





TI-503

Programmable Micro PLC 5 Digit, 3 Display 0.31" LEDs **DIN Rail Mount**



Optional HMI Touch Screen Display

TI-502

A powerful, smart, 5-digit, 3-display Programmable Micro PLC with variety choices of outputs, input signal conditioning and advanced software features for monitoring, measurement, control and communication applications.

General Features

- The Tiger 320 Operating System supports an easy to use PC based Configuration Utility Program (which can be downloaded FREE from the Texmate website) and programming from front panel buttons.
- The Macro enabled Version supports custom macro programs that can be easily produced with the Tiger Macro Development System. The Development System enables programs to be written in BASIC, which can utilize any combination of the hundreds of functions and thousands of registers embedded in the Tiger Operating System.
- 3 displays with red, green, or superbright red 7-segment, 0.31" high LEDs with full support for seven segment alphanumeric text.
- Brightness control of LED display from front panel buttons.
- Modular construction with more than 120 interchangeable input signal conditioners and more than 25 interchangeable I/O modules.
- Up to 4 input channels with cross channel math for multi-channel processing.
- For applications where sensor excitation is required, modules are provided with 5V, 10V or 24 V DC voltage outputs.
- On demand tare, calibration and compensation can be initiated by the front panel program button.
- Autozero maintenance for super stable zero reading is provided for use in weighing applications.
- Programmable input averaging and smart digital filtering for quick response to input signal changes.
- Display text editing. Customize display text for OEM applications.
- Scrolling display text messaging on T meters with macros.
- Auto-sensing high voltage or optional low voltage AC / DC power supply.
- Serial output options include RS-232, RS-485, ModBus, Ethernet, or direct meter-to-meter communications.

- Single or dual 16-bit Isolated Analog Outputs. Programmable 0~4 to 20mA or 0 to 10V for retransmission, 4-20mA loops to drive valve actuators, remote controllers & displays, multiloop feedback and PID output. Scalable from 1 count to full scale.
- Dual independent totalizers to integrate input signals.
- 6 super smart, independently programmable setpoints with 8 selectable functions, including latching, deviation, hysteresis, register resetting, tracking and dual PID. Plus 7 programmable timer modes on all 6 setpoints.
- Setpoint tracking, setpoint latching and manual relay reset.
- Setpoints activated from any input, any register in the meter or from any digital input.
- Plug-in I/O modules include electromechanical or solid state relays, logic outputs or open collector outputs. 6 inputs & 16 outputs of opto-isolated I/O can be connected to an external DIN Rail terminal block module.
- Internal program safety lockout switch to prevent tampering.
- Peak & valley (max & min) with front panel recall and reset.
- Real time clock with 15 year Lithium battery backup.
- Data logging within the meter (up to 4000 samples with date/ time stamp).
- Optional NEMA-4 front cover.
- **UL Listed**

Input Module Compatibility

TIGER FAMILY: More than 140 different Plugin I-Series Input Signal Conditioners are approved for the Tiger Family of meters.



See I-Series Input Signal Conditioning Modules Guide (Z87) for an up-to-date list.

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Display

Digital Display: 3 displays, 7-segment, 0.31" (8 mm)

LEDs.

Display Color: Red (std). Green or Super-Bright Red

(optional).

Digital Display Range: -19999 to 99999

Update Rate: 3 to 10 times per second

Display Dimming: 8 brightness levels. Front Panel

selectable

Scrolling Display Text Messaging: Full alphanumeric, 7-segment text characters supported on T Version

with macros.

Polarity: Assumed positive. Displays - negative

Decimal Point: Front panel, user selectable to five

positions.

Annunciators: 6 red LEDs on front panel; one per

setpoint.

Overrange Indication: Underrange Indication:

Front Panel Controls: PROGRAM, UP and DOWN.

Tiger Operating System

Processor: 32 bit with floating point maths (18.4 MHz).

Flash Memory: 64k, 4k for use by custom macros.

RAM: 1.25k and FeRAM 4k.

EEPROM: E Version 4k standard, T Version 32k standard. Memory upgrades available to 32k for LIN Tables and 1MB for Data Logging and custom macros.

Registers: 6144 registers comprised of 8, 16 or 32 bit signed, unsigned or floating point registers, implemented in a combination of RAM, FeRAM, Flash and EEPROM.

Internal communication BUS: 32 bit I²C BUS

Real Time Clock (option):

Year:Month:Date:Hour:Minute:Second with 15 yr Lithium battery backup, when OR91 Data Acquisition Module with two SSR Ouputs is orderd.

Configuration: Supports Front Panel Programming Codes and a PC-based Configuration Utility Program,

which may be downloaded free from our website. T Version also supports custom macros.

Development System for Custom Macros

The Tiger 320 Macro Development System, which may be downloaded free from our website, can be used to create powerful macro software that allows Tiger 320 T Versions to be easily customized to suit any proprietary OEM application.

Installed Application Software Includes

Counter Functions: Two built-in counters. UP counters, DOWN counters, UP/DOWN counters and high speed quadrature counters.

Data Logging: Logging with a date/time stamp, initiated at timed intervals, by activation of a setpoint, or manually. Data stored in a removable 4 to 128M Flash Card Memory Module. Endless loop recording is supported.

Input Compensation: Provides compensation to the primary input channel (CH1) via channels 2, 3 or 4.

Linearization: 4 selectable 32 point or one 125 point flexible linearization tables are provided.

Logic I/O: 28 Macro programmable I/O ports supported.

Manual Loader: Front panel adjustable, 4 to 20mA or 0 to 10V isolated analog output.

Math Functions: Cross channel math functions to calculate the sum, difference, ratio or the product of two inputs.

On Demand Functions: Tare, compensation and calibration.

Peak and Valley: The meter can retain peak and valley (min/max) information and recall this on the front panel.

Remote Setpoint Input: Remote setpoint input via channel 2.

Serial Output Protocols: Selectable communication modes include ASCII, Modbus (RTU), Master Mode (for meter to meter communication) and an Epson compatible printer driver. An Ethernet optional output carrier board is also supported.

Setpoint Functions: Six super smart setpoints with fully configurable hysteresis, on and off delays, one shot, pulse and repeat timers, latching, dual PID, setpoint tracking, resetting of registers, initiating of logging and printing.

Signal Conditioning Functions: Averaging, smart filter, rounding, square root, auto zero maintenance.

Timer: Timer functions supported in either time-up, time-down, or real-time clock modes.

Totalizer: Two totalizers for running total and batch totals of a process signal that can be accumulated over time.

Inputs

Inputs Available: More than 120 single, dual, triple and quad input signal conditioners available covering all types of analog, digital and mixed input signals.

Accuracy: Tiger 320 PMCs enable the user to establish any degree of system accuracy required. Built-in compensation and linearization functions enable system accuracies of the order of ±0.0001% of reading for analog inputs. Stop -Start time resolution from ±1sec to ±0.7nsec. Digital input and pulse counts ±1 count.

A/D Convertors: A Dual Slope, bipolar 17 bit A/D is provided as standard on the main board. SMART modules can have 24 bit or 16 bit Delta-Sigma A/D convertors that utilize the internal I²C BUS.

Temperature Coefficient: Typically 30ppm/°C. Compensation can be utilized to achieve system temperature coefficients of 1ppm.

Warm Up Time: Up to 10 minutes, depending on input module.

Conversion Rate: Typically 10 samples per second. However, SMART input modules are available that can convert at 60, 240, 480 or 960 samples per second.

Control Output Rate: Can be selected for 100msec or 10msec. Some SMART modules have SSR outputs that react within 1.2msec.

Excitation Voltage: Depends on input module selected. Typically, 5V, 10V or 24VDC is provided.

Outputs

Two Optional Plug-in Carrier Boards: Provide three different serial outputs or no serial output, support single or dual analog outputs, and accept any one of seven different plug-in I/O modules.

- Standard Carrier Board: Is available without a serial output, or with either an isolated RS-232 or an isolated RS-485 (RJ-6 socket).
- **2. Ethernet Carrier Board:** 10/100Base-T Ethernet (RJ-45 socket).

Two Isolated Analog Output Options: Mounted on any carrier board.

- Single Analog Output: Fully scalable from 4 to 20mA or 0 to 20mA (or reverse) and selectable for 0 to 10VDC (or reverse).
- **2. Dual Analog Output:** Fully scalable from 0 to 10VDC (or reverse).

Inputs

Analog Output Specifications: Accuracy: 0.02% FS. Resolution: 16-bit Delta-Sigma D/A provides 0.4 μ A on current scaling, 250 μ V on voltage scaling. Compliance: 500 Ω maximum for current output. 500 Ω minimum for voltage output. Update Rate: Typical 7 per second. Step Response: Typical 6msec to a display change. Scalable: From 1 count to full scale.

Seven I/O Modules: Plug into any carrier board from rear.

- Four Relay Module: Available in six combinations from one relay up to a total of two 9/10A Form C Relays* and two 4/5A Form A Relays**.
- **2. Four Relay Module:** Available with one to four 5A Form A Relays**.
- **3. Six Relay Module:** Available with five or six 4A Form A Relays**.

*Form C Relay Specifications: 9/10A 240VAC~1/2 HP, 8A 24VDC. Isolation 3000V. UL and CSA listed.

**Form A Relay Specifications: 4/5A 240VAC, 4A 24VDC. Isolation 3000V. UL and CSA listed.

- Four Solid State Relay (SSR) Module: Available with one to four independent (210mA DC only) SSRs (300V max).
- Six Output 5VDC / TTL or Open Collector: Available with 0 to 5VDC (50 mA) or 0 to V+ (5VDC max, 50 mA).
- Opto Isolated I/O Module: Available in either 6 Outputs & 6 Inputs, or 16 Outputs and 6 Inputs. For connection to an external breakout box.
- Flash Card Memory Module: Available with 8 or 16 MB memory.

Power Supplies

Auto sensing AC/DC (DC to 400Hz) hi volts std, low volts optional.

PS1 (standard): 95-300VDC or 85-265VAC, 50-400Hz, 2W nominal.

PS2 (optional): 10-72VDC or 14-48VAC, 50-400Hz, 2W nominal.

Environmental (See Rear page for IP-65 & NEMA-4 options)

Operating Temperature: 0 to 50 °C (32 °F to 122 °F). **Storage Temperature:** -20 °C to 70 °C (-4 °F to 158 °F).

Relative Humidity: 95% (non-condensing) at 40 °C (104 °F).

Mechanical (See Rear page for more details)

Case Dimensions: 1/8 DIN, 96x48mm (3.78" x 1.89") **Case Material:** 94V-0 UL rated self-extinguishing polycarbonate.

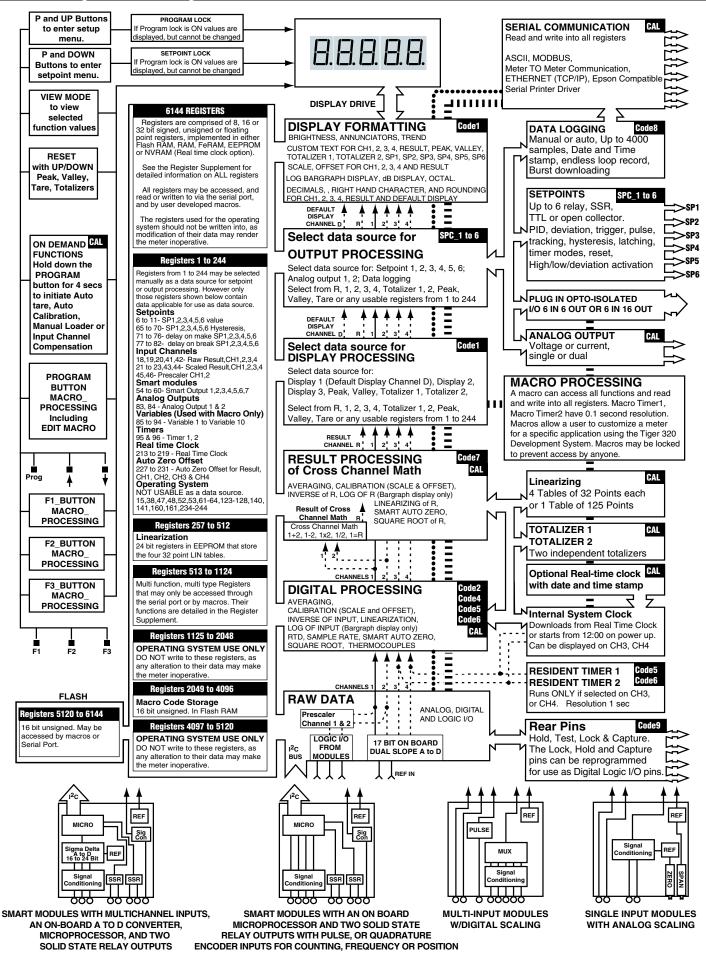
Weight: 11.5 oz (0.79 lbs), 14 oz (0.96 lbs) when packed.

Certifications and Listings

CE: As per EN-61000-3/4/6 and EN-61010-1.

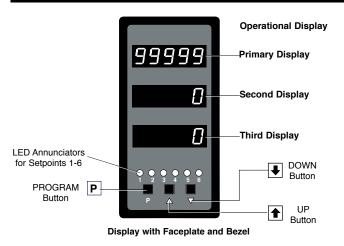
UL: E469078

Block Diagram of the Tiger 320 Series Software and Hardware Structure



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Controls and Indicators





While programming, pressing the P button saves the current programming settings and moves to the next programming step.

You can move through the programming codes using the program button. The codes you pass are not affected, unless you stop and make changes using the 🐧 or 🖳 buttons.

Pressing the P and button at the same time initiates the main programming mode. To save a new configuration setting and return to the operational display, press the P button once and then press the P and b button at the same time.

Pressing the P and ▶ button at the same time initiates the setpoint programming mode. To save a new configuration setting and return to the operational display, press the P button once and then press the P and b button at the same time.

See Display with Faceplate and Bezel diagram.

Up Button

When setting a displayed parameter during programming, press the 1 button to increase the value of the displayed parameter.

When in the operational display, pressing the 🗈 button initiates a viewing mode that allows you to view the readings on channels 1 and 3, setpoints 1, 3, and 5, peak, and total 1. Once into the viewing routine, pressing the button moves through each displayed parameter.

See Display with Faceplate and Bezel diagram.

Down Button

When setting a displayed parameter during programming, press the 🖢 button to decrease the value of the displayed parameter.

When in the operational display, pressing the lacktriangle button initiates a viewing mode that allows you to view the readings on channels 2 and 4, setpoints 2, 4, and 6, valley, and total 2. Once into the viewing routine, pressing the 🖳 button moves through each displayed parameter.

See Display with Faceplate and Bezel diagram.

Annunciator LEDs

The annunciator LEDs can be programmed to indicate the alarm status.

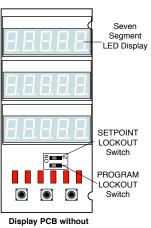
Setpoint 1 can be configured to indicate the **rising** signal trend. Setpoint 2 can be configured to indicate the falling signal trend. They are labeled from left to right: SP1, SP2, SP3, SP4, SP5,

See Display with Faceplate and Bezel diagram.

Seven Segment LED Displays

The six, seven segment LED displays are used to display the meter input signal readings.

They also display the programming codes and settings during programming. The display is available in red, green, or super bright red LEDs.



Faceplate and Bezel

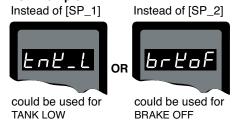
LED Displays

The meter has three 5-digit, 7-segment, 8 mm standard red, or optional green or bright red LED displays. The top display is the primary display and displays the primary input signal on Channel 1. It is also used to display all meter configuration programming codes. This includes programming the second and third displays.

The second and third displays can each be programmed to display an independent input signal, or a combination of signals processed by the meter, such as rate and total, peak and valley, etc.

Display Text Editing with 7 Segment
Alphanumeric Display Characters
Display text, such as setpoints, can be easily edited to suit your application, by connecting the meter to a PC running the free downloadable Configuration Utility program.

For Example:



Scrolling Display Text Messaging

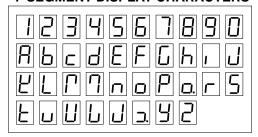
Scrolling display text messaging can be configured to run but requires a simple compiler generated macro.



Display Text Characters

The following text characters are used with the 7-segment display.

7-SEGMENT DISPLAY CHARACTERS



Controls and Indicators continued

Program Lockout Switch

When the PROGRAM LOCKOUT switch is set to position 2, all programmable meter functions can be changed.

When set to the ON position, the PROGRAM LOCKOUT switch prevents any programming changes being made to the meter. If programming is attempted, the meter displays [LOC]. The ON position allows programming parameters to be viewed but not changed.

See Display PCB without Faceplate and Bezel diagram.

Setpoint Lockout Switch

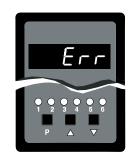
When the SETPOINT LOCKOUT switch is set to position 1, the setpoints can be programmed. Once the setpoint values have been entered and the SETPOINT LOCKOUT switch set to the ON position, the setpoints can be viewed but not changed.

See Display PCB without Faceplate and Bezel diagram.

Error Message [Err]

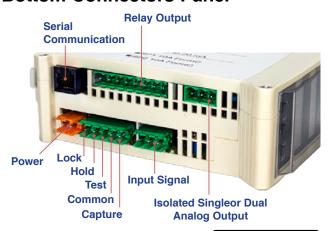
Error messages usually occur during calibration procedures. The three most likely causes of an error message are:

- The full scale and zero signals were too similar.
 - Note, the high input (full scale) signal must be at least 1000 counts greater than the low input (zero) signal (positive and negative values are allowed).
- 2) The scaling requirement exceeded the capability of the meter (-19999 to +99999).
- No input signal present, or incorrect connections.



Display Showing [Error] Message

Bottom Connectors Panel



Lock Pin

By configuring Code 9 to [XX0], connecting the LOCK pin (pin 8 on the main PCB) to the COMMON pin (pin 11 on the main PCB), locks out the main and setpoint programming modes. All meter programming codes and setpoints can be viewed but not changed.



Display Showing [LoCK] Message

The main programming mode can be entered, but only the brightness setting adjusted. After adjusting the brightness setting, pressing the P button displays [LoCK].

The LOCK pin can also be configured in Code 9 to carry out the following functions (see *Meter Programming Codes* on Page 9):

- · Reset channel 1 [XX1].
- · Reset channel 2 [XX2].
- · Reset channel 3 [XX3].
- · Reset channel 4 [XX4].
- Reset tare [XX5].
- · Reset total 1 [XX6].
- · Unlatch (de-energize) all setpoints [XX7].

Hold Pin

Configure Code 9 to [X0X]. When the HOLD pin (pin 9) is connected to the COMMON pin (11) the displayed reading is frozen. However, A/D conversions and all control functions continue and as soon as pin 9 is disconnected from pin 11 by the switch, the updated reading is instantly displayed.

The HOLD pin can also be configured in Code 9 to carry out the following functions (see *Meter Programming Codes* on Page 9):

- · Reset channel 1 [X1X].
- · Reset total 1 and total 2 [X2X].
- Reset total 2 [X3X].
- · Reset peak and valley [X4X].
- · Reset tare [X5X].
- Set tare [X6X].
- Unlatch (de-energize) all setpoints [X7X].

Test Pin

Configure Code 9 to [0XX]. When the TEST pin (pin 10) is connected briefly to the COMMON pin (pin 11) all segments of the display and setpoint annunciators light up. Six eights and six decimal points (8.8.8.8.8.) are displayed for a short period. The microprocessor is also reset during this time, losing all RAM settings such as peak and valley, and any digital input pin settings set up in Code 9.

The TEST pin can also be configured in Code 9 to carry out the following (see *Meter Programming Codes* on Page 9):

- Reset counter channel 1 and total 2 at power-up [1XX].
- Reset counters, CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4,- total 1, and total 2 at power-up [2XX].
- Reset total 1 and total 2 at power-up [3XX].

Capture Pin

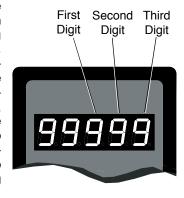
When the CAPTURE pin (pin 12) is connected to the COMMON pin (pin 11), the CAPTURE pin can be programmed for setpoint/ relay activation or macro control applications in the setpoint control settings mode of the setpoint programming mode [SPC_X] [X2X].

Common Pin

To activate the LOCK, HOLD, TEST and CAPTURE pins from the rear of the meter, the respective pins have to be connected to the COMMON pin (pin 11).

Front Panel Push Button Configuration and Setup for Programming Conventions

The meter uses a set of intuitive software codes to allow maximum user flexibility while maintaining an easy programming process. To configure the meter's programming codes, the meter uses the three right-hand side display digits. These are known as the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digits and can be seen in the diagram opposite. To explain software programming procedures, diagrams are used to visually describe the programming steps. The following conventions



are used throughout the range of Tiger 320 Series document diagrams to represent the buttons and indicators on the meter, and the actions involved in programming the meter:

Symbol

Explanation

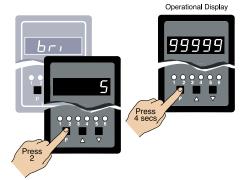


The top display showing 99999 represents the **OPERATIONAL DISPLAY**. After the meter has been powered up, the display settles and indicates the calibrated input signal. This is known as the operational mode and is generally referred to as the operational display throughout the documentation.

All programming modes are entered from this level.

Р

This symbol represents the **PROGRAM** button. In a procedure, pressing the program button is always indicated by a **left hand**. A number indicates how many times it must be pressed and released, or for how long it must be pressed before releasing.





This symbol represents the **UP** button.

Shown in a diagram, pressing the UP button is always indicated by a **right hand**.



This symbol represents the **DOWN** button.

Shown in a diagram, pressing the DOWN button is always indicated by a **right hand**.

Where two right hands are shown on the same diagram with the word OR between them, this indicates that both the $\ ^ullet$ and $\ ^ullet$ buttons can be used to adjust the display: UP for increase, DOWN for decrease.

[Span] [10000]

Text or numbers shown between square brackets in a description or procedure indicate the programming code name of the function or the value displayed on the meter display.

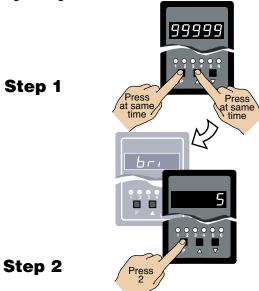
Programming procedures are graphic based with little descriptive text.

Each procedure shows a number of meter panel displays running in procedural steps from the top to the bottom of the page.

If need be, the procedure may run into two columns with the left column running down the page and continuing at the top of the right-hand column. Each action performed by the user is shown as a numbered step.

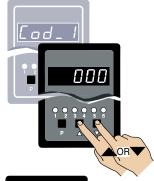
Each procedural step shows the meter display as it looks before an action is performed. The hand or hands in the procedural step indicate the action to be performed and also how many times, or for how long, the button is to be pressed.

For example, the diagram below shows the meter in the operational display. With a left hand pressing the button and a right hand pressing the button, the user is entering the main programming mode. This is indicated by the next diagram displaying [bri] and [5]. This is the display brightness mode and is the first sub-menu of the main programming mode.



Where a left and right hand are shown on separate buttons on the same diagram, this indicates that the buttons must be pressed at the same time.

The only exception to this rule is when carrying out the *Model* and *Software Code Version Check*.



When two displays are shown together as black on grey, this indicates that the display is toggling (flashing) between the name of the function and the value or configuration setting.

Where a number is not definable, the default setting [000] is shown.



If an X appears in the description of a 3-digit programming code or in a configuration procedure, this means that any number displayed in that digit is not relevant to the function being explained, or more than one choice can be made.

Front Panel Programming Codes

The meter's programming codes are divided into two modes: the main programming mode, and the setpoint programming mode (See Diagram below). Each mode is accessible from the operational display.

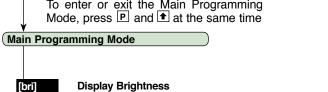
Main Programming Mode

The main programming mode provides access to program all meter functions, except setpoints.

To enter or exit the Main Programming Mode, press

P and

at the same time



Calibration Modes for Input and Output

Code 1 - Display Configuration [Cod_1] Р

Р

[CAL]

Р

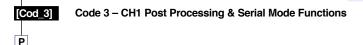
Р

[Cod_7]

Р

Р

[Cod_2] Code 2 - CH1 Measurement Task & Sampling Rate Р







Save Code Settings & Exit To save a new main pro-[Cod 6] Code 6 - CH4 Functions gramming mode configuration setting and return to the operational display at Р any point, press the P

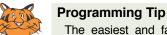
button once. Code 7 – Result Processing Then press the P and button at the same time to exit.

Code 8 - Data Logging & Print Mode



[Cod10] Code 10 - Bargraph Setup Р

Code 10 applies to Tiger 320 Series meters with bargraph displays only. See operator's manuals for DI-50EB51, DI-50TB51, FI-B101D50E, and FI-B101D50T.



The easiest and fastest way to configure the Tiger 320 is to use a PC with the free downloadable configuration utility program.

Setpoint Programming Mode

The setpoint programming mode provides access to program all setpoint and relay functions.

> To enter or exit the Setpoint Programming Mode, press P and 1 at the same time



Programming Tip

99<u>99</u>9

0

П

Save SP Settings & Exit To save a new setpoint configuration setting and return to the operational display at any point, press the P button once.

Then press the P and button at the same time to exit.

Setpoint Activation Values Mode Enter these menus to adjust SP activation values

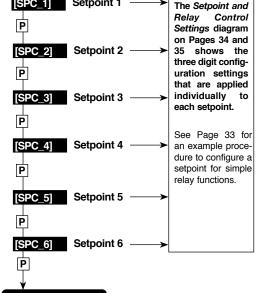
[SP_1] Setpoint 1 Р [SP_2] Setpoint 2 Setpoint 3

P Setpoint 4 P Setpoint 5

Setpoint 6

Setpoint & Relay Control Settings Mode

Enter these menus to configure SP control values Setpoint 1



Front Panel Programming Codes continued

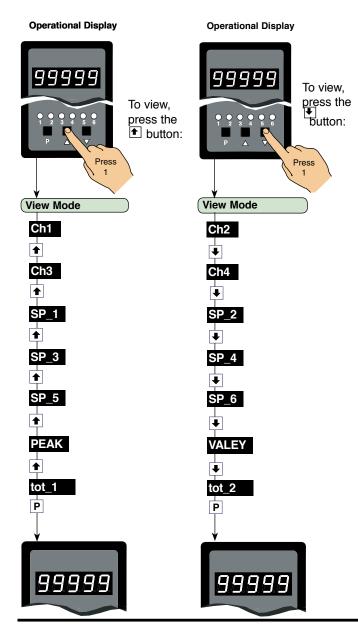
While in the operational display, pressing the 1 button allows you to view but not change the following parameters:

- Channel 1.
- Channel 3.
- Setpoint 1.
- Setpoint 3.
- Setpoint 5.
- Peak (of CH1).
- Total 1 (total of CH1).

While in the operational display, pressing the

■ button allows you to view but not change the following parameters:

- Channel 2.
- Channel 4.
- Setpoint 2.
- Setpoint 4.
- Setpoint 6.
- Valley (of CH1).
- Total 2 (total of CH2).



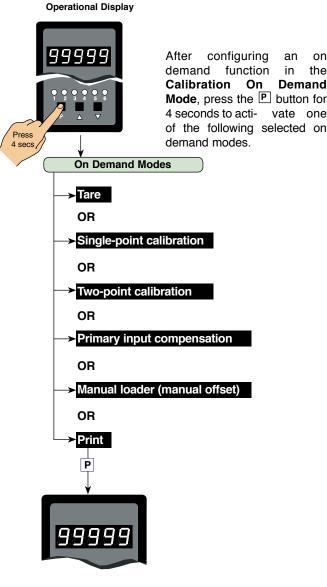
On Demand Modes

The meter can be programmed to activate the following functions on demand by pressing the P button for 4 seconds:

- Tare.
- Single-point calibration.
- Two-point calibration.
- Primary input compensation.
- Manual loader (manual offset).
- Print.

The on demand function is selected in the calibration mode.

Demand



For a full breakdown of all programming codes, see the Tiger 320 Series Programming Code Sheet (NZ101).

Initial Setup Procedures

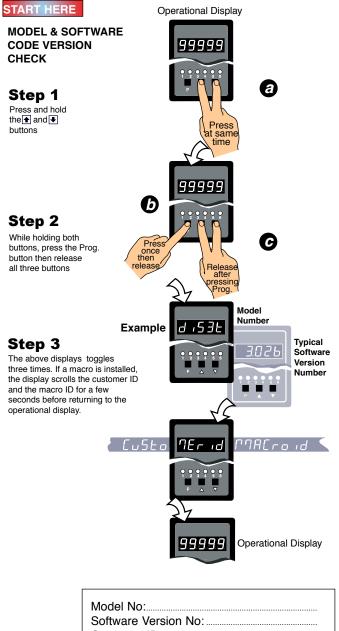
Before configuring the meter, carry out the following meter configuration checks:

- Model and software code version check.
- Code blanking and macro check.

After powering-up the meter, check the model and software code version number and note this in your user manual.

Model and Software Code Version Check

The meter model and software code version number can be checked at any time while in the operational display using the following procedure.



Customer ID: Macro ID:



Programming Tip

The Model and Software Code Version checking procedure can be performed at any time without interfering with other configuration settings.

Code Blanking and Macro Check

Tiger 320 Series meters have the ability to hide (blank out) all or some programming codes, making them tamper-proof. This can only be done using the Meter Configuration program.

With code blanking turned ON, all main and setpoint codes that have been blanked out during factory programming are hidden, preventing them from being reprogrammed. Any codes that have not been blanked out are still visible and can be reprogrammed.

Turning code blanking OFF means all meter programming codes are visible when you enter the programming modes and can be reprogrammed.

A macro is a set of commands that run automatically when the meter is powered up. We have a growing library of macros to suit a wide range of standard customer applications.

Macros can be installed in the meter at the factory during initial programming or by the customer at some later date. Macros are written and compiled using the BASIC Compiler program, and loaded into the meter using either the BASIC Compiler program or the Meter Configuration program.

Turning the macro OFF means that the meter will not perform the automatic commands pre-programmed to run with the macro.

Unless requested to blank out all or some programming codes and/or run a macro, we will program the meter in the code blanking OFF and macro OFF (default) setting.

To turn the code blanking and macro settings from ON to OFF:



CODE BLANKING & MACRO CHECK **PROCEDURE**

Step 1

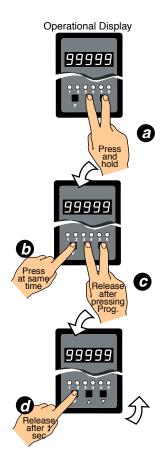
Press and hold the **and 4** buttons

Step 2

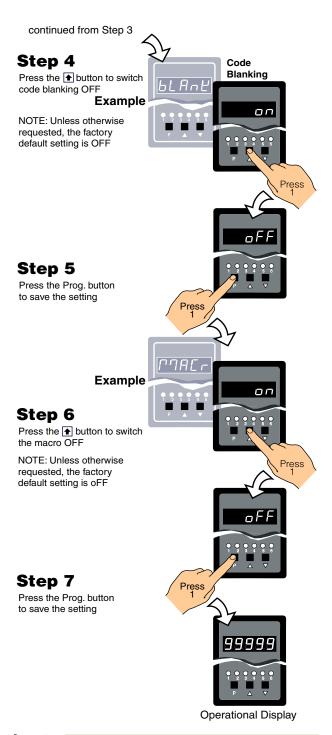
While holding both buttons, press the Prog.

Step 3

Release the the and ₽ buttons and hold the Prog. button for approx. 1 sec then release



Initial Setup Procedures continued



Programming Tip

Code Blanking and Macro ON/OFF settings revert to the meter's original configuration settings when the meter is powered off and on.

[bri] - Display Brightness

Display Configuration

Once you have read the User manual and related supplements, and installed and powered-up the meter, configure the display to suit its designated application.

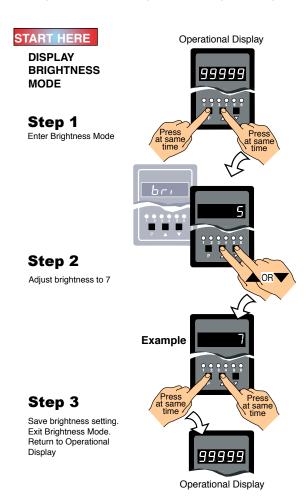
Display Brightness Mode

The **display brightness mode** is accessed when entering the main programming mode. It allows you to adjust the brightness of the display LEDs and setpoint annunciators without interfering with other configuration settings. It is always available, even with the PROGRAM LOCK switch set to ON, or the external LOCK pin connected to the COMMON pin, locking out the programming modes.

The display brightness can be set between 0 and 7, with 0 being dull and 7 being bright. 5 is the default setting.

Example Procedure:

Configure the display brightness setting to 7 (bright).





Programming Tip

The *Display Brightness* setting procedure can be performed at any time without interfering with other configuration settings by entering the main programming mode.

[CAL] - Calibration Modes for Input and Output

The Tiger 320 Series meter has an extremely powerful set of input and output calibration modes. See diagram below.

ON DEMAND Functions

In this mode the meter can be programmed to activate one of the following on demand functions by pressing the ${\buildrel{P}}$ button while in the operational display:

- On Demand TARE.
- · On Demand Single-point Calibration (requires single input source).
- On Demand Two-point Calibration (requires dual input source).
- · On Demand Primary Input Compensation Mode.
- · On Demand Manual Loader Mode.

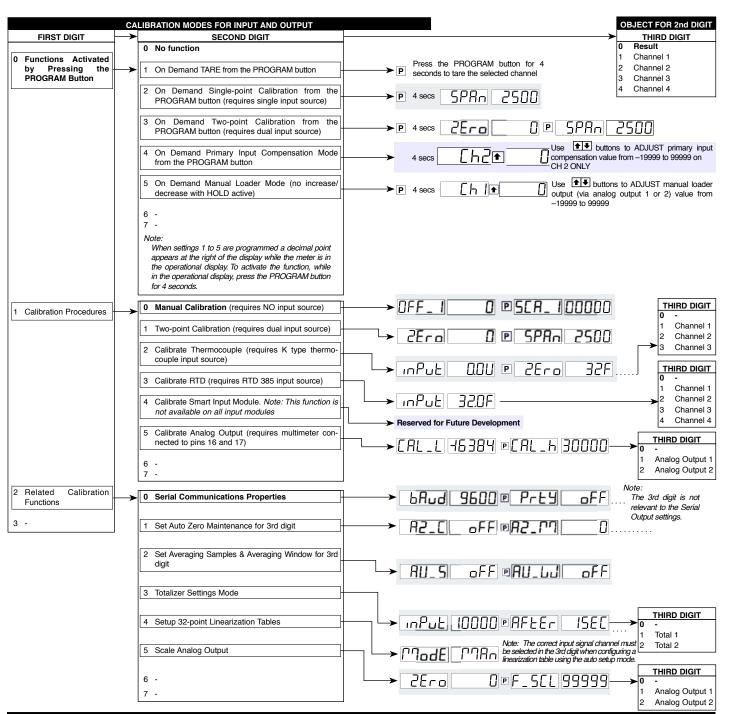
Calibration Modes

The following calibration modes are available:

- · Manual Calibration (requires NO input source).
- · Two-point Calibration (requires dual input source).

This is the calibration mode generally used to calibrate the meter for most applications. An example procedure has been included.

- Calibrate Thermocouple (requires K type thermocouple input source).
- Calibrate RTD (requires RTD 385 input source).
- Calibrate Smart Input Module (not available on all input modules).
- Calibrate Analog Output (requires multimeter connected to pins 16 and 17).



[CAL] - Calibration Modes for Input and Output continued

Related Calibration Functions

The following functions are also configured in the calibration mode. See *Advanced Calibration and On Demand Mode Supplement (NZ203)* for further calibration details.

Serial Communications Properties

Selecting [CAL][20X] enters the Serial Communications Properties Mode.

This mode allows you to configure the serial communications output module baud rate, parity, time delay, and address settings.

See the **calibration modes** diagram on Page 13 showing a breakdown of 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digits.

Also see the Serial Communications Module Supplement (NZ202) for further details on the serial communications module.

Set Auto Zero Maintenance

Selecting [CAL][21X] enters the Set Auto Zero Maintenance Mode

This mode allows you to configure auto zero maintenance settings for weighing applications applied to the channel selected in the 3rd digit.

See the calibration modes diagram on Page 13 showing a breakdown of 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digits.

Set Averaging Samples & Averaging Window

Selecting [CAL][22X] enters the Set Averaging Samples and Averaging Windows Mode.

This mode allows you to configure the number of input signal samples to average over, and the size of the averaging window in display counts applied to the channel selected in the 3rd digit.

Selecting [CAL][22X] enters the Set Averaging Samples and Averaging Windows Mode. When in this mode, the [AV_S] menu allows you to select the number of input signal samples to average over. After setting the number of samples, moving to the [AV_W] menu allows you to configure the size of the averaging window in displayed counts.

The meter averages the input samples over the selected number of input samples (selected in the [AV_S] menu). This carries on in a continual process provided the input signal stays within the averaging window (set in the [AV_W] menu). If the sample moves out of the averaging window, the meter responds quickly to the change by displaying the non-averaged signal value. When the signal stabilizes, a new averaging window is established and averaging resumes.

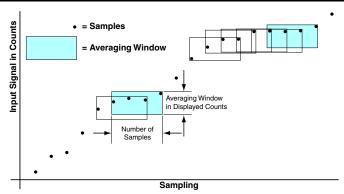
You can program the number of samples you want to average the input signal over from 1 to 255 samples. The averaging window can be set to between 1 and 65535 counts.

See the **calibration modes** diagram on Page 13 showing a breakdown of 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digits.

See Input Signal Sampling Showing Averaging Window diagram opposite.

Example Procedure

The example procedure on Page 16 shows how to configure channel 1 (CH1) with an averaging sample rate of 10 counts and an averaging window of 1000 counts.



Input Signal Sampling Showing Averaging Window

Totalizer Settings

Selecting [CAL][23X] enters the Totalizer Settings Mode.

This mode allows you to configure the settings for the totalizer selected in the 3rd digit. An input value of 10000 counts is applied to a selectable time period to produce the required total value.

The cutoff is a programmable limit below which the input is not totalized.

See the **calibration modes** diagram on Page 13 showing a breakdown of 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digits.

Also see the Totalizing and Batching Supplement (NZ208) for further details on K factor and totalizer cutoff parameters.

Setup 32-point Linearization Tables

Selecting [CAL][24X] enters the Setup 32-point Linearization Tables Mode.

This mode allows you to set up the linearization table or tables using the manual or auto setup modes. The table or tables can then be selected to linearize the signals on channels 1 to 4.

See **Linearization Table Notes** on Page 28 for a description of memory related issues with linearization.

See the calibration modes diagram on Page 13 showing a breakdown of 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digits.

Also see the Linearizing Supplement (NZ207) for further details on linearization table setup and use.

Scale Analog Output

Selecting [CAL][25X] enters the Scale Analog Output Mode.

This mode allows you to calibrate and scale the analog output signal. Before calibrating the analog output in the calibration mode, the data source for the analog output must be configured in Code 1.

See the calibration modes diagram on Page 13 showing a breakdown of 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digits.

Also see the Analog Output Module Supplement (NZ200) for further details on the analog output module.

Also see Configure Data Source Procedure on Page 19 for an example of setting the analog output data source.

Calibration Mode Procedures Supplement

The Advanced Calibration and On Demand Mode Procedures Supplement (NZ203) describes in detail all Tiger 320 Series meter related calibration procedures configured in the calibration mode.

[CAL] - Calibration Modes for Input and Output continued

Two-point Calibration

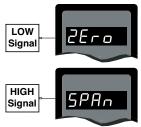
Two-point calibration is the most commonly used method of calibrating Tiger 320 Series meters when a low and high input source is available.

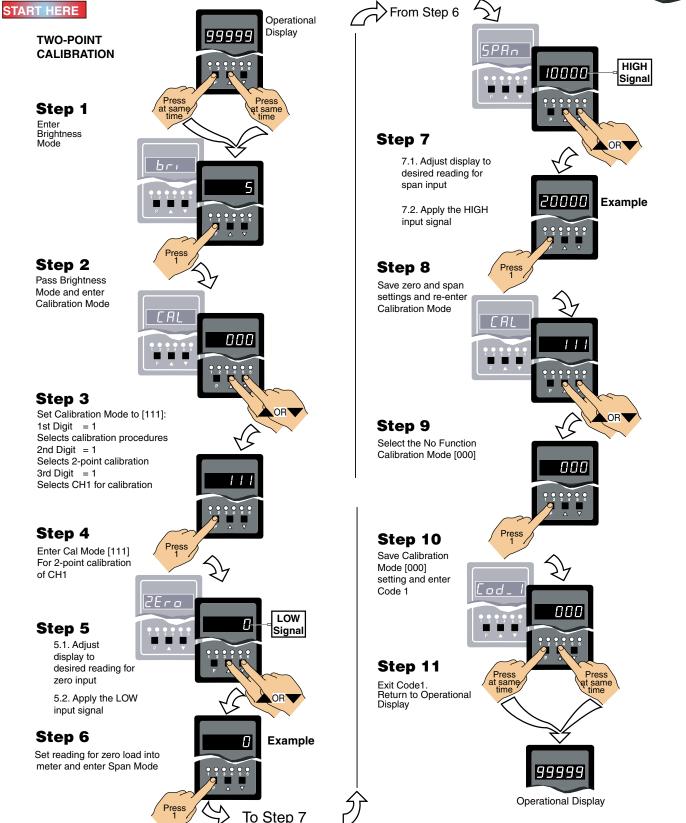
Example Calibration Procedure

Calibrate channel 1 (CH1) using the two-point calibration method. Set the calibration mode display to [111].

The low input source is applied to the meter when setting the zero value.

The high input source is applied to the meter when setting the span value.





[CAL] - Calibration Modes for Input and Output continued

Input Signal Filtering and Averaging

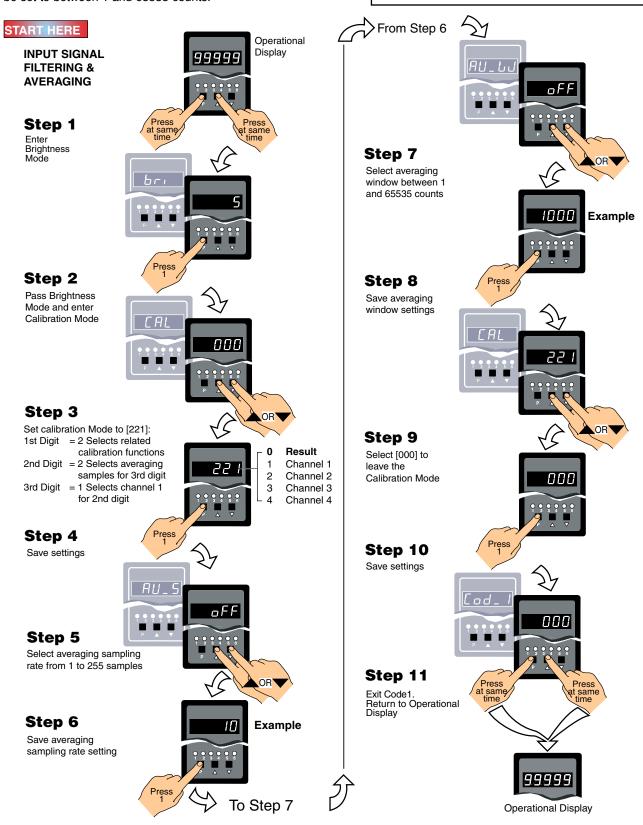
Input signal filtering and averaging is configured in the calibration mode. Programmable averaging allows you to program the number of samples you want to average the input signal over (from 1 to 255 samples).

A programmable averaging window provides a quick response time to large input signal changes. The averaging window can be set to between 1 and 65535 counts.

Example Procedure:

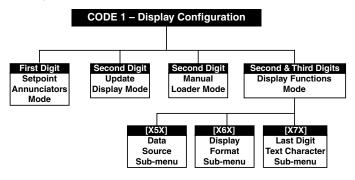
Select an averaging sampling rate of 10 samples and an averaging window of 1000 counts for Channel 1 by setting [CAL] to [221].

See Advanced Calibration & On Demand Mode Supplement (NZ203) for further calibration procedures.



CODE 1 - Display Configuration Modes

All meter display modes, except the display brightness mode, are configured in Code 1 (See diagram below). See Code 1 diagram on Page 18 for a breakdown of 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digits settings.



The top display is the primary display and is used during all meter configuration procedures, including configuring the second and third displays.

Setpoint Annunciators Mode

The setpoint annunciators mode is configured by changing the 1st digit in Code 1. The setpoint annunciators can be configured to operate as follows:

- · On when the setpoint activates.
- All annunciators are permanently on and each one only goes off when its setpoint activates.
- All annunciators are always off (See Note 1 on Code 1 diagram on Page 18).
- Setpoint 1 annunciator comes on indicating a rising signal.
 Setpoint 2 annunciator comes on indicating a falling signal.

The example procedure on Page 22 shows how to select the setpoint annunciators to come ON when the setpoints are OFF (not active).

Update Display at Selected Sample Rate

The meter's default display update rate is 0.5 seconds and is set in the 2nd digit of Code 1 as [X0X].

The display can be configured to update at the analog sample rate selected in Code 2.

Selected in Code 2 the example procedure on Page 22 shows how to configure the display to update at typically 10 samples per second by setting Code 1 to [X2X].

For these settings to take effect, the analog sample rate must be set at [2XX] in Code 2.

See Code 2 – Channel 1 Measurement Task and Sampling Rate on Page 23 for an example.

Manual Loader Mode

The meter can be configured to function exclusively as a manual loader by setting Code 1 to [X1X].

See Analog Output Module Supplement (NZ200) for full details on manual loader mode functions.

Display Functions Mode

The display functions mode is configured by changing the 2nd and 3rd digits in Code 1:

- Selecting [X5X] enters the Data Source sub-menu.
- · Selecting [X6X] enters the **Display Format** sub-menu.
- Selecting [X7X] enters the Last Digit Text Character submenu.

Data Source - 2nd Digit [X5X]

The data source for the primary, second, or third display is configured by selecting **5** in the 2nd digit and the **relevant display** in the 3rd digit:

- [X50] = Primary Display.
- [X51] = Second Display.
- [X52] = Third Display.

The 2nd digit in Code 1 can also be used to configure the data source for the remaining functions in the 3rd digit:

- [X53] = Peak and Valley.
- [X54] = Analog Output 1.
- [X55] = Analog Output 2.
- [X56] = Totalizer 1.
- [X57] = Totalizer 2.

Selecting 5 in the 2nd digit enters a sub-menu and allows you to select the data from one of a number of meter registers as the data source for the displays or functions selected in the 3rd digit.

The example procedure on Page 19 shows how to select the data source for the **primary** display. The three digits are set to [**X50**].

The same procedure is used to configure the second and third displays, with the three digits set to [X51] for second display and [X52] for third display.

Display Format - 2nd Digit [X6X]

Selecting 6 in the 2nd digit enters the Display Format submenu where the following display format settings can all be configured:

- · Last digit rounding.
- Display units (decimal, octal, or optional 12 or 24-hour clock).
- · Decimal point placement.

The example procedure on Page 20 shows how to configure the three display format modes for the 3rd digit selection.

Text Character - 2nd Digit [X7X]

Selecting 7 in the 2nd digit allows you to select one of 54 characters and apply it to the last digit when the meter is in the operational display.

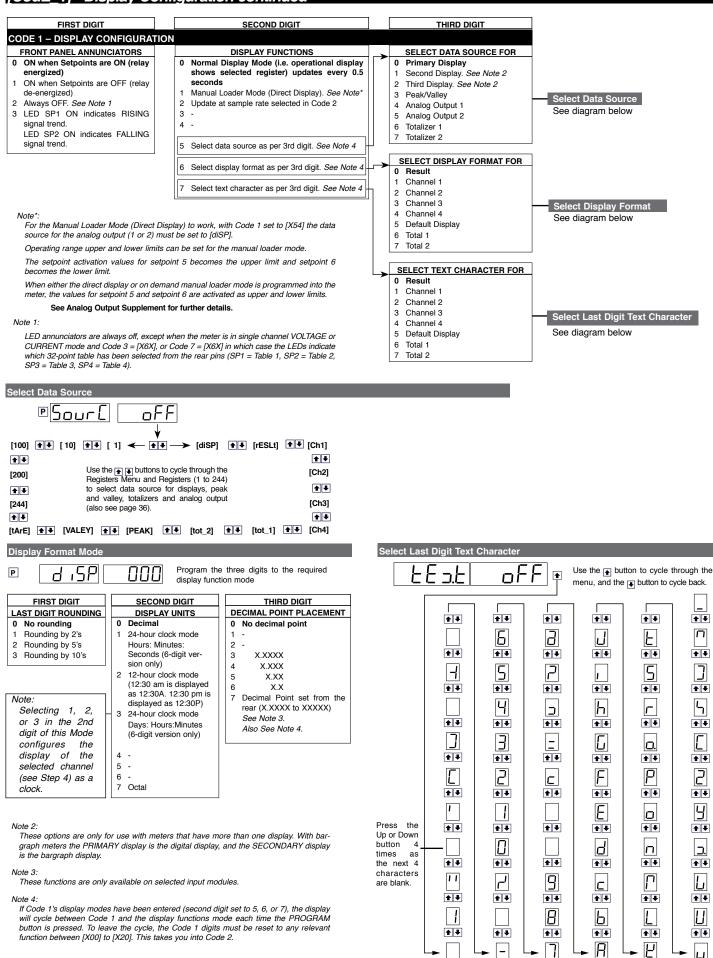
For example, if the meter was measuring a temperature, the display could be configured to display the reading with a C or an F in the last digit for °C or °F.

The example procedure on Page 21 shows how to configure the last digit text character as "C" for centigrade (°C) for the 3rd digit selection.

Note:

After setting any or all the above three modes [X5X], [X6X], [X7X], the Code 1 display must be set back to [X0X] to leave Code 1 and carry on programming.

[CodE_1] - Display Configuration continued



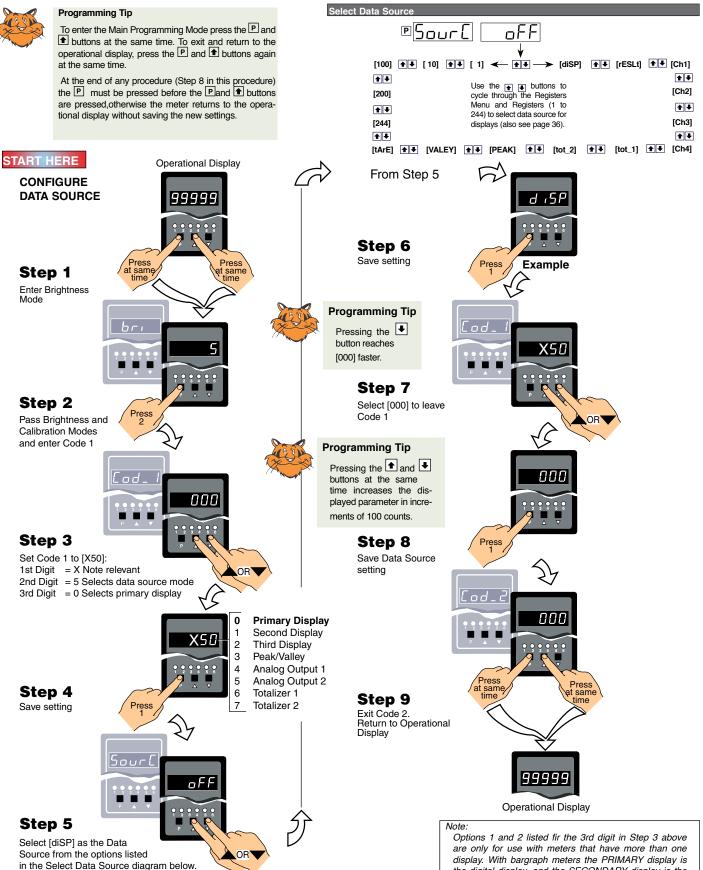
[CodE_1] - Display Configuration continued

Configure Data Source Procedure

The following example procedure describes how to select the source of the data to be displayed for the third digit selection.

Example Procedure:

Configure the Primary Display with the display [diSP] as the data source by setting Code 1 to [X50]. See diagram at the bottom of the page for data source selection options.



the digital display, and the SECONDARY display is the

bargraph display.

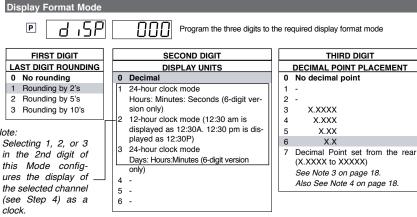
Configure Display Format Mode Procedure

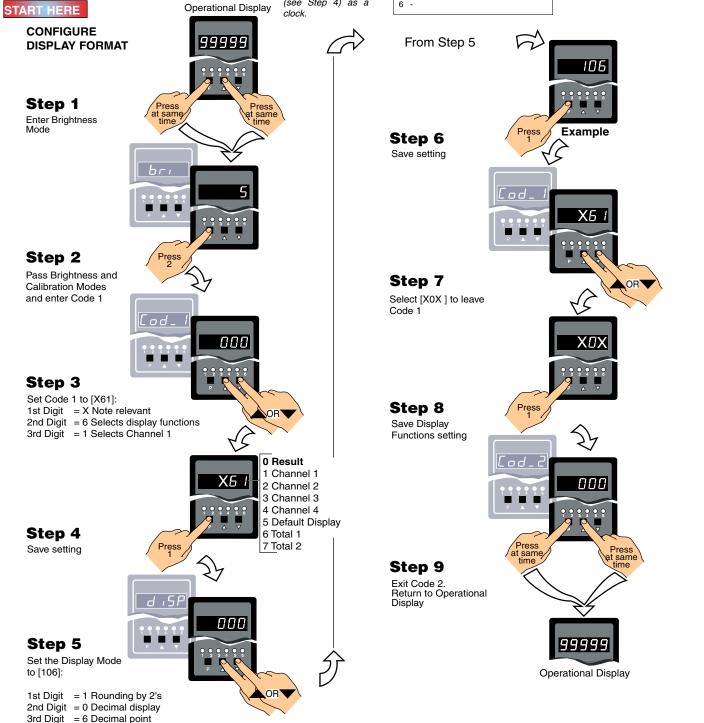
The following example procedure describes how to configure the display format mode for the 3rd digit selection and covers:

- · Last Digit Rounding.
- · Display Units.
- Decimal Point Placement.

Example Procedure:

Configure the display format mode for channel 1 with rounding by 2's, decimal display units, and the decimal point placed between display digits 4 and 5 by setting Code 1 to [X61] to enter the Display Format Mode.





Configure Last Digit Text Character Procedure

Select Last Digit Text Character The following example procedure describes how to select the last digit text character. Ł E 5.Ł Use the $\begin{tabular}{c} \blacksquare \end{tabular}$ button to cycle through the oh. **Example Procedure:** menu, and the putton to cycle back. Configure Channel 1 with C as its last digit text character (for °C) by setting Code 1 to [X71] to enter the Select Last Digit Text • **★** • **+** • 4 Character Mode. See diagram opposite. 5 3 F J 4 4 4 **+** 1 4 START HERE Operational 7 Display **CONFIGURE** 44 ++ • • **+** 4 **LAST DIGIT** Ч Н 5 _ b **TEXT CHARACTER +** 4 **+ ↑ +** 4 3 Ю. Step 1 at same 4 + **+ + + +** 4 4 Enter Brightness F 2 C 4 **+ ↑** 4 4 4 Ε 님 **↑** 4 4 4 ++ 4 + 4 Press the Up or Down Ы J. button times as the 4 1 **+** 1 4 **+** next 4 char-1.1 9 acters are blank. 4 1 Step 2 **+** 4 **† ↑** 8 Π Ь Pass Brightness and Calibration Modes **+** 4 **+ + + +** 4 and enter Code 1 R From Step 6 Step 3 Set Code 1 to [X71]: 1st Digit = X Note relevant OR 2nd Digit = 7 Selects text character mode 3rd Digit = 1 Selects channel 1 Step 7 0 Result Select [X0X] to leave 1 Channel 1 Code 1 2 Channel 2 3 Channel 3 4 Channel 4 5 Default Display Step 4 6 Total 1 7 Total 2 Save setting Step 8 Save Last Digit Text Character setting Lodi OR Step 5 Press at same time Select Text Character [C] Step 9 from the options listed in the diagram above Exit Code 2. Return to Operational Display Operational Display Example Step 6 To Step 7 Save setting

Configure Setpoint Annunciators Procedure

The following example procedure describes how to configure setpoint annunciators.

Example Procedure:

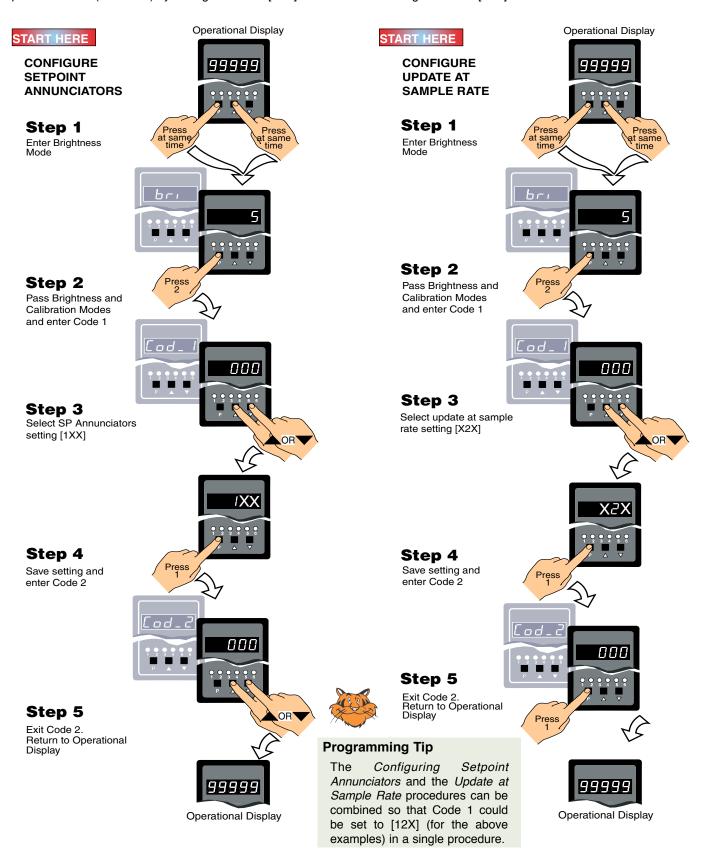
Configure the setpoint annunciators to come ON when the setpoints are OFF (not active) by setting Code 1 to [1XX].

Configure Update at Sample Rate Procedure

The following example procedure describes how to configure the display to update at the sample rate selected in Code 2.

Example Procedure:

Update the display at the sample rate selected in Code 2 by setting Code 1 to [X2X].

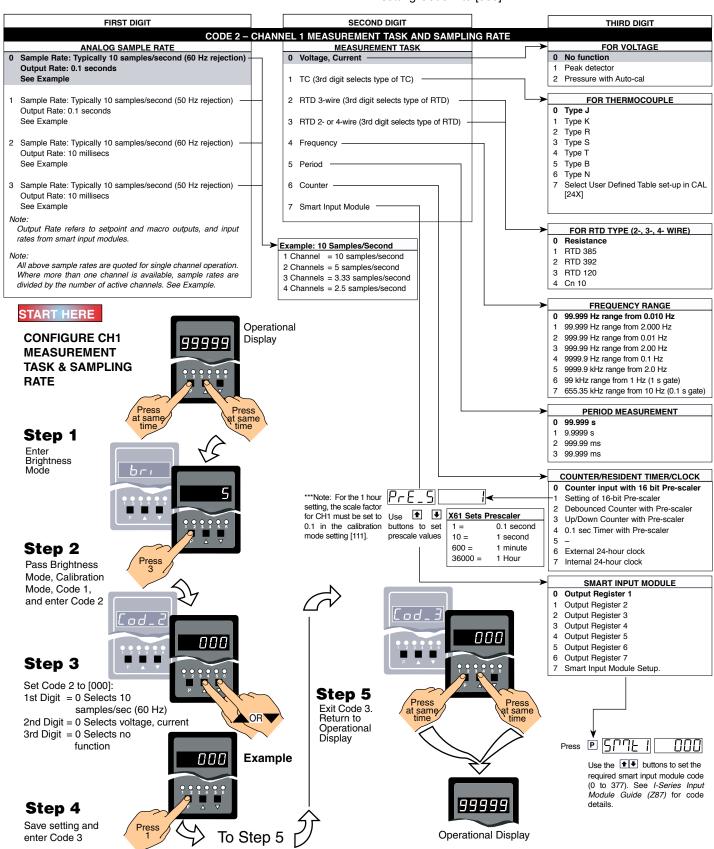


[CodE 2] - Channel 1 Measurement Task & Sampling Rate

The Tiger 320 Series DI-503 meter can be configured to measure almost any input signal. The measurement task and sampling rate for Channel 1 (CH1) is configured in the three digits of Code 2. The diagram below lists the available configuration selections in Code 2.

Example Procedure:

Configure CH1 for a voltage input with 10 samples/second (60 Hz rejection) sampling rate and output rate of 0.1 seconds by setting Code 2 to [000].



[CodE 3] - Channel 1 Post Processing & Serial Mode Functions

Post processing functions refer to functions that occur to the input after it has been configured and scaled.

Post processing for Channel 1 (CH1) is configured in the first digit of Code 3. The diagram below lists the available post processing configuration selections in Code 3 (1st digit only).

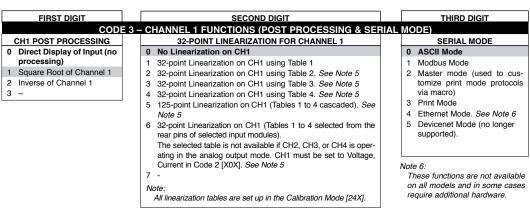
Note 5:

If only 4 kB memory installed, functions 2 to 6 are not available in:

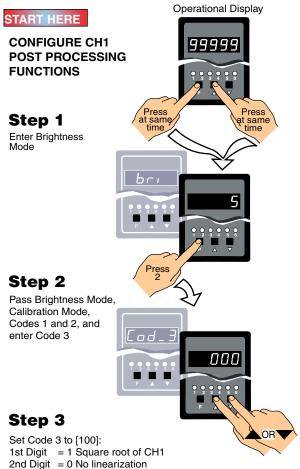
- Code 3 second digit.
- Code 4 third digit.
- Code 7 second digit.

Example Procedure:

Configure the meter to apply square root to the CH1 signal by setting Code 3 to [100].



From Step 3



Step 4 Save Post Processing setting Step 5 Exit Code 4. Return to Operational Display Operational Display

Print Mode - Data Printing Direct to Serial Printer

Print mode data printing is a simple method of capturing data using the meter's print mode. The data can be printed directly to a serial printer from the meter.

The print mode uses the meter's serial communications port to connect to a remote serial printer. The data can be printed with or without a Day: Month: Year or Hours: Minutes: Seconds time stamp.

Time stamp settings are configured in Code 8.

3rd Digit = 0 ASCII Mode



Programming tip

For full details on the Serial Mode, see *Serial Communications Output Module* supplement.

Print Mode – Data Printing Direct to PC

The print mode can also be used to print data to a PC where it is logged in a Windows Terminal program.

The print mode uses the meter's serial communications port to connect to the PC. The data can be logged with or without a Day: Month: Year or Hours: Minutes: Seconds time stamp.

Time stamp settings are configured in Code 8.

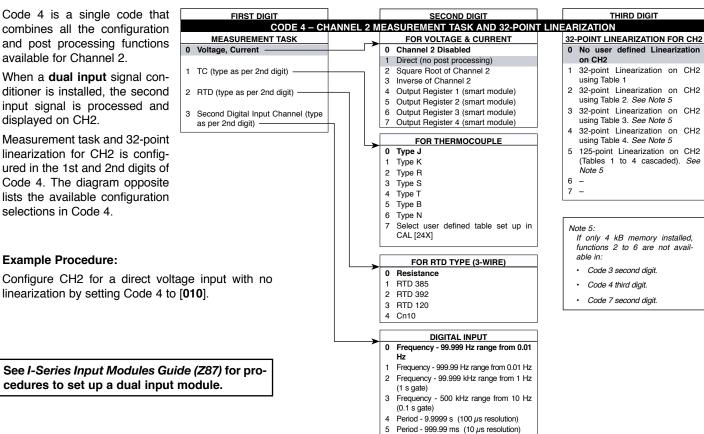
[CodE_4] - Channel 2 Measurement Task & Sampling Rate

Code 4 is a single code that combines all the configuration and post processing functions available for Channel 2.

When a dual input signal conditioner is installed, the second input signal is processed and displayed on CH2.

Measurement task and 32-point linearization for CH2 is configured in the 1st and 2nd digits of Code 4. The diagram opposite lists the available configuration selections in Code 4.

Example Procedure:

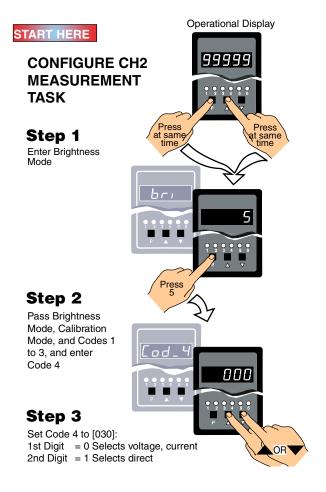


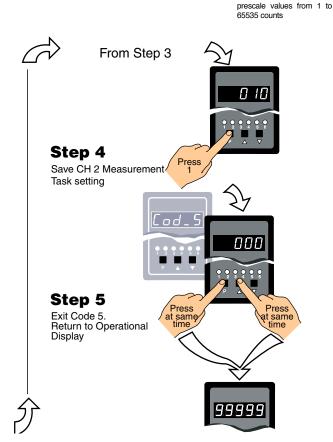
Up/Down Counter with Prescaler

Use 🗗 🛂 buttons to set

Set Prescaler

See I-Series Input Modules Guide (Z87) for procedures to set up a dual input module.





[CodE 5] - Channel 3 Functions

FIRST DIGIT

Note:

Code 5 is a single code that combines all the configuration and post processing functions available for Channel 3.

When a triple input signal conditioner is installed, the third input signal is processed and displayed on CH3.

Post processing and measurement task functions for CH3 are configured in the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digits of Code 5. The diagram opposite lists the available configuration selections in Code 5.

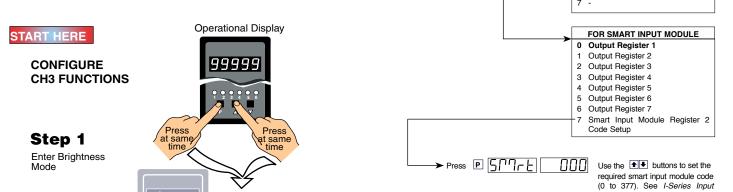
CODE 5 - CHANNEL 3 FUNCTIONS MEASUREMENT TASK FOR THERMOCOUPLE CH3 POST PROCESSING 0 Direct Display of Input (no processing) 0 No Function 0 Type J Type K Square Root of 1 Voltage / current 2 Type R Channel 3 3 Type S 2 Inverse of Channel 3 2 TC (3rd digit selects type of TC) 4 Type T 3 4 kB Meters 5 Type B 32-point Linearization 3 RTD (3rd digit selects type of RTD) 6 Type N of CH3 using Table 1 Select user defined linearization 32 kB Meters table (Table 1) set up in CAL 4 Real Time Clock & Timer (3rd digit selects type) 32-point Linearization of CH3 using Table 3 5 linearization 6 -FOR RTD TYPE (2-, 3-, 4- WIRE) tables are set up in the Calibration Mode Resistance 7 Smart Input Module (3rd digit selects register) 1 RTD 385 2 RTD 392 3 RTD 120 4 Cn 10

SECOND DIGIT

Example Procedure:

Configure CH3 to display the square root of a voltage input by setting Code 5 to [11X].

See I-Series Input Modules Guide (Z87) for procedures to set up a triple input module.



Step 2

Pass Brightness Mode, Calibration Mode, and Codes 1 to 4 and enter Code 5

Step 3

Set Code 5 to [11X]:

1st Digit = 1 Selects square root of CH3

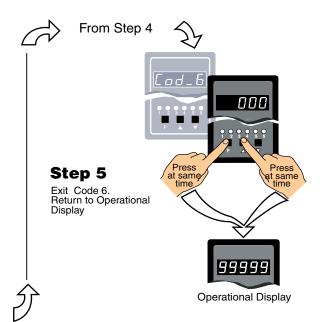
Press

2nd Digit = 1 Selects voltage, current

3rd Digit = X Not relevant

Step 4

Save CH3 setting



THIRD DIGIT

FOR REAL-TIME CLOCK & TIMER

Modules Guide (Z87) for code

details

4 1 Second Count UP Timer 5 1 Second Count DOWN Timer

0 HRS:MIN:SEC

1 HRS:MIN 2 3

6

[CodE 6] - Channel 4 Functions

Code 6 is a single code that combines all the configuration and post processing functions available for Channel 4.

When a quad input signal conditioner is installed, the fourth input signal is processed and displayed on CH4.

Post processing and measurement task functions for CH4 are configured in the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digits of Code 6. The diagram opposite lists the available configuration selections in Code 6.

FIRST DIGIT SECOND DIGIT THIRD DIGIT CODE 6 - CHANNEL 4 FUNCTIONS MEASUREMENT TASK **CH4 POST PROCESSING** FOR THERMOCOUPLE 0 Direct Display of Input (no pro-0 No Function n Type J cessing) Type K Square Root of Channel 4 1 Voltage / Current Type R 2 Inverse of Channel 4 3 Type S 3 4 kB Meters 2 TC (3rd digit selects type of 4 Type T TC). See Note 7 32-point Linearization of CH4 using 5 Type B 6 Type N 32 kB Meters 3 RTD (3rd digit selects type of Select user defined linearization RTD). See Note 7 32-point Linearization of CH4 using table (Table 1) set up in CAL 4 Real Time Clock and Timer (3rd Note: digit selects type) All linearization tables are set up FOR RTD TYPE (2-, 3-, 4- WIRE) in the Calibration Mode [24X]. Resistance 5 -1 RTD 385 2 RTD 392 6 -3 RTD 120 4 Cn 10 7 Smart Input Module (3rd digit

selects register)

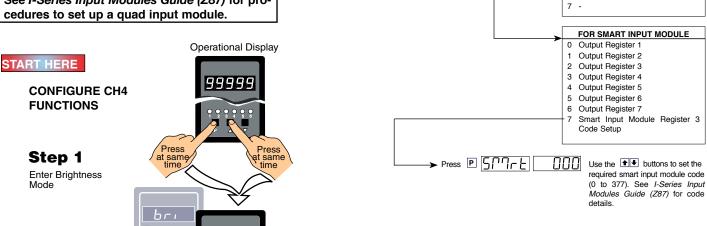
For future development.

Note 7:

Example Procedure:

Configure CH4 as direct display of voltage input by setting Code 6 to [01X].

See I-Series Input Modules Guide (Z87) for procedures to set up a quad input module.



Step 2

Pass Brightness Mode, Calibration Mode, and Codes 1 to 5 and enter Code 6

Step 3

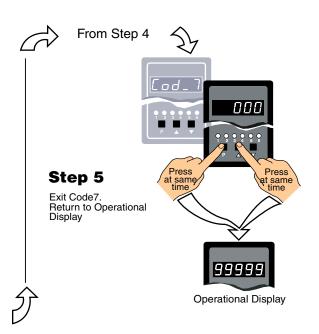
Set Code 6 to [01X]: 1st Digit = 0 Selects direct display input 2nd Digit = 1 Selects voltage, current

Press

Cod_6

3rd Digit = X Not relevant

Step 4 Save CH4 setting



FOR REAL-TIME CLOCK & TIMER

4 1 Second Count UP Timer

1 Second Count DOWN Timer

0 HRS:MIN:SEC 1 HRS:MIN

2

3

5

6

[CodE 7] - Result Processing

The 3rd digit of Code 7 performs various math functions between channel 1 and channel 2 and stores this data in the result register.

The data in the result register can then be further processed by the selections made in the 1st and 2nd digits.

FIRST DIGIT

RESULT PROCESSING 0 Direct Display of Result as per processing performed in 2nd or 3rd digit

- 1 Square Root of Result
- 2 Inverse of Result

SECOND DIGIT

CODE 7 - RESULT PROCESSING

32-POINT LINEARIZATION FOR RESULT

- 0 No Linearization on Result 1 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 1
- 2 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 2. See Note 5
- 3 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 3. See Note 5
- 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 4. See Note 5 125-point Linearization on Result (Tables 1 to 4 cascaded).
- See Note 5 6 32-point Linearization on Result (Tables 1 to 4 selected from the rear of the meter).
- The selected table is not available if CH2, CH3, or CH4 is operating in the analog mode. CH1 must be set to Voltage, Current in Code 2 [X0X].

See Note 5

THIRD DIGIT

MATH FUNCTIONS FOR RESULT

- 0 Result Register not Updated 1 pH Meter (CH1 = Tbuff, CH2 : pH)
- 2 Result = CH1, Setpoint 2 = CH2
- 3 Result = CH1 + CH2 4 Result = CH1 - CH2
- 5 Result = (CH1 x 20 000)/CH2
- 6 Result = CH1 x CH2/10 000
- Result = CH1

Example Procedure:

Configure Code 7 to add the input of CH1 and CH2 and directly display the result by setting Code 7 to [003].

If only 4 kB memory installed, functions 2 to 6 are not available in:

- Code 3 second diait.



Press

at same

Press



PROCESSING

Step 1

Enter Brightness Mode

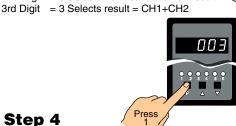
Step 2 Pass Brightness Mode,

Calibration Mode, and Codes 1 to 6 and enter Code 7

Step 3

Set Code 7 to [003]:

1st Digit = 0 Selects direct display of result 2nd Digit = 0 Selects no linearization on result



See I-Series Input Modules Guide (Z87) for procedures to set up a dual, triple, or quad input module.

Linearization Table Notes

A base meter with 4 kB memory installed has a single 32-point programmable linearization table available.

For four 32-point programmable linearization tables to be available, the meter requires at least 32 kB of memory to be installed.

Meters with 4 kB Memory

In base meters with 4 kB memory, set up Table 1 in the Calibration Mode to [24X]. This means that Table 1 is available to be applied to:

- CH1 Selected in Code 3
- CH2 Selected in Code 4.
- CH3 Selected in Code 5.
- CH4 Selected in Code 6.

Meters with 32 kB Memory

In base meters with 32 kB or more memory, each of the four tables (Tables 1 to 4) are set up in [24X] of the Calibration Mode by selecting the appropriate table number. This means that the four tables are available for the four channels as follows:

- CH1 All four tables selected in Code 3.
- CH2 All four tables selected in Code 4.
- CH3 Table 3 selected in Code 5.
- CH4 Table 4 selected in Code 6

From Step 4 Press Step 5 Exit Code 8. Return to Operational Display Operational Display

Save CH1 & CH 2 Result Processing setting

[CodE_8] - Data Logging & Print Mode

Up to 4000 samples can be logged within the meter in the cyclic or linear FIFO mode and saved for later downloading to a PC, using a terminal evaluation program, or printing directly to a serial printer.

Data logging can be triggered (activated) from a setpoint, the program button, or from an external switch. See the 3rd digit in the diagram below.

Data from up to four selectable registers can be logged with one of the following printer or spreadsheet style time and date stamps. All time and date stamps are generated from an optional real-time clock (see the 2nd digit in the diagram below):

- · No time stamp.
- Month Day Year. Hours: Minutes: Seconds.
- · Day Month Year. Hours: Minutes: Seconds.
- · Hours:Minutes:Seconds.

Printer style time and date stamps have a carriage return and line feed. Spreadsheet style time and date stamps are continuous on a single line.

See Serial Communications Module Supplement (NZ202) for full details on the Data Logging and Print Mode Options.

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT								
	CODE 8 - DATA LOGGING AND PRINT MODE OPTIONS									
DATA LOG BUFFER TYPE	DATE & TIME STAMP OPTIONS	LOG OR PRINT TRIGGER								
O No Data Logging Cyclic Buffer Linear FIFO Buffer. Reset Buffer Number to 0. Note: Setting Code 8 to [3XX] resets the data log buffer to 0. Once reset, Code 8 must be set back to the required data log buffer setting.	0 Printer Format - No time stamp with print/ log 1 Printer Format - Time stamp format 1 [Mth- Day-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec] (with <cr><lf>) 2 Printer Format - Time stamp format 2 [Day- Mth-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec] (with <cr><lf>) 3 Printer Format - Time stamp format 3 [Hrs:Min:Sec] (with <cr><lf>) 4 Spreadsheet Format - No time stamp with print/log 5 Spreadsheet Format - Time stamp format 1 [Mth-Day-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec] 6 Spreadsheet Format - Time stamp format 2 [Day-Mth-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec] 7 Spreadsheet Format - Time stamp format 3 [Hrs:Min:Sec]</lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr>	1 Trigger on Demand from PROGRAM Button 2 Trigger on Demand from F1 Button 3 Trigger on Demand from F2 Button 4 Trigger on Demand from H0LD Pin 5 Trigger on Demand from LOCK Pin 6 - 7 - Note: Log and/or print will only trigger if enabled.								
	ALL ABOVE ARE REAL-TIME CLOCK OPTIONS									

[CodE 9] - Functions for Digital Input Pins

The TEST, HOLD, and LOCK pins are located at the rear of the meter to accommodate external switched digital inputs. When switched to the COMMON pin, they can be programmed in Code 9 to perform remote resetting functions to add to the functionality of the meter.

Note:

CAPTURE, HOLD, and LOCK pins can be a setpoint activation source. See Setpoint Programming mode.

FIRST DIGIT SECOND DIGIT		THIRD DIGIT						
CODE 9 – FUNCTIONS FOR DIGITAL INPUT PINS								
DISPLAY TEST PIN	HOLD PIN	LOCK PIN						
0 Display test only	0 Display Hold	0 Key Lock						
1 Reset Counter Channel 1 and Sub-	1 Reset Channel 1	1 Reset Channel 1						
total at Power-up	2 Reset Total 1 and Total 2	2 Reset Channel 2						
Total 1, and Total 2 at Power-up	3 Reset Total 2	3 Reset Channel 3						
	4 Reset Peak, Valley	4 Reset Channel 4						
3 Reset Total 1, and Total 2 at Power -up	5 Reset Tare	5 Reset Tare						
	6 Set Tare	6 Reset Total						
	7 Unlatch (de-energize) all Setpoints	7 Unlatch (de-energize) all Setpoints						

Setpoint Programming Mode

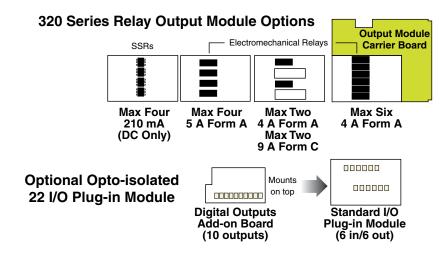
All setpoint activation and control settings are selected and configured using the front panel buttons in the **setpoint programming mode**. Or, software configured via the **meter configuration utility program** if the meter is connected to a PC through the serial port. The meter has six software driven setpoints, independently configured to operate within the total span range of the meter and the selected input module.

Relay Output Modules

Four standard relay output module options provide a selection of 16 relay configuration options for DI-50 meters.

Three electromechanical relay output modules support a combination of 4/5 A Form A and 9/10 A Form C relays providing 12 configuration options. A solid state relay (SSR) output module supports 300 V, 210 mA DC SSRs.

A 22 opto-isolated I/O plug-in module can support six inputs and up to 16 outputs. The standard plug-in module has six inputs and six outputs that can be extended to 16 outputs with a 10 output add-on board.



Setpoint Programming Mode

See the Setpoint Programming Mode Logic Diagram opposite.

Setpoint Activation Values

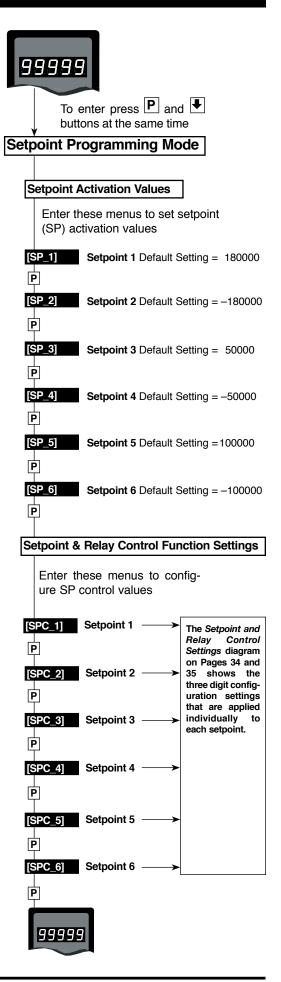
Each setpoint activation value is individually programmed. Setpoint activation values can be set within the total span range of the meter and the selected input module.

Setpoint and Relay Control Settings

See the Setpoint and Relay Control Settings diagram on Pages 34 and 35.

The control settings provide access to the following setpoint and relay functions for configuration using the meter's 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digits:

- 1st Digit Relay Energize Functions.
- · 2nd Digit Setpoint Activation Source.
- 3rd Digit Setpoint Delay, Timer, and Reset and Trigger Functions.



Setpoint Programming Mode continued

Above ACTIVATION (SP) Below

Relay Energize Functions

All setpoints activate at the setpoint value. All relays/setpoints are programmable to energize above or below the setpoint value.



Setpoint Activation Source

Setpoints activate from any input

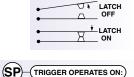
channel, selected meter register, or external switched inputs (digital input

Setpoint Latching

✓ Setpoints can be programmed in relay latching modes.

Setpoint Reset & Trigger

Setpoints can be programmed to reset selected registers, or be manually reset. They can also trigger a data print or a data log.



- MAKE EDGE BREAK FDGE MAKE & BREAK EDGE
 EVERY SAMPLE PERIOD
- (RESET SELECTED REGISTER) TRIGGER PRINT TRIGGER LOG DATA



Setpoint Tracking

Setpoint tracking can ✓ be applied to setpoints configured in the hysteresis, deviation, or PID modes.

Display Flashing

Display flashing can be applied to setpoints configured in the hysteresis or deviation modes.

Each setpoint can be programmed to make the display flash on and off while the setpoint is active, and keep it flashing until the setpoint de-activates.



Real-time Clock Option

Any setpoint can be programmed to operate from the real-time clock when OR91 option is ordered.



Data Logging

Any setpoint can be programmed to log data within the meter (up to 4000 samples).



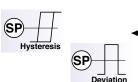
Data Printing to Serial Printer

Any setpoint can be programmed to send data directly to a serial printer.



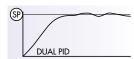
Data Printing to PC

Any setpoint can be programmed to send data directly to a connected PC.



Hysteresis or Deviation

Each relay can operate in a hysteresis or deviation mode.



PID Control Settings

The PID (proportional, integral, derivative) control function provides exceptional control stability during control process applica-

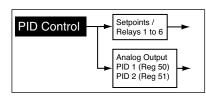
tions. PID control is available from the following outputs:

- Setpoint / relay output.
- Analog output.
- Relay and analog output at the same time.

PID control from the setpoint / relay output is available from SP1 and SP2 only.

There are two PID control outputs available via the analog output:

- PID1 stored in register 50.
- PID2 stored in register 51.



Timer Modes

Each setpoint can be programmed to operate the relay in one of the following seven resident timer modes:

Normal Mode Timer

Single actuation, delay-on-make (DOM) and delay-on-break (DOB).

Normally OFF/Pulsed ON Timers

Repeat ON Mode Timer – multiple actuation, programmable off- and on-time.

Pulse ON Mode Timer - single actuation, programmable DOM and maximum on-time.

1-Shot ON Mode Timer – single actuation, programmable DOM and minimum on-time.

Normally ON/Pulsed OFF Timers

Repeat OFF Mode Timer - multiple actuation, programmable off- and on-time.

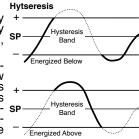
Pulse OFF Mode Timer - single actuation, programmable DOB and maximum off-time.

1-Shot OFF Mode Timer - single actuation, programmable DOB and minimum off-time.

Hysteresis or Deviation

Each setpoint can be individually programmed to energize the relay in the hysteresis or deviation mode, with or without initial startup inhibit.

Hysteresis (deadband) is the programmable band above and below the setpoint value that determines when and for how long the relay is energized or de-energized. The set-sp point can be programmed to energize the relay above or below the



The hysteresis setting can be any value between 0 and 65535 counts. The number of counts selected act both positively and negatively on the setpoint, forming a hysteresis band around the setpoint.

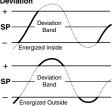
For example, if the setpoint setting is 500 counts and the hysteresis setting is 10 counts, the hysteresis band around the setpoint setting is 20 counts, starting at 490 counts and ending at 510 counts.

If hysteresis is set with ZERO counts, the relay energizes AT or ABOVE the setpoint value.

Setpoint Programming Mode continued

Deviation (passband) is the programma- Deviation ble band around the setpoint in which the + setpoint can be programmed to energize specified the relay inside or outside the deviation band

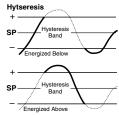
The deviation setting can be any value + between 1 and 65535 counts. The number of counts selected act both positively and negatively on the setpoint, forming a deviation band around the setpoint.



For example, if the setpoint setting is 1000 counts and the deviation setting is 35 counts, the deviation band around the setpoint setting is 70 counts starting at 965 counts and ending at 1035 counts.

Initial Start-up Inhibit.

On power-on, start-up inhibit prevents the relay from energizing on the first setpoint activation cycle. Depending on how the meter has been programmed, initial start-up inhibit either functions during a falling input signal, or during a rising input signal.



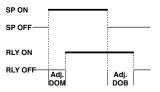
Relay Time Control Modes

The following time control mode settings can cover almost every relay timer application.

All setpoints can be individually programmed to operate a relay in one of the following time control modes above or below the setpoint value.

Normal Mode

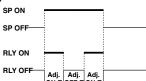
This mode individually programs a relay's setpoint with delay-on-make (DOM) and delay-on-break (DOB) settings.



Normally OFF / Pulsed ON Modes

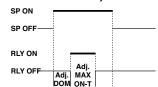
These are delay modes were the relay is **normally off** and **pulses on** when the setpoint activates.

Repeat ON Mode
Multiple actuation,
programmable on
and off time settings.



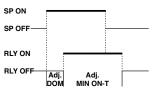
Pulse ON mode (Programmable ON-time)

Single actuation, programmable **DOM** and **on time** settings.



1-Shot ON mode (Programmable Minimum ON-time)

Single actuation, programmable **DOM** and **minimum on time** settings.

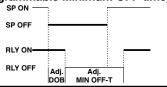


Normally ON / Pulsed OFF Modes

These are delay modes were the relay is **normally on** and **pulses off** when the setpoint activates.

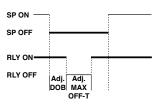
1-Shot OFF mode (Programmable Minimum OFF-time)

Single actuation, programmable minimum off time and DOB settings.



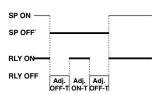
Pulse OFF mode (Programmable OFF-time)

Single actuation, programmable off time and DOB.



Repeat OFF Mode

Multiple actuation, programmable **off** and **on time** settings.



Each setpoint can be individually configured for basic to advanced operations in the following three levels. Each operational level is designed to provide only the required relevant setpoint and relay functions.

The modes at Level 2 and Level 3 can be set to OFF for each individual setpoint, ensuring that no other functions are programmed to influence the setup.

Level 1 Setpoint & Relay Basic Mode

This is an easily programmable mode for users who require the following basic setpoint and relay functions:

First Digit - Relay Energize Functions

Relays programmed to energize above or below the setpoint value.

Second Digit – SP Activation Source

Setpoints programmed to activate from selectable meter registers or one of six external switched inputs.

Third Digit – Setpoint Latching

Relays programmed with latching and manual reset options.

Level 2 Setpoint & Relay Intermediate Mode

Level 2 uses all Level 1 functions and is further extended by the following programmable modes. The functionality of the relay energize functions are extended by allowing the relays to be programmed with or without initial start-up inhibit.

Hysteresis, Deviation & PID Mode

This mode adds extra functionality to the basic mode by providing programmable hysteresis or deviation settings for all setpoints, or PID control from setpoints SP1 and SP2.

Timer Modes

These modes add even more functionality to the basic and intermediate mode by providing each setpoint with a choice of one of seven resident programmable timers.

Level 3 Setpoint & Relay Advanced Mode

Level 3 uses all Level 1 and Level 2 functions combined with reset and trigger functions to provide an extremely powerful advanced mode.

Level 3 enables you to program all setpoints individually for operations normally requiring sophisticated controllers.

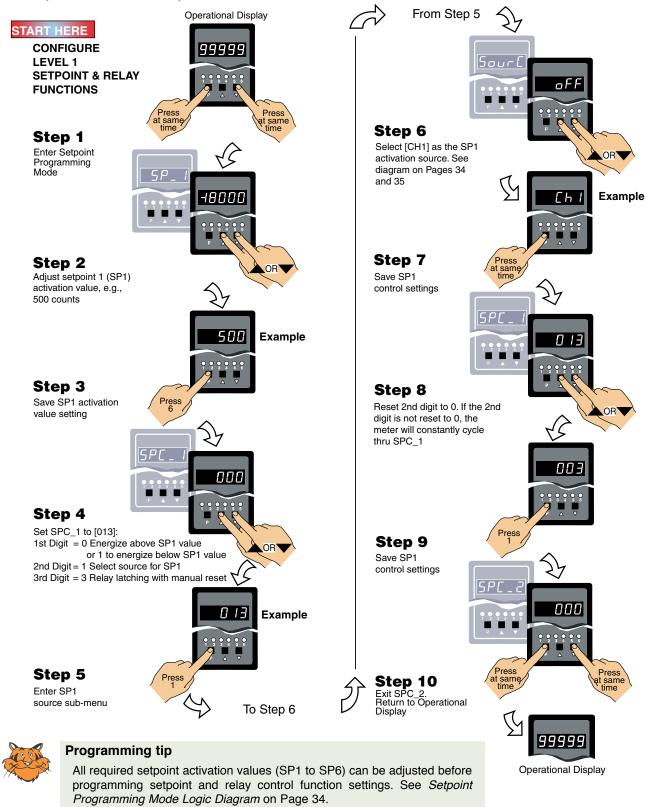
Setpoint Programming Mode – Programming Procedures

Example Procedure:

The following procedure describes how to program setpoint 1 (SP1) for the following **Level 1** setpoint and relay functions:

- SP1 to activate from Channel 1 (CH1).
- · Relay to energize above or below SP1 value.
- · Relay to latch with manual relay reset.

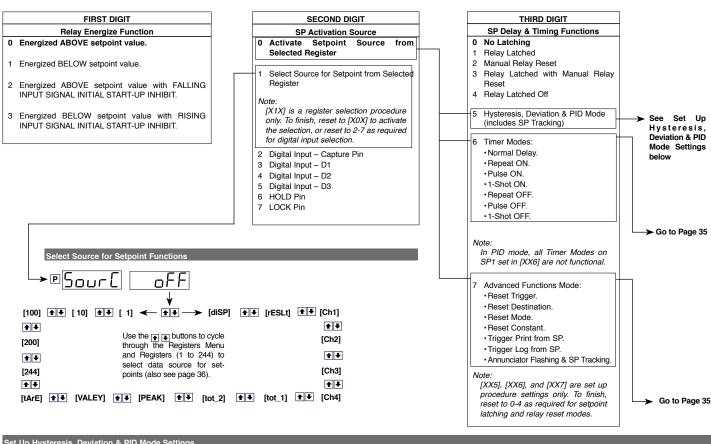
See Setpoints and Relays Supplement (NZ201) for procedures to program all setpoint and relay operational levels (Level 1 to Level 3).



Setpoint Programming Mode continued

Setpoint & Relay Control Settings Diagram

The diagram below and continued on Page 35 shows the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digit control settings for the setpoints and relays.

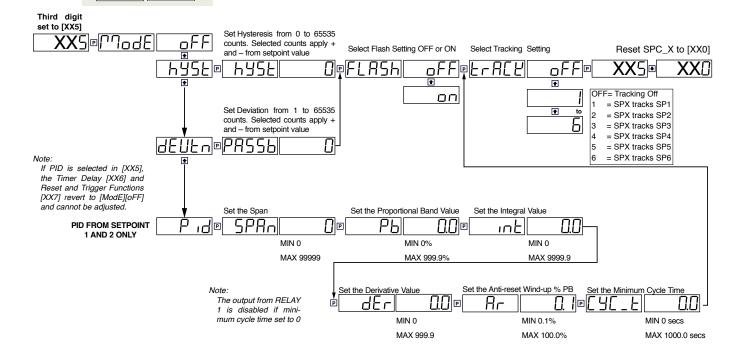


Set Up Hysteresis, Deviation & PID Mode Setting



Programming Tip

If you do not require any of the functions in this mode, ensure it is set to: MOGE oFF

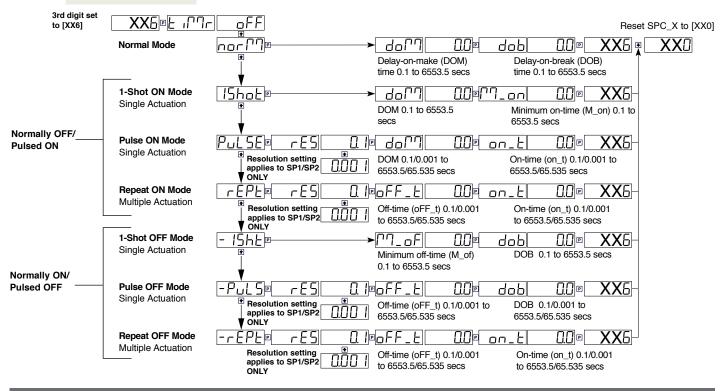




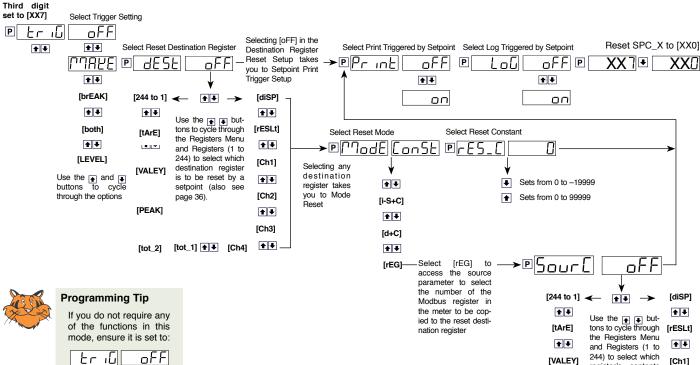
Programming Tip

If you do not require any of the functions in this mode, ensure it is set to:









[Ch1]

1

[Ch2]

4

[Ch3]

register's contents are to be copied into the destination

register by a setpoint

(also see page 36).

[VALEY]

†

[PEAK]

4 +

[tot_2]

+

Registers That Can Be Selected By Front Panel Push Button Programming

A Tiger 320 Series meter has 6,144 registers which are provided for use by the operating system and the powerful Custom Macro Programming system.

40 Manually Selectable Registers

Using the front panel buttons, there are 40 registers that may be selected for use within the following functions:

- [CodE_1] Display Configuration [X50]. Selection of a register as the data source for displays, peak and valley, totalizers and analog outputs. (See pages 18 & 19)
- Setpoint Control Settings [X1X]. Selection of a register as the data source for a setpoint. (See Page 34)
- Setpoint Control Settings [XX7]. Selection of a destination register that is to be reset by a setpoint with the contents of a selected source register. (See Page 35)
- Setpoint Control Settings [XX7]. Select which register's contents are to be copied into the destination register by a setpoint. (See Page 35)

The 40 registers that can be selected as a data source, a reset source or a reset destination for the functions above are shown in the table on the right.

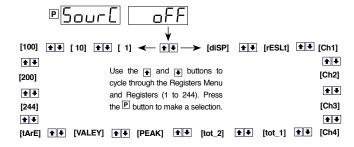
The table shows, in seven columns, the functions where these registers can be used.

Where a register is more likely to be used in a particular function, a closed circle • is shown in the column. For those functions where a register is less likely to be used, an open circle ° is shown.

No register number is shown for the first 11 functions, because these 11 functions are identified in the display menu for direct selection by their code names.

When cycling through the Registers Menu and then Registers 1 to 244, the numerical Register Set will increment through each decade in turn, from 1 to 0, while the button is held down. When [200] is reached, [oFF] or [tArE] will be displayed. To select a specific number set, the button should be released and pressed again each time the left most decade displays the desired number for that decade.

To quickly exit the numerical 1 to 244 Register Set, hold the ■ button down while cycling through the decades, and release it when [oFF] or [tArE] appears.



Registers that Should Not be Used

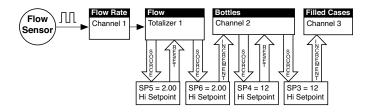
The following registers are contained within the selectable 1 to 244 Register Set, but they should not be selected because they are either reserved for future use, or for use by the operating system only:

15, 38, 47-48, 52-53, 61-64, 123-128, 140-141, 234-244 Any selection of these Registers may cause a malfunction.

Register Functions	Register Numbers	Data Source for Displays	Data Source for Peak & Valley	Data Source for Analog Outputs 1 & 2	Data Source for Totalizers 1 & 2	Data Source for Setpoints	Reset Source	Reset Dest.
Display [diSP]	-		•	•	•	•		
Result [rESLt]	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
CH1 [Ch1]	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
CH2 [Ch2]	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
CH3 [Ch3]	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
CH4 [Ch4]	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Total 1 [tot_1]	-	•	•	•		•	•	•
Total 2 [tot_2]	-	•	•	•		•	•	•
Peak [PEAK]	-	٥				•	٥	•
Valley [VALEY]	-	٥				•	٥	•
Tare [tArE]	-	٥	۰	٥		٥	٥	•
PID Output 1	50	٥	۰	٥		٥		
PID Output 2	51	٥	۰	٥		٥		
Smart Result 1	54	٥	٥	٥				٥
Smart Result 2	55	٥	۰	٥				٥
Smart Result 3	56	٥	٥	٥				٥
Smart Result 4	57	٥	٥	٥				٥
Smart Result 5	58							٥
Smart Result 6	59							٥
Smart Result 7	60							٥
Analog Output 1	83	٥				0	0	٥
Analog Output 2	84	٥				0	0	٥
Timer 1	95	٥				0	0	٥
Timer 2	96	٥				0	0	٥
Smart Reset Offset 1	121							•
Smart Reset Offset 2	122							•
Clock - Seconds	213					0		
Clock - Minutes	214					0		
Clock - Hours	215					0		
Clock - Days	216					0		
Clock - Date	217					0		
Clock - Month	218					0		
Clock - Year	219					0		
Setpoint Latch	221							•
Relay De-energize	222							•
Zero Offset - Result	227					٥		
Zero Offset - CH1	228					0		
Zero Offset - CH2	229					0		
Zero Offset - CH3	230					0		
Zero Offset - CH4	231					0		

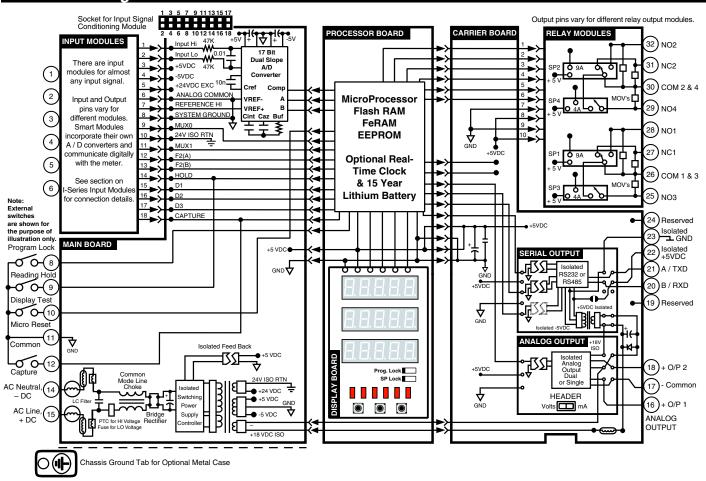
Resetting and Incrementing Using Setpoints

Setpoints may be used to reset and/or increment registers. In the example shown below, 2 liter soft drink bottles are being filled and packed 12 to a case. Using the setpoint reset and increment feature, the number of bottles and the total number of filled cases is easily calculated and displayed. Totalizer 1 counts from 0 to 2, resets, and repeats. CH 2 counts from 0 to 12, resets, and repeats.

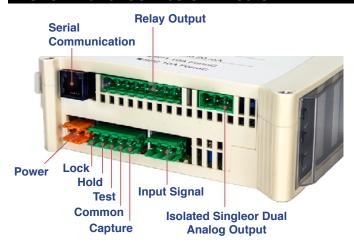


USING SETPOINTS TO INCREMENT AND RESET REGISTERS

Functional Diagram



Bottom Panel Connector Pinouts





WARNING: AC and DC input signals and power supply voltages can be hazardous. Do Not connect live wires to screw terminal plugs, and do not insert, remove or handle a screw terminal plugs with live wires connected.

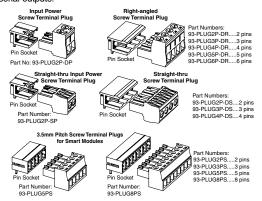
Input Signal – Pins 1 to 6

See the *I-Series Input Modules Guide (Z87)* for connection details of all input modules. On most single input signal conditioners, usually Pin 1 is the signal high pin (Hi +) and Pin 3 is the signal low pin (Lo -).

Function Pins – Pins 8 to 12

Pin 8 – Program Lock. By connecting the PROGRAM LOCK pin to the COMMON pin (pin 11 on the main PCB), the PROGRAM LOCK pin allows the meter's programmed parameters to be viewed but not changed.

NOTE: The meter uses plug-in type screw terminal connectors for most input and output connections and an RJ-6 phone connector for the optional RS-232 or RS-485 serial outputs.



Pin 9 – Hold Reading. By connecting the HOLD READING pin to the COMMON pin (pin 11), the HOLD READING pin allows the meter's display to be frozen. However, A/D conversions continue and as soon as pin 9 is disconnected from pin 11 the updated reading is instantly displayed.

Pin 10 – Display Test and Reset. The DISPLAY TEST and RESET pin provides a test of the meter's display and resets the microprocessor when the DISPLAY TEST and RESET pin is connected to the COMMON pin (pin 11).

Pin 11 – Common. To activate the HOLD, TEST and RESET, or LOCKOUT pins from the rear of the meter, the respective pins have to be connected to the COMMON pin.

Pins 14/15 – AC/DC Power Input. These are the pins that supply power to the meter. See Power Supply for details of the standard and optional low voltage power supply.

Chassis Ground Tab. Only on versions with metal sheath casing.

Analog Outputs

Pin 16 - Positive (+) analog output 1.

Pin 17 - Negative (-) analog output 1 and 2.

Pin 18 - Positive (+) analog output 2.

Serial Outputs RS-232 or RS-485

Pin No.	RS-232	RS-485	
19	Reserved for future use	Reserved for future use	
20	RXD. Received Serial	B (Low)] :
21	TXD. Transmitted Serial	A (High)	1
22	+5 VDC to power external converters	+5 VDC to power external converters]
23	Isolated Ground	Isolated Ground	1
24	Reserved for future use	Reserved for future use	



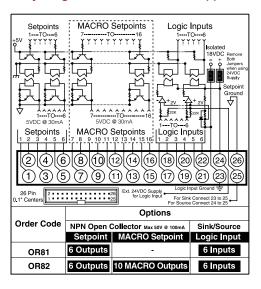
Ethernet – The Ethernet carrier board has the same analog output pins, with 10/100Base-T Ethernet (RJ-45 Socket).

Relay and Logic I/O Modules

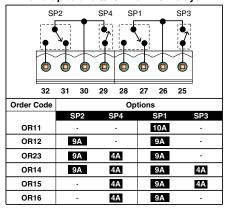
Plug-in I/O modules include solid state relays, logic outputs or open collector outputs; 6 inputs & 16 outputs of opto-isolated I/O can be connected to an external DIN Rail terminal block module.



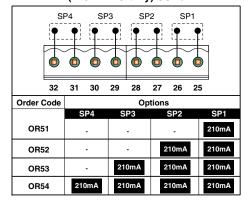
Fully Programmable with custom applications



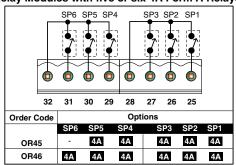
Relay Modules with up to two 4/5A Form A Relays, and up to two 9/10A Form C Relays



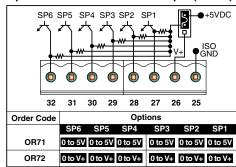
Relay Modules with up to 4 Independent 300V (210mA DC only) SSRs



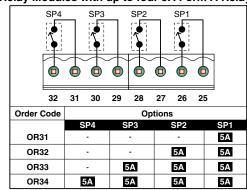
Relay Modules with five or six 4A Form A Relays



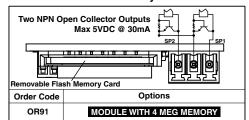
Open Collector / TTL / 5VDC Output (50 mA)



Relay Modules with up to four 5A Form A Relays



Flash Card Memory Module



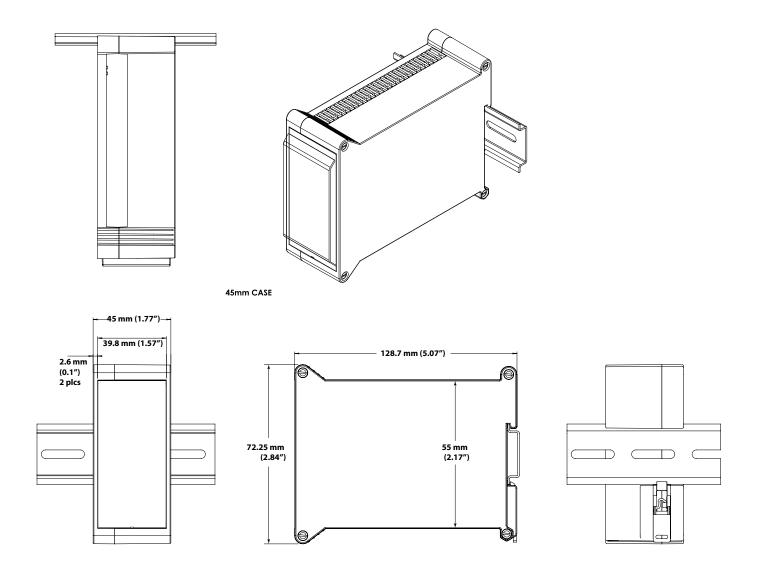
Installation Guidelines

- 1. Install and wire meter per local applicable codes/regulations, the particular application, and good installation practices.
- 2. Install meter in a location that does not exceed the maximum operating temperature and that provides good air circulation.
- 3. Separate input/output leads from power lines to protect the meter from external noise. Input/output leads should be routed as far away as possible from contactors, control relays, transformers and other noisy components. Shielding cables for input/output leads is recommended with shield connection to earth ground near the meter preferred.



- 4. A circuit breaker or disconnect switch is required to disconnect power to the meter. The breaker/switch should be in close proximity to the meter and marked as the disconnecting device for the meter or meter circuit. The circuit breaker or wall switch must be rated for the applied voltage (e.g., 120VAC or 240VAC) and current appropriate for the electrical application (e.g., 15A or 20A).
- 5. See Case Dimensions section for panel cutout information.
- 6. See Connector Pinouts section for wiring.
- 7. Use 28-12 AWG wiring, minimum 90°C (HH) temperature rating. Strip wire approximately 0.3 in. (7-8 mm).
- 8. Recommended torque on all terminal plug screws is 4.5 lb-in (0.51 N-m).

Case Dimensions





Tiger TI-500 Series Ordering Info

BASE MODEL # D	ISPLAY POWER SUPPLY	INPUT MODULE	ANALOG OUTPUT*	SERIAL OUTPUT*	RELAY OUTPUT*	OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES
—		· [·	- [—] -	- OA
Add to the base model num	ber the order code suffi	x for each stan	dard option requ	uired. The last su	uffix is to indicat	te how many different
special options and or ac						
	meter ordered with any					
	ed with the order, with a			ee special Opti	ons and Acces	sories section)
Ordering Example: TI50	00-6SP-PS1-IA01-AIC-0R12-	DA2 (CR-CHANGE	+ COA-4.5/5/6)			
Base Model Number	Description	US\$ List				
TI-500 45x72mm, No Display	, Setpoints indicator only					0)
TI-501 45x72mm, 6 Digit, E \	/ersion					(100.00)
TI-502 96x48mm, 6 Digit, Alı TI-503 96x48mm, 6 Digit, LC	Manumenc, E version N F Version		IDD5 Dua	al Input DC Volts a	and 4-20 mA	. ,
Ti coo cox-cillin, c bigit, Lo	D, E *010101111111111111111111111111111111		IDD6 Dua	al Input DC mV an	d 4-20 mA	
▶ Macro programming (Custom Au			IDP1 Dua	al Process Loop In	nput. 4-20mA (0-10 0).00)
add			IDP2 Dua	al Input. 3-wire RT	D / 4-20mA (0-100 ,	.00)
▶ For data logging option use 0	DR91		IDP3 Dua	ai inpui, K/R/S/1/J al Resistance Inpu	Thermocouple / 4 it 0.2/ 2 /20K0	4-20mA(0-100.00)
			IDS1 Dua	al Strain Gage Inp	ut,4 wire 2mV/V	
STANDARD OPTIONS	OR MODELS LISTED	AROVE	IDS2 Dua	al Pressure Input, 4	wire 2mV/V	
Order Code Suffix	Description	US\$ List	IDT1 Dua	al Thermocouple In	nput J /K/R/T	y
Order Gode Garrix	Description	00ψ Li3t	IDT2 Dua	al RTD Input, 2- ar	nd 3-wire, 100Ω P f	t
▶ DISPLAY			IDT3 Dua	al Input, 3-wire RTI al Input Thermoco	D / Volts 2V DC Junie / Volts 2V D	 C
OOD No Divit Disulance of a st			IDT5 Dua	al Input, K/R/S/T/J 1	Thermocouple / Do	C-Millivolts, 50mV DC.
6SPNo Digit Display, 6 set R1 x Red LED, 0.31 inch	points		IDT6 Dua	al Input, Thermoco	ouple and Load C	Cell
RR2 x Red LED, 0.31 inch			IF06 Line	e Frequency, 50-3	00VAC	
RRR3 x Red LED, 0.31 inch	ı high		IF10 Uni	versal Frequency	/ RPM / UP DOW	N Counter
B 1 x Bright Red LED			IGYX* Dire	ect Pressure (Ahs. o	r Differential/Gage) with 2 Digital Inputs
BB 2 x Bright Red LED BBB 3 x Bright Red LED	, 0.31 inch nigh		IGYY* . Dua	al Direct Pressure	(Absolute or Diffe	erential/Gage)
G 1 x Green LED, 0.3	1 inch high		IGYZ* . Uni *Call Texmate	versal Direct Prese prior to ordering to dete	sure	& Z (IGAA to IGKZ)
GG 2 x Green LED, 0.3	1 inch high					
GGG3 x Green LED, 0.3						Compensation
Custom3 x LED, 0.31 inch l	nigh, custom color combi	nation				
N DOWED OUDDUIES			IP02 Pro	cess Loop, 4-20m/	A(Ò-100.0) w/24VD	C Exc
POWER SUPPLIES ——			IPO3 Pro	cess Input, 1-5V D	C(0-100.00)	et, 24V Exc DC Exc and Autocal.
PS185-265VAC/95-370VD PS215-48VAC/10-72VD			IP07 Uni	versal Process 2V	/5V/ 10V /20V/200V	//2mA/20mA/Custom .
·	0		IP08Univ	versal Process 2V/5V/	10V/20V/200V/2mA/	20mA/Custom w/Autocal.
► INPUT MODULES ————————————————————————————————————	mata will abin all madulas	propolibret	IP09 Pro	cess Loop, 4-zum/ cess + 3 Digital In	A (U-1UU.UU) W/ EXI 1DUTS	ternal Lin Table select
ed with factory preselected ran	ges and/or scalings as sh	nown in BOLD		o o	•	
type.			IQD1 Qua	ad DC Voits, 2V D ad DC-Millivoits 5	C	
IA01 AC-Volts Scaled RMS, 20	00/ 300V AC		IQP1 Qua	ad Process Loop,	1-20mA (0-100.00))
IA02 AC-Volts Scaled RMS, 20 IA03 AC-mA Scaled RMS, 2/20	00mV/ 2V /20V AC N/200mA AC		IQT2 Qua	ad RTD Input, 2-W	/ire, 100Ω Pt	
IA04 AC-Amps Scaled RMS, 0	-1 Amp AC (0-100.00)		IQT5 Qua	ad - Thermocouple	e / V / V / Freque	 ncy
IA05 AC-Amps Scaled RMS, 0 IA06 AC-Volts True RMS, 200/	-5 Amp AC (0-100.00)		IDO4 Dea	· ··atamaa 0 0 am	4 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	•/00K0
IA07 AC-Volts True RMS, 2007						2 /20KΩ
IA08 AC-mA True RMS, 2/20/2	00mA AC					
IA09 AC-Amps True RMS, 0-1 IA10 AC-Millivolt, Scaled RMS			ISD1* Sma	urt DC Volte High Snee	d 16 hit 1 10 50 200	0, 400, 800 Hz update rates
IA11 AC-Amps True RMS, 0-5	Amp AC (0-100.00)					0, 480, 960 Hz update rates
IA12 AC-Millivolt, True RMS, 10	DOMV AC					Hz w/dual isolated SSRs
IC02 Quadrature Counter			ISD4 . SMa	urt DC Volts, Hi Resoluti	on & Accuracy 24 bit	Hz w/dual isolated SSRs (1 million counts) 1-400Hz
IC03 Quadrature Counter with	Dual SSRs		ISD6**. Sma	urt DC Volts, Hi Resoluti	on & Accuracy 24 bit	(1 million counts) 1-480Hz
ID01 DC-Volts, 2/20/200V/Cust	om w/24V DC Exc					400Hz w/dual isolated SSRs . 480Hz w/dual isolated SSRs .
ID02 DC-Millivolt, 20/50/100/20	0mV DC w/24V DC Exc		ISD9 Sm	art Voltage Resista	ance	
ID03 DC-Milliamp, 2/20/200mA ID04 DC-Amps, 5A DC	DC W/24V DC Exc					update (50 Hz rejection)
ID05 DC-Volts 2 /20/200/Custor	n V DC w/Offset and 24V E	XC	ווונ סחפו	in Duai input DC VOIIS	, 10 011, 1712 10 20112	update (60 Hz rejection)
ID06 DC-Volts 2/20/200/Custor	n V DC w/Ext.Decimal Sele	ct				
ID07 DC-Milliamp, 2/20/200mA ID08 DC-Volts, 2/20/200/Custo						for Macro opt. meters).
ID09 DC-Amps, 1A DC				· ·	,	• • •
IDC1Dual Input, Counter IDD1Dual Input, Volts DC/Volts						1/6-wire
TODIDuai iriput, VOIIS DO/VOII				ssure 5/10VDC Ex ssure 5/10VDC Ex		r 6-wire wire w/Autocal



Tiger TI-500 Series Ordering Infocontinued

Order Code Suffix	Description	US\$ List	Order Code Suffix	Description	US\$ List
IS04 Pressure Ext Exc., 20/ IS05 Pressure/Load Cell 20 IS06 Pressure/Load Cell Ex IS07 Pressure 20/2mV/V with)/2mV/V, 5/10V Exc 4-wire		S5 Isolated ModBus Protocol I S6 Isolated ModBus Protocol I Ethernet S8 Ethernet Output include	RS485 (Requires Cables, See A	ccessories)*
ISR1*. Smart Single 3-wire PolisR2** Smart Single 3-wire PolisR3*. Smart Dual 3-wire PolisR4** Smart Dual 3-wire PolisR4**	otentiometer (60 Hz) entiometer (50 Hz)		accepts analog outputs and S9 ModBus Ethernet Outo	relay output modules ut ,includes a special Outp	out Carrier Board
ISR4** Smart Dual 3-wire Pot ISS1*. Smart Pressure/Load Cell. ISS2** Smart Pressure/Load Cell. ISS3*. Smart Pressure/Load Cell. ISS3*. Smart Pressure/Load Cell. ISS5*. Dual Smart Pressure/Load Cell. ISS5*. Dual Smart Pressure/Load Cell. ISS6** Dual Smart Pressure/Load CISS7*. Smart Quad Pressure/ISS8** Smart Quad Pressure/ISS8*. Smart Dual Input, Load ISSA. Smart Dual Input, Load ISSA. Smart Dual Input, Load ISSC*. Smart Triple Input, Load CellSD**. Smart Triple Input, Special Inp	Standard Resolution 16 bit (50 H Standard Resolution 16 bit (60 H Hi Res & Accuracy 24 bit (50 Hz Hi Res & Accuracy 24 bit (50 Hz Cell. Standard Resolution 16 bit (50 Hz Cell. Standard Resolution 16 bit (50 Hz Cell. Standard Resolution 16 bit (60 Hz Load Cell (50 Hz) Coad Cell (60 Hz) d Cell and Process (4-20mA neter/Resistance d Cell and RTD. ell and two Digital Inputs (Frequency ell and two Digital Inputs (Frequency ell and two Digital Inputs (Frequency	Iz rejection) Iz rejection	that accepts analog outputs ar * RELAY OUTPUT MODUL * If a meter is ordered with a Relay O an Output Module Carrier Board for S OR11 One 9 Amp For OR15 One 9 Amp For OR16 One 9 Amp For OR12 Two 9 Amp For OR14 Two 9 Amp For OR23 Two 9 Amp Form OR25 One 9A Form C OR31 One 4 Amp For OR32 Two 4 Amp For OR32 Two 4 Amp For OR33 Three 4 Amp For OR33 Three 4 Amp For OR33 Three 4 Amp For	LES utput Module, but without Analos8 should be automatically addedorm C Relay, Isolated m C and Two 4 Amps Form A m C and One 4 Amp Form A orm C Relays, Isolated n C and Two 4 Amps Form A C and Two 4A Form A Relays and Two 4A Form A Relays and Two 4A Form A Relays	g or Serial Output, d to the order. A Relays Relays Relays , Isolated
IST2** . Smart Six Inputs, 3 Pt 100 FIST3* . Smart Quad Thermock IST4** . Smart Quad Thermock IST4** . Smart Dual RTD with (IST6** . Smart Dual RTD with (IST7* . Smart Triple RTD with IST8** . Smart Triple RTD with IST8** . Smart Triple RTD with IST8.* . Smart Triple RTD with IST9 RTD, 100Ω Pt. 2/3/4-w IT03 RTD, 100Ω Pt. 2/3/4-w IT05 RTD, 100Ω Pt. 2/3/4-w IT05 RTD, 100Ω Nickel 2/3/IT13 RTD, 10Ω Copper 2/3/IT13 RTD,	ouple (50 Hz) ouple (60 Hz) .0.01 degree resolution (50 H 0.01 degree resolution (60 H 0.01 degree resolution (60H	iz)	OR34. Four 4 Amp Forr OR45. Five 4 Amp Forr OR46. Six 4 Amp Forr Solid State Relay (SSR) Output M OR51. One 400V DC OR52. Two 400V DC OR53. Three 400V DC OR54. Four 400V DC S Open Collector / TTL / 5V DC Outputs OR71. Six 5V DC 50r OR72. Six open colle	n A Relays, Isolated n A Relays, common in group A Relays, common in group Odules DC Only Solid State Relay (SSR) Solid State Relays (SSR) Solid State Relays (SSR) 210 Solid State Relays (SSR) 210 Toolid State Relays (SSR) 210 To Drive External SSRs or Logic I nA outputs	os of three s of three) 210mA R) 210mA OmA nput Devices
IT14RTD, 100Ω Pt. 2/3/4-w ITD1Triple DC Volts, 2V DC ITD2Triple DC-Millivolts, 50 ITP1Triple Process Loop.4 ITT1Triple Thermocouple	vire (-199.9 to 199.9°C) D DmV DC(100.00) -20mA (0-100.00)		Opto Isolated I/O Modules for Co OR81 Six Outputs & Si OR82 Sixteen Outputs Data Acquisition Module with Remov OR91 Module with 2G	x Inputs (Macro option Only). & Six Inputs (Macro option O able Flash Card Memory and Tw	nly)
1TT2 Triple RTD Input, 2-wi 1TT3 Triple Input, Dual Ther 1TT4 Triple Input. Dual Ther 1TT5 Triple Input. Dual The 1TT6 Triple Input. Thermood	re, 100Ω Pt rmocouple J/K/R/S/T/B/N and nocouple J/K/R/S/T/B/N and 4 rmocouple J/K/R/S/T/B/N and ouple J/K/R/S/T/B/N and Dua	d DCV 2V I to 20mA . d DC MV . al DC MV .	SPECIAL OPTI	ONS AND ACCESSOR	IES .
ITT7 Triple Input. Thermood ITT8 Triple Input. Thermood ITT9 Triple Input. Thermood ITT9 Triple Input. Thermocoup ITTA Triple Input. Thermocoup ITTB Triple Input. Thermocoup ITTC . Triple RTD Input, 4-VITTE Triple - RTD / RTD / ITTF Triple Input, Thermood ITTG . Triple Input, Thermood ITTG . Triple Input, Thermood IW01 . Single Phase Power (Wa IW02 . Single Phase Power (Wa IW03 . DC-Watts, 200V DC/50r I*Optimized for 50 Hz rejection. *	puple J/K/R/S/T/B/N and Dua buple J/K/R/S/T/B/N and Dua le J/K/R/S/T/B/N and DC Volt and le J/K/R/S/T/B/N and 4-20mA and le J/K/R/S/T/B/N and 4-20mA and Vire, 100Ω Pt Frequency couple / 4-20mA / Frequency couple / V / Frequency ttts, V, A, Hz, PF, Whr) 300V/1A, 6 ttts, V, A, Hz, PF, Whr) 300V/5A, 6 mV DC from Shunt (0-100.00)	al DC Volts al 4-20mA d DC MV d DC MV d DC Volt 600V/1A 600V/5A	Part Number → SPECIAL OPTIONS Output Module Carrier Boards *One carrier board must be cone or more of the following cand/or Relay Output Modules option is ordered, as it includ accepts analog output option SA-TI/CBOutput Modules Customer must specify the indesired display range, or out	options: Analog Output, S i. The exception is when t es a special Output Carri is and relay output modul ille Carrier Board, TI serie ng put signal range or digita put signal range. Multiple	erial Output the Ethernet er Board that es. s I span and the inputs, outputs
AIC Isolated 16 Bit Curre AIV Isolated 16 Bit Volta	ent Output, 4-20mA		or multiple displays require a ing part # and a specified ch Range Change and calibration	annel for each input, outp	out or display.
ADC Isolated 16 Bit Curre ADV Isolated 16 Bit Voltage	ni Ouipui, Duai 4-20mA ge Output, Dual 0-10VDC .		range. CR-CHANGE Range Change f	rom Standard Range shown in	BOLD type
➤ SERIAL OUTPUT PC Ba available for free download			Display Custom Scaling within aror a combination of module and CS-4.5/5/6 Custom display	I the software scaling capal	oility of the meter.
S1USB Communication S2Isolated ASCII Code RS S3USB Communication S4Isolated ASCII Code RS-4	-232 (Requires Cable, See Acce - MODBUS	essories)*	Output Custom Scaling within st COA-4.5/5/6 Custom scalin		



Tiger TI-500 Series Ordering Info

Continued

Order Code Suffix Description US\$ List Order Code Suffix Description US\$ List

Custom Selectable Range Installation or Modification

CSR-SETUP . . NRC to set-up custom selectable range CSR-INSTL . . . Factory installation - custom configuration, specify serial # CSR-.....

Custom Special Scaling Beyond the Standard Range

CSS-SETUP . . NRC to set-up custom special scaling CSS-56/INSTL. Installation - for 4.5, 5.0 and 6.0 meters, specify serial # CSS-. . .

Custom Output - Relays Installed in Non-Standard Locations

COR-SETUP . . NRC to set-up Relays in non-standard locations COR-INSTL . . . Installation - Relays in non-standard locations , specify

Custom Configuration of programmable functions, codes, settings, linearization tables and macro programs.

NRC to set-up custom configuration file and issue serial #. CCI-INSTL Factory installation - custom configuration, specify serial # CCI-CLT-SETUP. NRC to set-up linearization tables (per 32 points) CLT-INSTL Factory installation - linearization tables, specify serial # CLT-**CMP-SETUP** NRC to set-up ordering of a macro programming (does not include programming of macro code). Factory installation - macro program, specify serial # CMP-...

ACCESSORIES

Cables/Serial Communications

OM-CABLE232 . RS232: DB9 female to RJ6 phone plug adapter plus 6 ft RJ6 cable $\,$ OM-CABLE485 $\,$. RS485: DB9 female to RJ6 phone plug adapter plus 6 ft RJ6 cable .

USB to RS232 Converter

CV-USB/232... USB to DB9 RS232 Converter



80-MOD/PLG

.Dual 6 Pin RJ6 Adapter to Daisy Chain RS485 CN-6P6C/T.

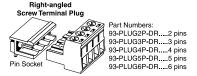
6 Pin Terminator Plug for RS485 80-RJ/TERM CN-DB9F/25M . . DB9F to DB25M Convertor

PS-2405.24VDC Regulated Power Supply, 0.5A Output PS-520.5VDC Regulated Power Supply, 2A Output

WARRANTY

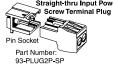
Texmate warrants that its products are free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of one year from date of shipment. Texmate's obligations under this warranty are limited to replacement or repair, at its option, at its factory, of any of the products which shall, within the applicable period after shipment, be returned to Texmate's facility, transportation charges pre-paid, and which are, after examination, disclosed to the satisfaction of Texmate to be thus defective. The warranty shall not apply to any equipment which shall have been repaired or altered, except by Texmate, or which shall have been subjected to misuse, negligence, or accident. In no case shall Texmate's liability exceed the original purchase price. The aforementioned provisions do not extend the original warranty period of any product which has been either repaired or replaced by Texmate.

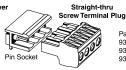




Connectors

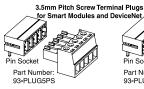


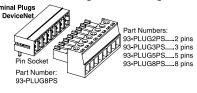




Part Numbers: 93-PLUG2P-DS....2 pins 93-PLUG3P-DS....3 pins 93-PLUG4P-DS...4 pins

93-PLUG2P-DS. . Extra Screw Terminal Conn., straight-thru 2 Pin Plug . . . 93-PLUG3P-DS. . Extra Screw Terminal Conn., straight-thru 3 Pin Plug . . . 93-PLUG4P-DS. . Extra Screw Terminal Conn., straight-thru 4 Pin Plug. . .





93-PLUG2PS ... Extra Screw Terminal Conn., 2 Pin Plug, 3.5mm ... 93-PLUG3PS ... Extra Screw Terminal Conn., 3 Pin Plug, 3.5mm ... 93-PLUG5PS ... Extra Screw Terminal Conn., 5 Pin Plug, 3.5mm ... 93-PLUG8PS . . . Extra Screw Terminal Conn., 8 Pin Plug, 3.5mm . .



OP-TERMBLK26



External DIN Rail Mounting Breakout Box

OP-IDC 16/3 16 Pin IDC Cable - 3 Feet (using ISS7/8 Input Modules only) . . . OP-IDC 26/3 26 Pin IDC Cable - 3' (using OR81/82 Output Modules only) 16 Pin Ribbon Cable - 1' (using ISS7/8 Input Modules only). . 26 Pin Ribbon Cable - 1' (using OR81/82 Output Modules only) OP-RIB16/1.. OP-RIB26/1 OP-TERMBLK16. 16 Pin Din Rail Terminal Block (using ISS7/8 IMs only). OP-TERMBLK26. 26 Pin Din Rail Terminal Block (using OR81/82 OMs only). . . .

USER'S RESPONSIBILITY

We are pleased to offer suggestions on the use of our various products either by way of printed matter or through direct contact with our sales/application engineering staff. However, since we have no control over the use of our products once they are shipped, NO WARRANTY WHETHER OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR PURPOSE, OR OTHERWISE is made beyond the repair, replacement, or refund of purchase price at the sole discretion of Texmate. Users shall determine the suitability of the product for the intended application before using, and the users assume all risk and liability whatsoever in connection therewith, regardless of any of our suggestions or statements as to application or construction. In no event shall Texmate's liability, in law or otherwise, be in excess of the purchase price of the product.

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Local Distributor Address

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