaded into the meter using either the compiler program or the configuration program.

Turning the macro OFF means that the meter will not perform the automatic commands pre-programmed to run with the macro.

Unless requested to blank out all or some programming codes and/or run a macro, Texmate programs the meter in the code blanking OFF and macro ON (default) setting.

To turn the code blanking and macro settings from ON to OFF carry out the following procedure:

CODE BLANKING & MACRO CHECK PROCEDURE

START HERE

Step 1

Press and hold the and buttons

Step 2

While holding both buttons, press the Prog. button.

Step 3

Release the and buttons and hold the Prog. button for approx. 1 sec then release

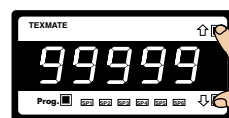
Example

NOTE: Unless otherwise requested, the factory default setting is OFF

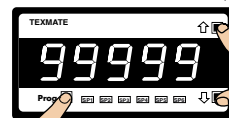
Step 4

Press the button to switch code blanking OFF

Operational Display



Press and hold



Release after pressing Prog. button



Release after 1 sec



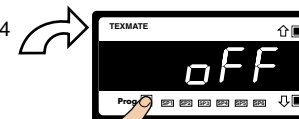
Code Blanking

Code Blanking & Macro Check Procedure continued in (Step 5)

continued from Step 4

Step 5

Press the Prog. button.



Press 1

Example



Macro

NOTE: Unless otherwise requested, the factory default setting is on.

Step 6

Press the button to switch the macro OFF



Press 1



Step 7

Press the Prog. button.



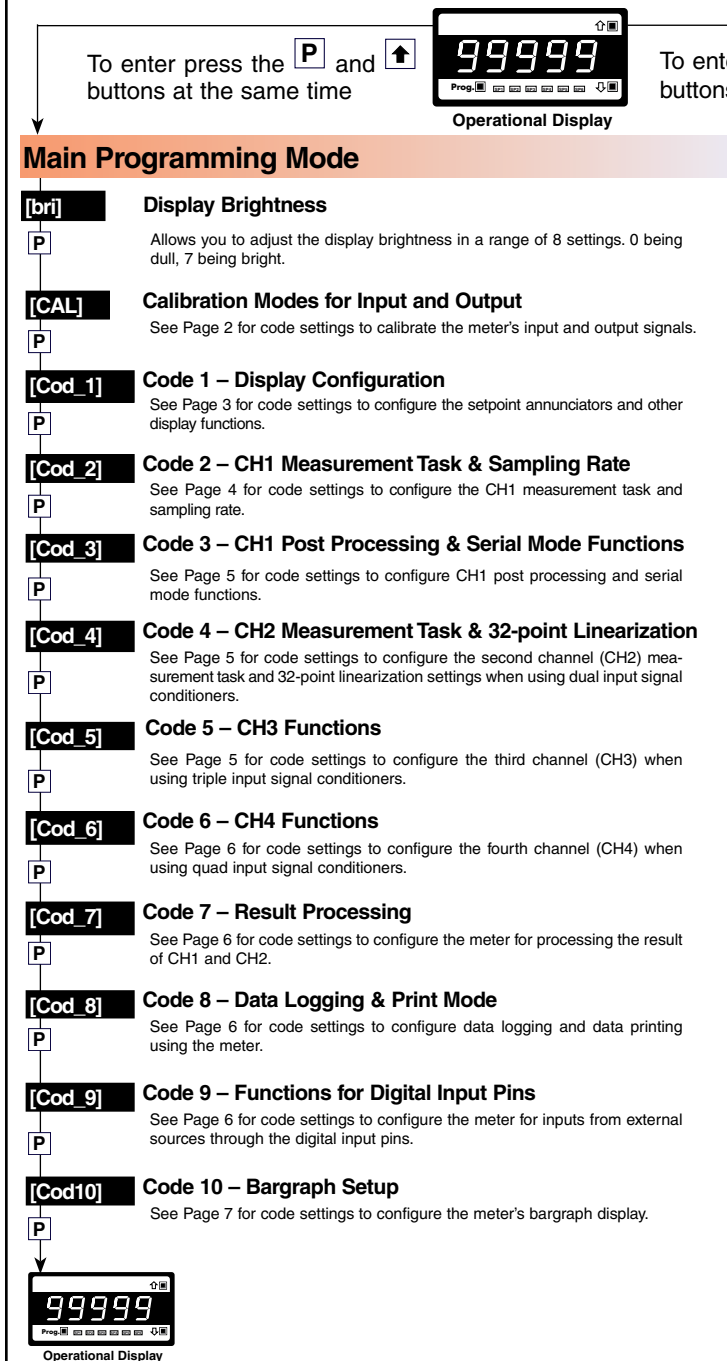
Operational Display




Programming Tip

Code Blanking and Macro ON/OFF settings revert to the meter's original configuration settings when the meter is powered off and on.

Tiger 320 Series Code Logic Diagram



To enter press the **P** and  buttons at the same time

Setpoint Programming Mode

Setpoint Activation Values Mode

Enter these menus to set setpoint (SP) activation values

- [SP_1]** **Setpoint 1** Default setting = 18000
- [SP_2]** **Setpoint 2** Default setting = -18000
- [SP_3]** **Setpoint 3** Default setting = 5000
- [SP_4]** **Setpoint 4** Default setting = -5000
- [SP_5]** **Setpoint 5** Default setting = 10000
- [SP_6]** **Setpoint 6** Default setting = -10000

Setpoint & Relay Control Settings Mode

Enter these menus to configure SP control settings

- [SPC_1]** **Setpoint 1** →
- [SPC_2]** **Setpoint 2** →
- [SPC_3]** **Setpoint 3** →
- [SPC_4]** **Setpoint 4** →
- [SPC_5]** **Setpoint 5** →
- [SPC_6]** **Setpoint 6** →

The **Setpoint and Relay Control Settings** diagram on Pages 8, 9, and 10 shows the three digit configuration settings that are applied individually to each setpoint.



E/T Versions of Tiger 320 Series Programmable Meter Controller

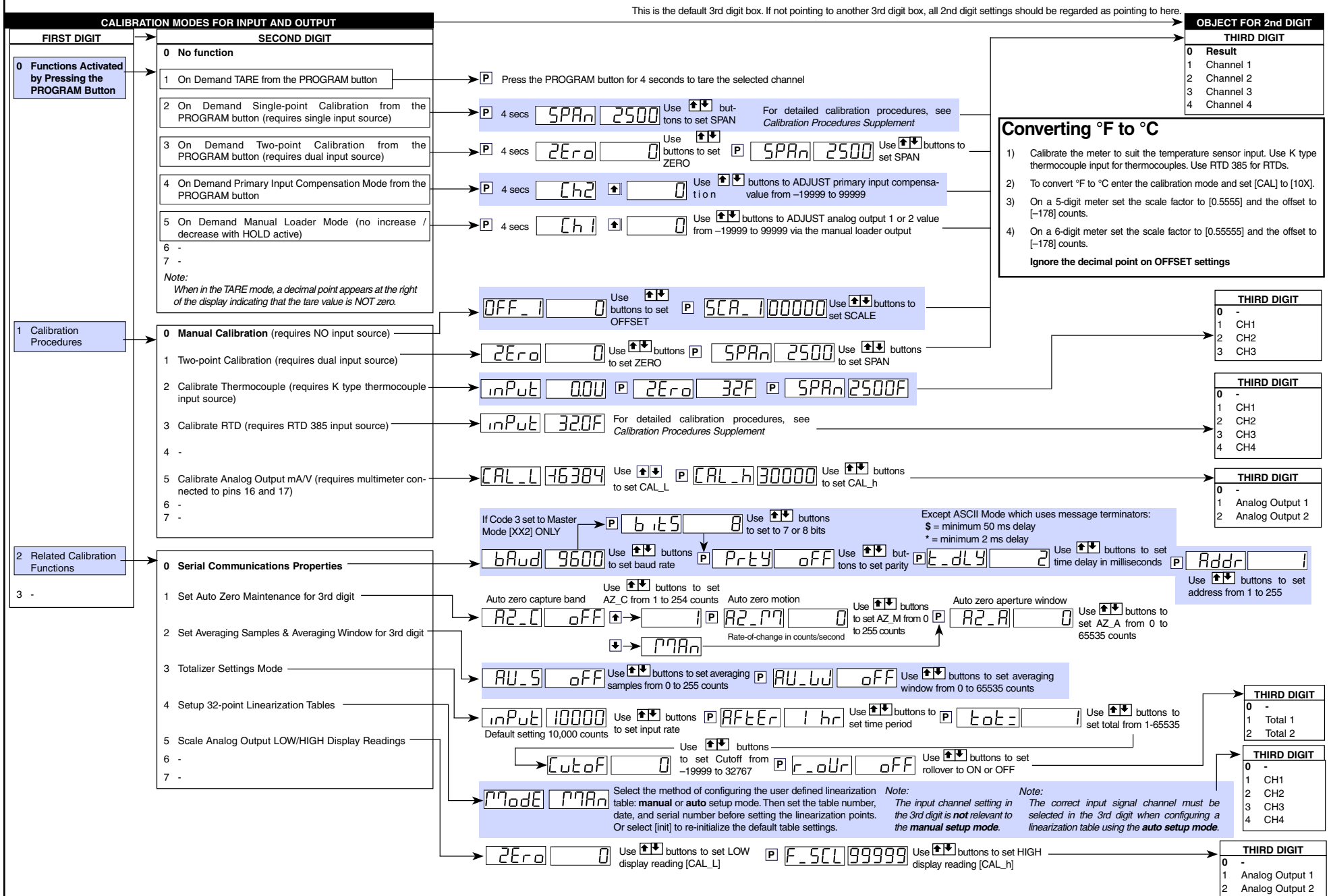
Tiger 320 Series Programmable Meter Controllers (PMCs) come in two versions: the economy E version, or the top-of-the-line T version.

The standard E version comes with 4 kilobits of EEPROM installed, whereas the standard T version comes with 32 kilobits of EEPROM installed. Also, the T version can have a macro installed.

The standard 4-kilobit E version can be upgraded to 32 or to up to 1024 kilobits. The standard 32-kilobit T version can be upgraded to 1024 kilobits. The amount of EEPROM installed in the controller determines the range of functions it is capable of performing. The following table lists the functions that require specific amounts of memory.

Version	Memory (kilobits)	Functions	Remarks
E	4 (standard)	1 linearization table	Table 1 is available to be applied to channels 1 to 4 and result.
	32	4 linearization tables	Tables 1 to 4 are available to be applied to channels 1 and 2 and result. Table 3 can be applied to channel 3. Table 4 can be applied to channel 4. All four tables can be cascaded to form a single 125-point linearization table available to be applied to channels 1 and 2 and result.
	up to 1024	Data logging	With up to 1024 kilobits installed, the controller can perform data logging functions along with complete linearization functionality. With a real-time clock installed, date and time stamps can be included.
T	32 (standard)	4 linearization tables	As for E version with 32 kilobits installed.
		Macro programming	A macro can be programmed to suit a user's logic control application.
	up to 1024	Data logging	As for E version with up to 1024 kilobits installed, but with macro programming functionality available.

CALIBRATION MODE



CODE 1

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
FRONT PANEL ANNUNCIATORS	CODE 1 – DISPLAY CONFIGURATION	SELECT DATA SOURCE FOR
0 ON when Setpoints are ON (relay engaged) 1 ON when Setpoints are OFF (relay de-engaged) 2 Always OFF. See Note 1. 3 LED SP1 ON indicates RISING signal trend. LED SP2 ON indicates RISING signal trend.	DISPLAY FUNCTIONS 0 Normal Display Mode (i.e. operational display shows selected register)(updates every 0.5 seconds) 1 Manual Loader Mode (Direct display). See Note* 2 Update at controlled output rate selected in Code 2 3 - 4 - 5 Select data source as per 3rd digit. See Note 4 6 Select display format as per 3rd digit. See Note 4 7 Select text character as per 3rd digit. See Note 4	SELECT DATA SOURCE FOR 0 Primary Display 1 Second Display. See Note 2 2 Third Display. See Note 2 3 Peak/Valley 4 Analog Output 1 5 Analog Output 2 (under development) 6 Totalizer 1 7 Totalizer 2
		SELECT DISPLAY FORMAT FOR
		0 Result 1 Channel 1 2 Channel 2 3 Channel 3 4 Channel 4 5 Default Display 6 Total 1 7 Total 2
		SELECT TEXT CHARACTER FOR
		0 Result 1 Channel 1 2 Channel 2 3 Channel 3 4 Channel 4 5 Default Display 6 Total 1 7 Total 2

Select Data Source

Source OFF

Use the button to cycle through the menu, and the button to cycle back.

Use the buttons to select a register as the data source

DISPLAY FORMAT MODE

Program the three digits to the required display function mode

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
LAST DIGIT ROUNDING	DISPLAY UNITS	DECIMAL POINT PLACEMENT
0 No rounding 1 Rounding by 2's 2 Rounding by 5's 3 Rounding by 10's	0 Decimal 1 24-hour clock mode Hours: Minutes:Seconds (6-digit version only) 2 12-hour clock mode (12:30 am is displayed as 12:30A, 12:30 pm is displayed as 12:30P) 3 24-hour clock mode Days: Hours:Minutes (6-digit version only) 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 Octal	0 No decimal point 1 XX.XX.XX (6 or 8-digit version only) 2 X.XXXXXX (6 or 8-digit version only) 3 X.XXXXX 4 X.XXX 5 X.XX 6 X.X 7 Decimal Point set from the rear (X.XXXXXX to XXXXXXX). See Note 3. Also See Note 4

Select Last Digit Text Character

Use the button to cycle through the menu, and the button to cycle back.

Note*:

For the Manual Loader Mode (Direct Display) to work, with Code 1 set to [X54] the data source for the analog output (1 or 2) must be set to [diSP].

Operating range upper and lower limits can be set for the manual loader mode.

The setpoint activation values for setpoint 5 becomes the upper limit and setpoint 6 becomes the lower limit.

When either the direct display or on demand manual loader mode is programmed into the meter, the values for setpoint 5 and setpoint 6 are activated as upper and lower limits.

See Analog Output Supplement for further details.

Note 1:

LED annunciators are always off, except when the meter is in single channel VOLTAGE or CURRENT mode and Code 3 = [X6X], or Code 7 = [X6X] in which case the LEDs indicate which 32-point table has been selected from the rear pins (SP1 = Table 1, SP2 = Table 2, SP3 = Table 3, SP4 = Table 4).

Note 2:

These options are only for use with meters that have more than one display. With bargraph meters the PRIMARY display is the digital display, and the SECONDARY display is the bargraph display.

Note 3:

These functions are only available on selected input modules.

Note 4:

If Code 1's display modes have been entered (second digit set to 5, 6, or 7), the display will cycle between Code 1 and the display functions mode each time the PROGRAM button is pressed. To leave the cycle, the Code 1 digits must be reset to any relevant function between [X00] to [X20]. This takes you into Code 2.

Note 5:

If only 4 kB memory installed, functions 2 to 6 are not available in:

- Code 3 second digit.
- Code 4 third digit.
- Code 7 second digit.

Note 6:

These functions are not available on all models and in some cases require additional hardware.

Note 7:

For future development.

CODE 2

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
CODE 2 – CHANNEL 1 MEASUREMENT TASK AND SAMPLING RATE		
ANALOG SAMPLE AND OUTPUT RATE	MEASUREMENT TASK	FOR VOLTAGE
0 Sample Rate: Typically 10 samples/second (60 Hz) Control Output Rate: 0.1 seconds See Example	0 Voltage, Current 1 TC (3rd digit selects type of TC) 2 RTD/Resistance 3-wire (3rd digit selects type of RTD) 3 RTD/Resistance 2- or 4-wire (3rd digit selects type of RTD) 4 Frequency 5 Period 6 Counter 7 Smart Input Module	0 No function 1 Peak detector 2 Pressure with Auto-cal
1 Sample Rate: Typically 10 samples/second (50 Hz). Control Output Rate: 0.1 seconds See Example		FOR THERMOCOUPLE 0 Type J 1 Type K 2 Type R 3 Type S 4 Type T 5 Type B 6 Type N 7 For sensor tables other than those listed above contact Texmate
2 Sample Rate: Typically 10 samples/second (60 Hz) Control Output Rate: Counter or 10 millisecs Control Output Rate See Example		FOR RTD TYPE (2-, 3-, 4- WIRE) 0 Resistance 1 Pt 385 100 Ω RTD 2 Pt 392 100 Ω RTD 3 Zn 120 Ω RTD 4 Cu 10 Ω RTD
3 Sample Rate: Typically 10 samples/second (50 Hz) Control Output Rate: Counter or 10 millisecs Control Output Rate See Example	Example: 10 Samples/Second 1 Channel = 10 samples/second 2 Channels = 5 samples/second 3 Channels = 3.33 samples/second 4 Channels = 2.5 samples/second	FREQUENCY RANGE SELECTION 0 99.999 Hz range from 0.010 Hz 1 99.999 Hz range from 2.000 Hz 2 999.99 Hz range from 0.01 Hz 3 999.99 Hz range from 2.00 Hz 4 9999.9 Hz range from 0.1 Hz 5 9999.9 Hz range from 2.0 Hz 6 99 kHz range from 1 Hz (1 s gate) 7 655.35 kHz range from 10 Hz (0.1 s gate)
Note: Output Rate refers to setpoint and macro outputs, and input rates from smart input modules.		PERIOD MEASUREMENT SELECTION 0 99.999 s 1 9.9999 s 2 999.99 ms 3 99.999 ms
Note: All above sample rates are quoted for single channel operation. Where more than one channel is available, sample rates are divided by the number of active channels. See Example.		COUNTER/RESIDENT TIMER/CLOCK SELECTION 0 Counter input with 16-bit Pre-scaler 1 Setting of 16-bit Pre-scaler 2 Debounced Counter with Pre-scaler 3 Up/Down Counter with Pre-scaler 4 0.1 sec Timer with Pre-scaler 5 – 6 External 24-hour clock 7 Internal 24-hour clock
	PRESET	SMART INPUT MODULE 0 Output Register 1 1 Output Register 2 2 Output Register 3 3 Output Register 4 4 Output Register 5 5 Output Register 6 6 Output Register 7 7 Smart Input Module Register 1 Code Setup. See Note 7.

Use buttons to set pre-scale values

X61 Selects Prescaler	
1 =	0.1 second
10 =	1 second
600 =	1 minute
3600 =	1 Hour***

***Note:
For the 1 hour setting, the scale factor for CH1 must be set to 0.1 in the calibration mode setting [111].

Press

Use the buttons to set the required smart input module code (0 to 377). See I-Series Input Module Supplement for code details.

Note 7:
Only available with selected input modules.

CODES 3 to 5

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT										
CODE 3 – CHANNEL 1 FUNCTIONS (POST PROCESSING & SERIAL MODE)												
CHANNEL 1 POST PROCESSING	32-POINT LINEARIZATION FOR CHANNEL 1	SERIAL MODE										
0 Direct Display of Input (no processing) 1 Square Root of Channel 1 2 Inverse of Channel 1 3 -	0 No Linearization on CH1 1 32-point Linearization on CH1 using Table 1 2 32-point Linearization on CH1 using Table 2. <i>See Note 5</i> 3 32-point Linearization on CH1 using Table 3. <i>See Note 5</i> 4 32-point Linearization on CH1 using Table 4. <i>See Note 5</i> 5 125-point Linearization on CH1 (Tables 1 to 4 cascaded). <i>See Note 5</i> 6 32-point Linearization on CH1 (Tables 1 to 4 selected from the rear pins of selected input modules). The selected table is not available if CH2, CH3, or CH4 is operating in the analog output mode. CH1 must be set to Voltage, Current in Code 2 [X0X]. <i>See Note 5</i> 7 - <i>Note:</i> All linearization tables are set up in the Calibration Mode [24X].	0 ASCII Mode 1 Modbus Mode 2 Master mode (used to customize print mode protocols via macro) 3 Print Mode 4 Ethernet Mode. <i>See Note 6</i> 5 Devicenet Mode (requires Devicenet hardware module). <i>See Note 6</i> <i>Note 6:</i> These functions are not available on all models and in some cases require additional hardware.										
CODE 4 – CHANNEL 2 MEASUREMENT TASK AND 32-POINT LINEARIZATION												
MEASUREMENT TASK	FOR VOLTAGE & CURRENT	32-POINT LINEARIZATION FOR CH2										
0 Voltage, Current 1 TC (type as per 2nd digit) 2 RTD/Resistance (type as per 2nd digit) 3 Second Digital Input Channel (type as per 2nd digit)	0 Channel 2 Disabled 1 Direct (no post processing) 2 Square Root of Channel 2 3 Inverse of Channel 2 4 Output Register 1 (smart module)* 5 Output Register 2 (smart module)* 6 Output Register 3 (smart module)* 7 Output Register 4 (smart module)*	0 No user defined Linearization on CH2 1 32-point Linearization on CH2 using Table 1 2 32-point Linearization on CH2 using Table 2. <i>See Note 5</i> 3 32-point Linearization on CH2 using Table 3. <i>See Note 5</i> 4 32-point Linearization on CH2 using Table 4. <i>See Note 5</i> 5 125-point Linearization on CH2 (Tables 1 to 4 cascaded). <i>See Note 5</i> 6 - 7 - <i>*Note:</i> Selecting 040 to 070 in the 2nd digit of Code 4 selects one of the following settings in the installed smart input module's output register map:										
	FOR THERMOCOUPLE											
	0 Type J 1 Type K 2 Type R 3 Type S 4 Type T 5 Type B 6 Type N 7 For sensor tables other than those listed above contact Texmate											
	FOR RTD TYPE (3-WIRE)											
	0 Resistance 1 Pt 385 100 Ω RTD 2 Pt 392 100 Ω RTD 3 Zn 120 Ω RTD 4 Cu 10 Ω RTD	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>2nd Digit</th> <th>Input module's output register map</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>4 selects</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5 selects</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6 selects</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7 selects</td> <td>3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <i>Note:</i> The register map is different for each smart input module. See installed input module data sheet for specific smart register 1 function map.	2nd Digit	Input module's output register map	4 selects	0	5 selects	1	6 selects	2	7 selects	3
2nd Digit	Input module's output register map											
4 selects	0											
5 selects	1											
6 selects	2											
7 selects	3											
	DIGITAL INPUT											
	0 Frequency - 99.999 Hz range from 0.001 Hz 1 Frequency - 999.99 Hz range from 0.01 Hz 2 Frequency - 99.999 kHz range from 1 Hz (1 s gate) 3 Frequency - 500 kHz range from 10 Hz (0.1 s gate) 4 Period - 9.9999 s (100 μs resolution) 5 Period - 999.99 ms (10 μs resolution) 6 Up/Down Counter with Prescaler 7 Set Prescaler											
		CH3 POST PROCESSING 0 Direct Display of Input (no processing) 1 Square Root of Channel 3 2 Inverse of Channel 3 3 4 kilobits Meters NO Linearization 32 kilobits Meters 32-point Linearization of CH3 using Table 3 <i>Note:</i> All linearization tables are set up in the Calibration Mode [24X].										
	CODE 5 – CHANNEL 3 FUNCTIONS											
	MEASUREMENT TASK	FOR THERMOCOUPLE										
	0 Ch 3 Disabled 1 Voltage, current 2 TC (3rd digit selects type of TC) 3 RTD/Resistance (3rd digit selects type of RTD) 4 Real Time Clock & Timer (3rd digit selects type) 5 - 6 - 7 Smart Input Module (3rd digit selects register)	0 Type J 1 Type K 2 Type R 3 Type S 4 Type T 5 Type B 6 Type N 7 For sensor tables other than those listed above contact Texmate										
		FOR RTD TYPE (2-, 3-, 4- WIRE)										
		0 Resistance 1 Pt 385 100 Ω RTD 2 Pt 392 100 Ω RTD 3 Zn 120 Ω RTD 4 Cu 10 Ω RTD										
		FOR REAL-TIME CLOCK & TIMER										
		0 HRS:MIN:SEC 1 HRS:MIN 2 - 3 - 4 1 Second Count UP Timer 5 1 Second Count DOWN Timer 6 - 7 -										
		FOR SMART INPUT MODULE										
		0 Output Register 1 1 Output Register 2 2 Output Register 3 3 Output Register 4 4 Output Register 5 5 Output Register 6 6 Output Register 7 7 Smart Input Module Register 2 Code Setup <i>Note:</i> The function of the output register selected varies according to the input module installed.										
		Press P 57762 000 Use the ↔ buttons to set the required smart input module code (0 to 377). See I-Series Input Module Supplement for code details.										
		X61 Selects Prescaler 1 = 0.1 second 10 = 1 second 600 = 1 minute 3600 = 1 Hour*** <i>***Note:</i> For the 1 hour setting, the scale factor for CH1 must be set to 0.1 in the calibration mode setting [111].										

CODES 6 to 9

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
CODE 6 – CHANNEL 4 FUNCTIONS		
CH4 POST PROCESSING	MEASUREMENT TASK	FOR THERMOCOUPLE
0 Direct Display of Input (no processing) 1 Square Root of Channel 4 2 Inverse of Channel 4 3 4 kilobits Meters NO Linearization 32 kilobits Meters 32-point Linearization of CH4 using Table 4 <i>Note:</i> All linearization tables are set up in the Calibration Mode [24X].	0 No Function 1 Voltage, Current 2 TC (3rd digit selects type of TC). <i>See Note 7</i> 3 RTD/Resistance (3rd digit selects type of RTD). 4 Real Time Clock and Timer (3rd digit selects type) 5 - 6 - 7 Smart Input Module (3rd digit selects register)	0 Type J 1 Type K 2 Type R 3 Type S 4 Type T 5 Type B 6 Type N 7 For sensor tables other than those listed above contact Texmate FOR RTD TYPE (2-, 3-, 4- WIRE) 0 Resistance 1 Pt 385 100 Ω RTD 2 Pt 392 100 Ω RTD 3 Zn 120 Ω RTD 4 Cu 10 Ω RTD FOR REAL-TIME CLOCK & TIMER 0 HRS:MIN:SEC 1 HRS:MIN 2 - 3 - 4 1 Second Count UP Timer 5 1 Second Count DOWN Timer 6 - 7 - FOR SMART INPUT MODULE 0 Output Register 1 1 Output Register 2 2 Output Register 3 3 Output Register 4 4 Output Register 5 5 Output Register 6 6 Output Register 7 7 Smart Input Module Register 3 Code Setup
<i>Note 5:</i> If only 4 kilobits of memory is installed, only Table 1 is available for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CH1 in Code 3, 2nd digit. CH2 in Code 4, 3rd digit. CH3 in Code 5, 1st digit. CH4 in Code 6, 1st digit. RESULT in Code 7, 2nd digit. <i>Note 7:</i> For future development.		
<i>Note:</i> The function of the output register selected varies according to the input module installed.		
Press Use the buttons to set the required smart input module code (0 to 377). See I-Series Input Module Supplement for code details.		
CODE 7 – RESULT PROCESSING		
RESULT PROCESSING	32-POINT LINEARIZATION FOR RESULT	MATHS FUNCTIONS FOR RESULT
0 Direct Display of Result as per processing performed in 2nd and 3rd digits 1 Square Root of Result 2 Inverse of Result 3 -	0 No Linearization on Result 1 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 1 2 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 2. <i>See Note 5</i> 3 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 3. <i>See Note 5</i> 4 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 4. <i>See Note 5</i> 5 125-point Linearization on Result (Tables 1 to 4 cascaded). <i>See Note 5</i> 6 32-point Linearization on Result (Tables 1 to 4 selected from the rear of the meter). The selected table is not available if CH2, CH3, or CH4 is operating in the analog mode. CH1 must be set to Voltage, Current in Code 2 [X0X]. <i>See Note 5</i> 7 -	0 Result Register not Updated 1 pH Meter (CH1 = Tbuff, CH2 = pH) 2 Result = CH1, Setpoint 2 = CH2 3 Result = CH1 + CH2 4 Result = CH1 - CH2 5 Result = CH1 x CH2/10 000 6 Result = (CH1 x 20 000)/CH2 7 Result = CH1

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
CODE 8 – DATA LOGGING AND PRINT MODE OPTIONS		
DATA LOG BUFFER TYPE	DATE & TIME STAMP OPTIONS	LOG OR PRINT TRIGGER
0 No Data Logging 1 Cyclic Buffer 2 Linear FIFO Buffer. 3 Reset Buffer Number to 0. <i>Note:</i> Setting Code 8 to [3XX] resets the data log buffer to 0. Once reset, Code 8 must be set back to the required data log buffer setting.	0 Printer Format – No time stamp with print/log 1 Printer Format – Time stamp format 1 [Mth-Day-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec] (with <CR><LF>) 2 Printer Format – Time stamp format 2 [Day-Mth-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec] (with <CR><LF>) 3 Printer Format – Time stamp format 3 [Hrs:Min:Sec] (with <CR><LF>) 4 Spreadsheet Format – No time stamp with print/log 5 Spreadsheet Format – Time stamp format 1 [Mth-Day-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec] 6 Spreadsheet Format – Time stamp format 2 [Day-Mth-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec] 7 Spreadsheet Format – Time stamp format 3 [Hrs:Min:Sec] ALL ABOVE ARE REAL-TIME CLOCK OPTIONS	0 No trigger 1 Trigger on Demand from PROGRAM Button 2 Trigger on Demand from F1 Button 3 Trigger on Demand from F2 Button 4 Trigger on Demand from HOLD Pin 5 Trigger on Demand from LOCK Pin 6 - 7 - <i>Note:</i> Log and/or Print will only trigger if enabled.

CODE 9 – FUNCTIONS FOR DIGITAL INPUT PINS		
DISPLAY TEST PIN	HOLD PIN	LOCK PIN
0 Display test only 1 Reset Counter Channel 1 and total 2 at Power-up 2 Reset Counters Channel 1, 2, 3, 4, Total 1, and Total 2 at Power-up 3 Reset Total 1, and Total 2 at Power-up	0 Display Hold 1 Reset Channel 1 2 Reset Total 1 and Total 2 3 Reset Total 2 4 Reset Peak, Valley 5 Clear Tare 6 Set Tare 7 Unlatch (de-energize) all Setpoints	0 Key Lock 1 Reset Channel 1 2 Reset Channel 2 3 Reset Channel 3 4 Reset Channel 4 5 Clear Tare 6 Reset Total 1 7 Unlatch (de-energize) all Setpoints

CODE 10

Note:

Code 10 is only available with bargraph versions of the meter.

Note:

Data source for the bargraph is set up in Code 1 [X51].

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
BARGRAPH DISPLAY SETTINGS	CODE 10 – BARGRAPH SETUP	BARGRAPH TYPE
0 No Function	0 Setpoints on Bar	0 Linear
1 Disable Overrange Flashing	1 Peak, Valley on Bar	1 Via linearization Table 1
2 Set up Colors	2 -	2 -
3 Set up Bar Scaling	3 -	3 Log – 10 Bar/Decade
	4 Min/Max with setpoints (low end of bar = VALLEY, high end of bar = PEAK)	4 Log – 20 Bar/Decade
	5 -	5 Log – 25 Bar/Decade
	6 -	6 Log – 33 Bar/Decade
	7 Bar Only (no setpoints on the bar)	7 Log – 50 Bar/Decade

Set Up Bargraph Colors

2XX P Colr1 [OFF] [↑] [↓] [OFF]

P Colr2 [rEd] [↑] [↓] [OFF]

P Colr3 [OrnGE] [↑] [↓] [OFF]

P Colr4 [GrEEEn] [↑] [↓] [OFF]

P Colr5 [GrEEEn] [↑] [↓] [OFF]

P Colr6 [OrnGE] [↑] [↓] [OFF]

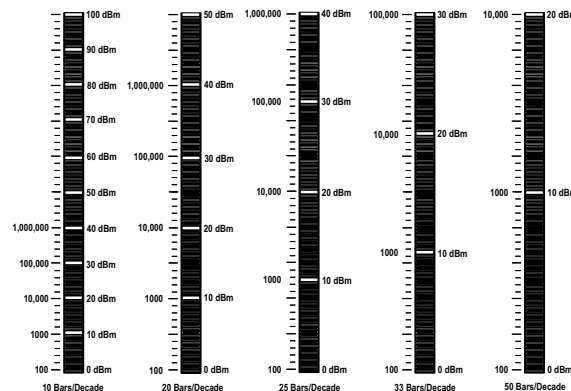
P Colr7 [OFF] [↑] [↓] [OFF]

Pressing the [↑] [↓] buttons at the same time returns to [OFF]

The bargraph colors are not applied to specific setpoints. They are applied to whichever setpoint is configured at the lowest setting and then to each next highest setpoint in turn.

If all six setpoints are used the colors are set as follows:

- Color 1** Color BELOW lowest setpoint
This is the bargraph color before it reaches a setpoint.
- es**
- Color 2** Color ABOVE lowest setpoint
- Color 3** Color ABOVE next highest setpoint
- Color 4** Color ABOVE next highest setpoint
- Color 5** Color ABOVE next highest setpoint
- Color 6** Color ABOVE next highest setpoint
- Color 7** Color ABOVE highest setpoint



Example of Bars per Decade

Set Up Scaling for Linear Bargraph

99999 Bar Low [↑] [↓] 0 P Bar_H [↑] [↓] 0 P Bar_Nominal [↑] [↓] 0

OR

3X0 P Bar_L [↑] [↓] -99999 Bar_H [↑] [↓] -99999 Bar_Nominal [↑] [↓] -99999

Bar Nominal

Bar Nominal sets the point on the bargraph at which the bar begins to light up. This can be any position between and including the bar low and bar high settings.

If bar nominal is set to the **bar low** setting, the bargraph behaves like a typical bargraph making the segments light up from the **bottom** of the bar and grow towards the top.

If bar nominal is set to the **bar high** setting, this makes all segments from the displayed signal to the **top** of the bar light up. As the signal increases, the number of lit segments between the signal and the bar high setting becomes steadily less. When the signal reaches the bar high setting no segments are lit.

Setting bar nominal to the midpoint between bar low and bar high makes the bargraph behave like a typical center zero bargraph. This means the bargraph lights up at the center of the bar and moves either up or down the bar depending on the displayed signal.

For example, if the meter's full scale range is 20,000 counts, the midpoint is 10,000 counts. If a signal of 10,000 counts is applied, only one segment at the 10,000 count mark lights up. If a signal of 17,000 counts is applied, the segments between the center segment (10,000 counts) and the 17,000 count mark light up.

If a signal of 5000 counts is applied, the segments between the center segment (10,000 counts) and the 5000 count mark light up.

An added feature of this bargraph is that it can also be non-symmetrical. This means that the bar nominal setting does not need to be set at the mid-point between bar low and bar high. For example, if the bargraph is configured to display -200 to 800 °C, bar low is set to -200 counts and bar high is set to 800 counts. Bar nominal is set to 0 counts. If a signal of -50 °C is applied, the bar lights from 0 down to -50. If a signal of 600 °C is applied, the bar lights from 0 up to 600.

Set Up Scaling for Logarithmic Bargraph

99999 Reference [↑] [↓] 100 Bar Nominal [↑] [↓] 0

OR

3X3 P Ref [↑] [↓] -99999 Bar_Nom [↑] [↓] 0

OR

3X4

OR

3X5

OR

3X6

OR

3X7

Logarithmic Bargraph Scaling

In all logarithmic scales a reference level is required that is the level at 0 dB.

For example, in an RF measurement 0 dBm is at a reference of 1 mW.

The scale is calculated from:

$$10 \log_{10} \frac{\text{counts (input)}}{\text{reference}}$$

If the meter is scaled so that:

1 mW = 100 counts and 1 W = 100,000 counts

Then the reference for 0 dBm would be set to 100 counts:

$$10 \log_{10} \frac{(\text{input})}{100} = 0 \text{ dBm}$$

Reference. This is the number of counts displayed for a 0 dB reference.

Bar Nominal. See Bar Nominal description above.

Now every 10 dBm represents a decade, the bargraph can be scaled to a different amount of bars per decade (as set in the 3rd digit).

See Example of Bars per Decade diagram opposite.

Decade (Counts)	dBm
1	-20
10	-10
100	0
1000	10
10,000	20
100,000	30
1,000,000	40

SETPOINT PROGRAMMING MODE – SPC 1 to SPC 6

Setpoint Setup Sequence

Follow These Steps

The following procedures are written for SP1, all other setpoints are configured in a similar manner.

- 1) Press the and buttons at the same time. This enters the setpoint programming mode. The display toggles between [SP_1] and [18000].

This is SP1 of the **Setpoint Activation Values Mode**. Use the and buttons to set SP1 or the button to move to the required setpoint.

- 2) After all required setpoint **activation values** have been set, press the button until [SPC_1] appears. This is the **Setpoint & Relay Control Settings Mode**.

SPC_1 is the **setpoint and relay control settings** programming menu for SP1. Set the three digits according to the codes in the *Setpoint and Relay Control Function Settings* opposite in the following order:

Third Digit – Setpoint Delay Mode

Set to [XX5] and program the hysteresis, deviation, or PID functions as required for SP1.

Reset back to [XX0].

Third Digit – Setpoint Timer Mode

Set to [XX6] and program the timer mode functions as required for SP1.

Reset back to [XX0].

Third Digit – Setpoint Reset & Trigger Functions

Set to [XX7] and program the reset and trigger functions as required for SP1.

Reset back to [XX0].

Second Digit – Setpoint Activation Source Mode

Set to [X1X] to select the setpoint activation source for SP1 from any channel or selected register shown above. Reset back to [X0X].

If the SP source is from an external digital input, set to one of either [X2X] to [X7X] to select the setpoint activation source from one of six digital inputs (2 to 7). See **Note at 2nd digit*.

First Digit – Relay Energize Mode

Select the relay energize mode for SP1 from 0 to 3.

Third Digit – Relay Latching & Manual Reset Functions

Program the third digit setpoint relay latching and manual reset functions between 0 to 4 as required.

- 3) Press the button to move to [SPC_2].
- 4) Repeat Step 2 for all required setpoints.

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
SETPOINT AND RELAY CONTROL FUNCTION SETTINGS		
Relay Energize Function	SP Activation Source	SP Functions
0 Energizes ABOVE setpoint value HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value plus hysteresis counts. De-energizes BELOW setpoint value minus hysteresis counts. <i>Note:</i> If hysteresis set with ZERO counts, relay energizes AT OR ABOVE the setpoint value. DEVIATION selected – relay energizes INSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts). De-energizes OUTSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts). PID selected – controls ABOVE setpoint value. 1 Energizes BELOW setpoint value HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes BELOW setpoint value minus hysteresis counts. De-energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value plus hysteresis counts. <i>Note:</i> If hysteresis set with ZERO counts, relay energizes BELOW the setpoint value. DEVIATION selected – relay energized OUTSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts). De-energized INSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts). PID selected – controls BELOW setpoint value. 2 Energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value plus hysteresis counts with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. De-energizes BELOW setpoint value minus hysteresis counts with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. <i>Note:</i> If hysteresis set with ZERO counts, relay energizes AT OR ABOVE the setpoint value. DEVIATION selected – relay energizes INSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts) with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. De-energizes OUTSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts) with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. PID selected – controls ABOVE setpoint value. 3 Energizes BELOW setpoint value with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes BELOW setpoint value plus hysteresis counts with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. De-energizes ABOVE setpoint value minus hysteresis counts with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. <i>Note:</i> If hysteresis set with ZERO counts, relay energizes BELOW the setpoint value. DEVIATION selected – relay energizes OUTSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts) with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. De-energizes INSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts) with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. PID selected – controls BELOW setpoint value.	0 Activate Setpoint Source from Selected Register 1 Select Source for Setpoint <i>Note:</i> [X1X] is a register selection procedure only. To finish, reset to [X0X] to activate the selection, or reset to 2-7 as required for digital input selection. 2 Digital Input – Capture Pin 3 Digital Input – D1 (selected input modules) 4 Digital Input – D2 (selected input modules) 5 Digital Input – D3 (selected input modules) 6 HOLD Pin 7 LOCK Pin <i>*Note:</i> If the setpoint source is set to [oFF] or a digital input, the setpoint activation value will have no effect and will not be displayed.	0 No Latching 1 Relay Latched 2 Manual Relay Reset 3 Relay Latched and Manual Relay Reset 4 Relay Latched Off 5 Hysteresis, Deviation & PID Mode (includes SP Tracking) → Go to Page 12 6 Timer Modes: •OFF. •Normal Delay. •Repeat ON. •Pulse ON. •1-Shot ON. •Repeat OFF. •Pulse OFF. •1-Shot OFF. <i>Note:</i> In PID Mode, all Timer Modes on SP1 set in [XX6] are not functional. 7 Advanced Functions Mode: → Go to Page 13 •OFF. •Reset Trigger. •Reset Destination. •Reset Mode. •Reset Constant. •Trigger Print from SP. •Trigger Log from SP. <i>Note:</i> [XX5], [XX6], and [XX7] are set up procedures only. To finish, reset to 0-4 as required for setpoint latching and relay reset modes.
Select Source for Setpoint Functions		
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>Use the buttons to cycle through the menu</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> P Source off </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 30%;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[diSP]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[rESL]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[Ch1]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[Ch2]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[Ch3]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[Ch4]</div> </div> <div style="width: 70%;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[tot_1]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[tot_2]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[PEAK]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[VALEY]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[tArE]</div> </div> </div> </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> <p>Use the buttons to select a register as the data source from setpoint</p> <div style="display: flex; flex-direction: column; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[1]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[2]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">...[10]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[11]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[12]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">...[20]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[100]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[200]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">...[239]</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[Aux_8] thru</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">[Aux_1]</div> </div> </div> </div> </div>		

The screenshot shows the PID controller configuration screen. At the top, the mode is set to **ModE** (OFF). Below this, the **hyst** (Hysteresis) is set to 0, and the **dev** (Deviation) is set to 0. The **FLASH** (Flash Setting) is set to **OFF**, and the **TrACE** (Tracking) is set to **OFF**. The **Reset SPC_X to XX0** is set to **XX5** (XX0). The **PID FROM SETPOINT 1 AND 2 ONLY** section shows **Pid** (PID) set to 0, **SPAN** (Set the Span) set to 0, **Pb** (Set the Proportional Band Value) set to 0.0, **int** (Set the Integral Value) set to 0.0, **dEr** (Set the Derivative Value) set to 0.0, **Ar** (Set the Anti-reset Wind-up % PB) set to 0.1, **CYC_t** (Set the Minimum Cycle Time) set to 10, and **TrACE** (Select Tracking Setting) set to **OFF**. A **Programming Tip** box on the right states: "If you do not require any of the functions in this mode, it is set to: **ModE** **OFF**". A **Note** at the bottom left states: "If PID is selected in [XX5], the Timer Delay [XX6] and Reset and Trigger Functions [XX7] revert to [ModE][oFF] and cannot be adjusted." A **Note** at the bottom right states: "If minimum cycle time is set to 0, the relevant relay is disabled. PID functions still operate".

Programming Tip
If you do not require any of the functions in this mode, ensure it is set to:

Normally OFF/Pulsed ON Modes
These are time control modes where the relay is **normally OFF (de-energizes)** and **pulses ON (energizes)** when the setpoint activates.

Normally ON/Pulsed OFF Modes
These are time control modes where the relay is **normally ON (energizes)** and **pulses OFF (de-energizes)** when the setpoint activates.

From Page 11, third digit [XX6]

Normal Mode
Single Actuation

1-Shot ON Mode
Single Actuation

Pulse ON Mode
Single Actuation

Repeat ON Mode
Multiple Actuation

1-Shot OFF Mode
Single Actuation

Pulse OFF Mode
Single Actuation

Repeat OFF Mode
Multiple Actuation

Resolution setting applies to SP1/SP2 ONLY

Reset SPC_X to XX0

Delay-on-make time (DOM)
0.1 to 6553.5 secs

Delay-on-break (DOB) time
0.1 to 6553.5 secs

DOM 0.1 to 6553.5 secs

Minimum on-time (M_on)
0.1 to 6553.5 secs

DOM 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs

On-time (on_t) 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs

Off-time (oFF_t) 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs

On-time (on_t) 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs

Minimum off-time (M_of)
0.1 to 6553.5 secs

DOB 0.1 to 6553.5 secs

Off-time (oFF_t) 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs

DOB 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs

Off-time (oFF_t) 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs

On_t 0.1/0.001 to 6553.5/65.535 secs

Advanced Functions Mode – Set Up Register Reset and Setpoint Trigger Functions

**Programming Tip**

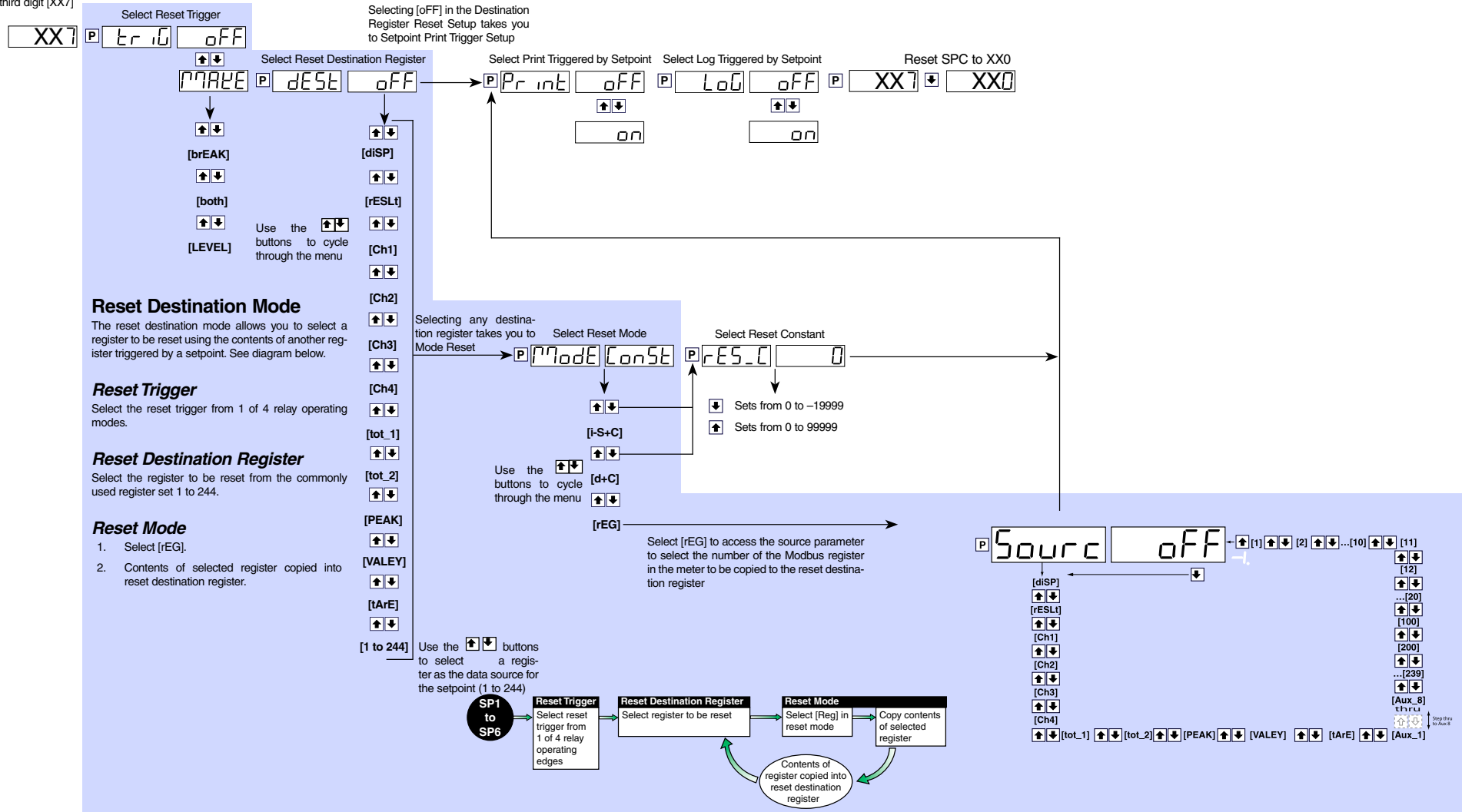
If you do not require any of the functions in this mode, ensure it is set to:

tr 00 off

**Programming Tip**

This mode can not be accessed if SPC_1 or SPC_2 is in the PID mode.

From Page 11
third digit [XX7]



Detailed Descriptions of Setpoint Functions

1st Digit in Setpoint Programming Mode

Following is a detailed description of the options available on the 1st digit of the setpoint programming mode [SPC] settings listed on Page 11.

FIRST DIGIT	
Relay Energize Function	
0 Energizes ABOVE setpoint value	<p>HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value plus hysteresis counts. De-energizes BELOW setpoint value minus hysteresis counts.</p> <p><i>Note:</i> If hysteresis set with ZERO counts, relay energizes AT OR ABOVE the setpoint value.</p> <p>DEVIATION selected – relay energizes INSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts). De-energizes OUTSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts).</p> <p>PID selected – controls ABOVE setpoint value.</p>
1 Energizes BELOW setpoint value	<p>HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes BELOW setpoint value minus hysteresis counts. De-energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value plus hysteresis counts.</p> <p><i>Note:</i> If hysteresis set with ZERO counts, relay energizes BELOW the setpoint value.</p> <p>DEVIATION selected – relay energized OUTSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts). De-energized INSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts).</p> <p>PID selected – controls BELOW setpoint value.</p>
2 Energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT	<p>HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value plus hysteresis counts with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. De-energizes BELOW setpoint value minus hysteresis counts with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT.</p> <p>PID selected – controls ABOVE setpoint value.</p>
3 Energizes BELOW setpoint value with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT	<p>HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes BELOW setpoint value plus hysteresis counts with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. De-energizes ABOVE setpoint value minus hysteresis counts with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT.</p> <p><i>Note:</i> If hysteresis set with ZERO counts, relay energizes BELOW the setpoint value.</p> <p>DEVIATION selected – relay energizes OUTSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts) with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. De-energizes INSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts) with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT.</p> <p>PID selected – controls BELOW setpoint value.</p>

Explanation Of Setpoint Trigger and Reset Functions

The setpoint trigger and reset functions are available on all 6 setpoints. The various parameters of these functions are described as follows.

Trigger Type

The trigger parameter gives the option of selecting which edge of the relay operation the reset function, print function, and data logging function should activate on. It can be set to either:

- **Off** – Disables all trigger functions
- **Make** – operates on the make edge only.
- **Break** – operates on the break edge only.
- **Both** – operates on both make and break edges.
- **Level** – operates after every sample period if relay is ON.

Reset Destination

The reset destination parameter defines the target register in the meter that is to be modified in some way when the reset trigger conditions for this relay are met. Any Modbus register number from 1 to 255 can be selected as a reset destination. If the [DEST] parameter is set to [OFF], the reset function is disabled and the Reset Mode and Reset Constant/Source selection are not displayed during setup. The setup sequence jumps straight to the Print parameter.

Reset Mode

The reset mode parameter defines what type of reset effect is required. The following different options are available.

Const – This mode stores a user defined constant into the selected destination register. In most cases this number will be zero but it can be any number.

I-S+C – This mode stores the current input value **I**, defined by the setpoint source, minus the setpoint value **S** plus a user defined constant **C**. It would normally be used with a counting or totalizing application where the amount of setpoint overshoot needs to be retained after the reset function. The constant value would normally be zero but could be used to provide an offset if required.

D+C – This mode adds the user defined constant **C** to the current value in the selected reset destination register **D**. It can be used to increment or decrement a register by any amount.

Reg – This mode copies the contents of a user selectable register into the reset destination register (see Reset Constant to select the source register).

It can be used to capture data on an event and store it in an unused channel for display or analog output, etc.

Reset Constant

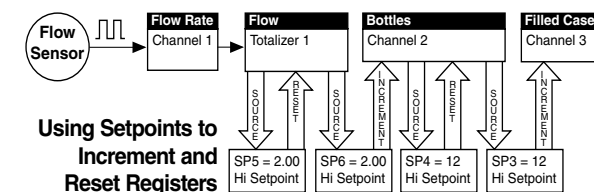
This parameter defines the constant value to be used in the **Const**, **I-S+C**, **D+C** modes as previously explained. Its default value is zero. This parameter is not available if **Reg** is selected as the reset mode.

Source (only available in Reg mode)

If the reset mode is set to **Reg** then the source parameter allows you to select the number of the Modbus register in the meter to be copied to the reset destination register.

Resetting and Incrementing Using Setpoints

Setpoints may be used to reset and/or increment registers. In the example shown opposite, 2 liter soft drink bottles are being filled and packed 12 to a case. Using the setpoint reset and increment feature, the number of bottles and the total number of filled cases is easily calculated and displayed. Totalizer 1 counts from 0 to 2, resets, and repeats. CH2 counts from 0 to 12, resets, and repeats.



Using Setpoints to Increment and Reset Registers

Customer Code Settings – Main Programming Mode

CALIBRATION MODE [CAL]

1st DIGIT 2nd DIGIT 3rd DIGIT SUB-SETTINGS

ON DEMAND FUNCTIONS

		AFFECTS	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	01X
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	02X SPAN <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	03X ZERO <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/> SPAN <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	04X CHANNEL <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	05X CHANNEL <input type="checkbox"/>

1st DIGIT 2nd DIGIT 3rd DIGIT SUB-SETTINGS

CALIBRATION PROCEDURES

Manual Calibration

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	100	OFFSET	<input type="checkbox"/>	SCALE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	101	OFFSET	<input type="checkbox"/>	SCALE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	102	OFFSET	<input type="checkbox"/>	SCALE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	103	OFFSET	<input type="checkbox"/>	SCALE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	104	OFFSET	<input type="checkbox"/>	SCALE	<input type="checkbox"/>

Two-point Calibration

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	110	ZERO	<input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPAN
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	111	ZERO	<input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPAN
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	112	ZERO	<input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPAN
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	113	ZERO	<input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPAN
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	114	ZERO	<input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT	<input type="checkbox"/>	SPAN

Calibrate Thermocouple

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	121	ZERO	<input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT	32°F	SPAN
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	122	ZERO	<input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT	32°F	SPAN
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	123	ZERO	<input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT	32°F	SPAN

Calibrate Analog Output

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	151	CAL LOW	<input type="checkbox"/>	OUTPUT	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	152	CAL LOW	<input type="checkbox"/>	OUTPUT	<input type="checkbox"/>

CALIBRATION MODE [CAL] Continued

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	SUB-SETTINGS
-----------	-----------	-----------	--------------

RELATED CALIBRATION FUNCTIONS

Serial Output

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	BAUD	<input type="checkbox"/>	PARITY	<input type="checkbox"/>	ADDRESS	<input type="checkbox"/>	TIME DELAY	<input type="checkbox"/>
--------------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------	-----	------	--------------------------	--------	--------------------------	---------	--------------------------	------------	--------------------------

Auto Zero Maintenance

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	210	AZ CAPTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ MOTION	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ APERTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	211	AZ CAPTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ MOTION	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ APERTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	212	AZ CAPTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ MOTION	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ APERTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	213	AZ CAPTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ MOTION	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ APERTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	214	AZ CAPTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ MOTION	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ APERTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>

Averaging Samples & Averaging Window

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	220	AVERAGE SAMPLES	<input type="checkbox"/>	AVERAGE WINDOW	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	221	AVERAGE SAMPLES	<input type="checkbox"/>	AVERAGE WINDOW	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	222	AVERAGE SAMPLES	<input type="checkbox"/>	AVERAGE WINDOW	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	223	AVERAGE SAMPLES	<input type="checkbox"/>	AVERAGE WINDOW	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	224	AVERAGE SAMPLES	<input type="checkbox"/>	AVERAGE WINDOW	<input type="checkbox"/>

K Factor & Totalizer Cutoff

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	231	SCALE FACTOR	<input type="checkbox"/>	CUTOFF	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	232	SCALE FACTOR	<input type="checkbox"/>	CUTOFF	<input type="checkbox"/>

32-point Linearization Tables

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	240	MODE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	241	MODE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	242	MODE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	243	MODE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	244	MODE	<input type="checkbox"/>

Scale Analog Output

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	251	ZERO	<input type="checkbox"/>	FULL SCALE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	252	ZERO	<input type="checkbox"/>	FULL SCALE	<input type="checkbox"/>

CODE 1

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	SUB-SETTINGS
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X50 SOURCE <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X51 SOURCE <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X52 SOURCE <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X53 SOURCE <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X54 SOURCE <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X55 SOURCE <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X56 SOURCE <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X57 SOURCE <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X60 DISPLAY <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X61 DISPLAY <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X62 DISPLAY <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X63 DISPLAY <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X64 DISPLAY <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X65 DISPLAY <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X66 DISPLAY <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X67 DISPLAY <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X70 CHARACTER <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X71 CHARACTER <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X72 CHARACTER <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X73 CHARACTER <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X74 CHARACTER <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X75 CHARACTER <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X76 CHARACTER <input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	X77 CHARACTER <input type="text"/>

CODE 2

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	PRESCALER
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	

CODE 3

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

CODE 4

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	PRESCALER
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	

CODE 5

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	SMART INPUT MODULE SETTINGS
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	

CODE 6

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	SMART INPUT MODULE SETTINGS
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	

CODE 7

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

CODE 8

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

CODE 9

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

CODE 10

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

SCALING FOR LINEAR BARGRAPH

3X0	BAR LOW	BAR HIGH
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
3X1	BAR LOW	BAR HIGH
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
BAR NOMINAL		
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
BAR NOMINAL		
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

SCALING FOR LOGARITHMIC BARGRAPH

3X3	REFERENCE	BAR NOMINAL
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
3X4	REFERENCE	BAR NOMINAL
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
3X5	REFERENCE	BAR NOMINAL
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
3X6	REFERENCE	BAR NOMINAL
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
3X7	REFERENCE	BAR NOMINAL
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

BARGRAPH COLORS

2XX	COLOR 1
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

SP ACTIVATION VALUES SETPOINT & RELAY CONTROL SETTINGS MODE SPC_1 TO SPC_6

SETPOINT FINAL SETTINGS

1st DIGIT

2nd DIGIT

3rd DIGIT

SPC 1

SPC 2

SPC 3

PID CONTROL SETTINGS

SPC 1	5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING
SPC 2	5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING
SPC 3	5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING
SPC 4	5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING
SPC 5	5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING
SPC 6	5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING

PID CONTROL SETTINGS															
SPC 1	5	SPAN		PB		INT		DER		ARW		MCT		SP TRACKING	
SPC 2	5	SPAN		PB		INT		DER		ARW		MCT		SP TRACKING	
SPC 3	5	SPAN		PB		INT		DER		ARW		MCT		SP TRACKING	
SPC 4	5	SPAN		PB		INT		DER		ARW		MCT		SP TRACKING	
SPC 5	5	SPAN		PB		INT		DER		ARW		MCT		SP TRACKING	
SPC 6	5	SPAN		PB		INT		DER		ARW		MCT		SP TRACKING	

REGISTER RESET & TRIGGER FUNCTIONS SETTINGS													
SPC 1	7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]					
SPC 2	7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]					
SPC 3	7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]					
SPC 4	7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]					
SPC 5	7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]					
SPC 6	7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]					

Commonly Used Registers

A Tiger 320 Series meter has 6,144 registers which are provided for use by the operating system and the powerful Custom Macro Programming system).

40 Manually Selectable Registers

Using the front panel buttons, there are 40 registers that may be selected for use within the following functions:

- **[Code_1] - Display Configuration [X50]**. Selection of a register as the data source for displays, peak and valley, totalizers and analog outputs.
- **Setpoint Control Settings [X1X]**. Selection of a register as the data source for a setpoint.
- **Setpoint Control Settings [XX7]**. Selection of a destination register that is to be reset by a setpoint with the contents of a selected source register.
- **Setpoint Control Settings [XX7]**. Select which register's contents are to be copied into the destination register by a setpoint.


The 40 registers that can be selected as a data source, a reset source or a reset destination for the functions above are shown in the table on the right.

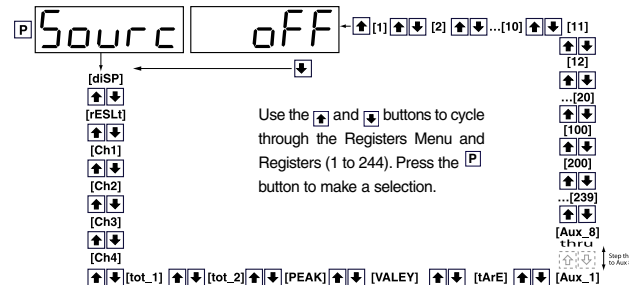
The table shows, in seven columns, the functions where these registers can be used.

Where a register is more likely to be used in a particular function, a closed circle ● is shown in the column. For those functions where a register is less likely to be used, an open circle ○ is shown.

No register number is shown for the first 11 functions, because these 11 functions are identified in the display menu for direct selection by their code names.

When cycling through the Registers Menu and then Registers 1 to 244, the numerical Register Set will increment through each decade in turn, from 1 to 0, while the button is held down. When [200] is reached, [oFF] or [tArE] will be displayed. To select a specific number set, the button should be released and pressed again each time the left most decade displays the desired number for that decade.

To quickly exit the numerical 1 to 244 Register Set, hold the  button down while cycling through the decades, and release it when [oFF] or [tArE] appears.



Registers that Should Not be Used

The following registers are contained within the selectable 1 to 244 Register Set, but they should not be selected because they are either reserved for future use, or for use by the operating system only:

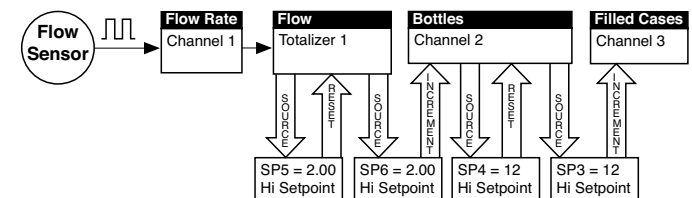
15, 38, 47-48, 52-53, 61-64, 123-128, 140-141, 234-244

Any selection of these Registers may cause a malfunction.

Resetting and Incrementing Using Setpoints

Setpoints may be used to reset and/or increment registers. In the example shown on the right, 2 liter soft drink bottles are being filled and packed 12 to a case. Using the setpoint reset and increment feature, the number of bottles and the total number of filled cases is easily calculated and displayed. Totalizer 1 counts from 0 to 2, resets, and repeats. CH 2 counts from 0 to 12, resets, and repeats.

Register Functions	Register Numbers	Data Source for Displays	Data Source for Peak & Valley	Data Source for Analog Outputs 1 & 2	Data Source for Totalizers 1 & 2	Data Source for Setpoints	Reset Source	Reset Dest.
Display [diSP]	-		●	●	●	●		
Result [rESLr]	-	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
CH1 [Ch1]	-	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
CH2 [Ch2]	-	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
CH3 [Ch3]	-	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
CH4 [Ch4]	-	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Total 1 [tot_1]	-	●	●	●		●	●	●
Total 2 [tot_2]	-	●	●	●		●	●	●
Peak [PEAK]	-	○					○	●
Valley [VALEY]	-	○				●	○	●
Tare [tArE]	-	○	○	○		○	○	●
PID Output 1	50	○	○	○		○		
PID Output 2	51	○	○	○		○		
Smart Result 1	54	○	○	○				○
Smart Result 2	55	○	○	○				○
Smart Result 3	56	○	○	○				○
Smart Result 4	57	○	○	○				○
Smart Result 5	58							○
Smart Result 6	59							○
Smart Result 7	60							○
Analog Output 1	83	○				○	○	○
Analog Output 2	84	○				○	○	○
Timer 1	95	○				○	○	○
Timer 2	96	○				○	○	○
Smart Reset Offset 1	121							●
Smart Reset Offset 2	122							●
Clock - Seconds	213					○		
Clock - Minutes	214					○		
Clock - Hours	215					○		
Clock - Days	216					○		
Clock - Date	217					○		
Clock - Month	218					○		
Clock - Year	219					○		
Setpoint Latch	221							●
Relay De-energize	222							●
Zero Offset - Result	227					○		
Zero Offset - CH1	228					○		
Zero Offset - CH2	229					○		
Zero Offset - CH3	230					○		
Zero Offset - CH4	231					○		



USING SETPOINTS TO INCREMENT AND RESET REGISTERS

User Notes

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