



CE

LEOPARD FAMILY

FL-B101D40H Version 2

Leopard Bargraph Temperature Meter 101 Segment, 4 Digit 0.32" LEDs in a 9/64 DIN CASE

Smart Tricolor or mono-color digital bargraph with four fully programmable set points for J, K, R, and T type thermocouples and RTD inputs.



General Features

- Thermocouple (J, K, R and T types) or RTD (Pt-100, 385 and 392 curves, 3 wire/4wire). Digitally Linearized.
- Optional isolated 16 bit analog output. User or factory scalable to 4 to 20 mA, 0 to 20 mA or 0 to 10 V across any desired digital span from \pm one count to the full scale range of -1999 to 9999 (12000 counts).
- A Programmable Tricolor (Red-Green-Orange) or mono color (red or green), 101 segment high brightness bargraph. Vertical or optional horizontal format.
- Red 4-digit LED display with a range of -1999 to 9999 (12000 counts). Optional green digital display.
- Front panel LED annunciators provide indication of setpoint status.
- Two 10 Amp Form C, and two 5 Amp Form A relays available
- Auto-sensing AC/DC power supply. For voltages between **85-265 V AC / 95-370 V DC (PS1)** or 18-48 V AC / 10-72 V DC (PS2).
- 24 V DC excitation is available to power external 4/20mA transmitters and 5 or 10 V DC excitation is available for resistance bridge type sensors.
- Provision to connect an external programming lockout switch.
- Provision for external DIM switch to reduce the brightest display setting by 50%.
- Optional NEMA-4 front cover.
- Automatic intelligent averaging, smooths noisy signals while providing a fast display response to real level changes.

Software Features

- The bargraph can display, full scale, any desired portion of the digital reading.
- Bargraph center zero function.
- Four programmable setpoints.
- Setpoint 1 has delay-on-make and delay-on-break plus a special "pump on pump off" mode that creates a Hysteresis Band between SP1 and SP2.
- Relay activation can be selected to occur above (hi) or below (Lo) each setpoint.
- Digital display blanking.
- Decimal point setting.
- Four-level brightness control of the bargraph and digital display.

Input Module Compatibility

There are 3 different Plug-in Modular Input Signal Conditioners for this specialized temperature only member of the Leopard Family. IT10 is for J, K, T and R thermocouples. IT11 is for 3 wire/4 wire Pt-100 RTD inputs. IT15 is for 3 wire/4 wire Pt-1000 RTD inputs.



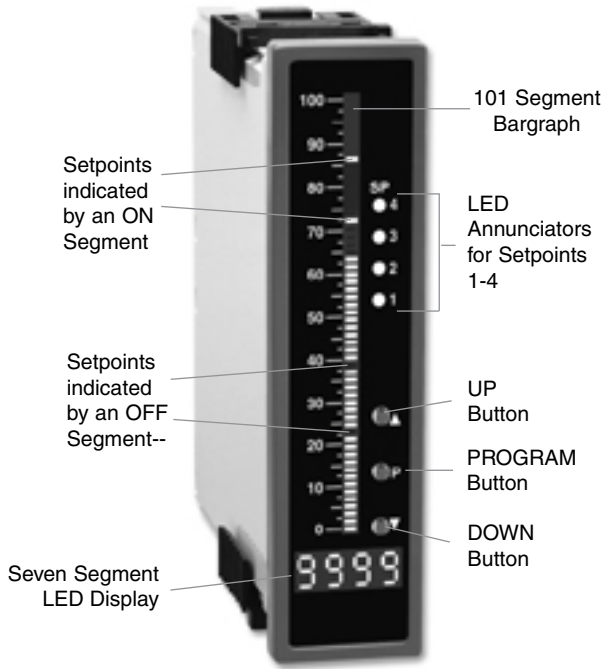
LEOPARD

Specifications

- Input Specs:**Depends on Input signal conditioner
- A/D Converter:**.....14 bit single slope
- Accuracy:**..... $\pm(0.05\%$ of reading + 2 counts)
- Temp. Coeff.:**.....100 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C (Typical)
- Warm up time:**.....2 minutes
- Conversion Rate:**.....10 conversions per second (Typical)
- Digital Display:**.....**4 digit 0.31" LED red (std)**, green (optn)
Range -1999 to 9999 counts.
- Bargraph Display:**.....**101 segment 4" red vertical (std)**,
green or tricolor (optn), horizontal (optn)
- Polarity:**.....Assumed positive. Displays - negative
- Decimal Selection:**.....Front panel button selectable, X•X•X•X•
- Positive Overrange:**...Bargraph and top segments of digital display flash.
- Negative Overrange:**..First segment of bargraph and bottom segments of digital display flash.
- Relay Output:**Two 5 Amp Form A relays and Two 10 Amp Form C relays.
- Analog Output:**.....Isolated 16 bit user scalable mA or V
OIC (mA out).....4-20 mA @ 0 to 500 Ω max loop resistance
OIV (volts out).....0-10 V DC @ 500 Ω or higher resistance
- Power Supply:**.....AC/DC Auto sensing wide range supply
PS1 (std)**85-265 VAC / 95-370 VDC @ 2.5W max 4.2W**
PS218-48 VAC / 10-72 VDC @ 2.5W max 4.2W
- Operating Temp:**.....0 to 60 $^{\circ}$ C
- Storage Temp:**.....-20 $^{\circ}$ C to 70 $^{\circ}$ C
- Relative Humidity:**...95% (non condensing)
- Case Dimensions:**.....9/64 DIN (Bezel 36Wx144Hmm)
Depth behind bezel (5.83") 148mm
Plus (0.7") 18mm for connectors
- Weight:**.....9.5 oz., 12 oz when packed

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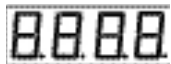
Front Panel Buttons

Program Button

The **P** button is used to move from one program step to the next. When pressed at the same time as the **UP** button, it initiates the **calibration mode**. When pressed at the same time as the **DOWN** button, it initiates the **setpoint setting mode**.

Programming Conventions

To explain software programming procedures, logic diagrams are used to visually assist in following the programming steps. The following symbols are used throughout the logic diagrams to represent the buttons and indicators on the meter:



This symbol represents the OPERATIONAL DISPLAY.



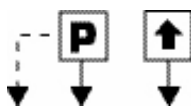
This is the PROGRAM button.



This is the UP button.



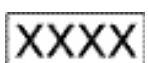
This is the DOWN button.



When a button is shown, press and release it to go onto the next step in the direction indicated by the arrow. When an alternative dotted line is shown, this indicates that an alternative logic branch will be followed when a particular option is present.



When two buttons are shown side by side and enclosed by a dotted line, they must be pressed at the same time then released to go onto the next programming step.



If an X appears through a digit, it means that any number displayed in that digit is not relevant to the function being explained.

Up Button

When in the operational display, pressing the **UP** button allows you to view the setting of the saved **Peak and Valley Values**.

When setting a displayed parameter during programming, the **UP** button is used to increase the value of the displayed parameter.

Down Button

When in the operational display, pressing the **DOWN** button allows you to change the **Brightness Level** as well as to view the setting of the setpoints **SP1, SP2, SP3 & SP4**.

When setting a displayed parameter during programming, the **DOWN** button is used to decrease the value of the displayed parameter.

Front Panel LED Display

Annunciator LEDs

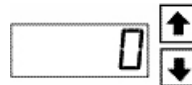
The annunciator LEDs indicate the alarm status. They are labeled from bottom to top: SP1, SP2, SP3, SP4.

Digital LED Displays

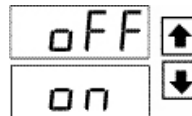
The digital LED displays are used to display the meter input signal readings. They also display the programming settings during programming.

Setpoint Indication

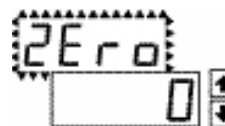
The position of setpoints on the bargraph display are indicated by an ON or OFF segment dependent on the bargraph display being above or below the setpoint.



When the **UP** and **DOWN** buttons are shown together, the display value can be increased by pressing and releasing the **UP** button or decreased by pressing and releasing the **DOWN** button.



When the **UP** and **DOWN** buttons are shown with two displays, either display can be selected by pressing and releasing the **UP** or **DOWN** buttons.



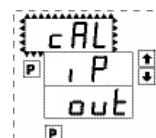
When two displays are shown together with bursts, this indicates that the display is toggling (flashing) between the name of the function and the value.



Text or numbers shown between square brackets in a procedure indicate the programming code name of the function or the value displayed on the meter display.



When there are more than two display selections they are shown in brackets below the first display and are also selectable by pressing and releasing the **UP** or **DOWN** buttons.



A dotted line enclosing an entire logic diagram indicates that programming branch will appear only when a particular option is present.

Calibration Procedure

STEP A Enter the Calibration Mode

- 1) Press the **[P]** and **[↑]** buttons at the same time. Display toggles between [CAL] and [oFF].
- 2) Press the **[↑]** or **[↓]** button. Display changes from [oFF] to [on].
- 3) Press the **[P]** button.

STEP B If the Display toggles between [CAL] and [out] the optional Analog Output hardware is installed. In which case select [CAL] [out]. Display toggles between [thEr] or [rtd] depending on whether a IT10 Thermocouple Input Module or a IT11 RTD Input Module are detected by the soft ware. If no optional output hardware is installed the menu will skip directly to STEP C.

Thermocouple type or RTD type selection mode

STEP C Sensor Type Selection

- 1) Using the **[↑]** and **[↓]** buttons, adjust the display to the desired sensor type.
- 2) Press the **[P]** button. Display toggles between [rES] resolution select and previous [rES] setting.

STEP D Set the Resolution

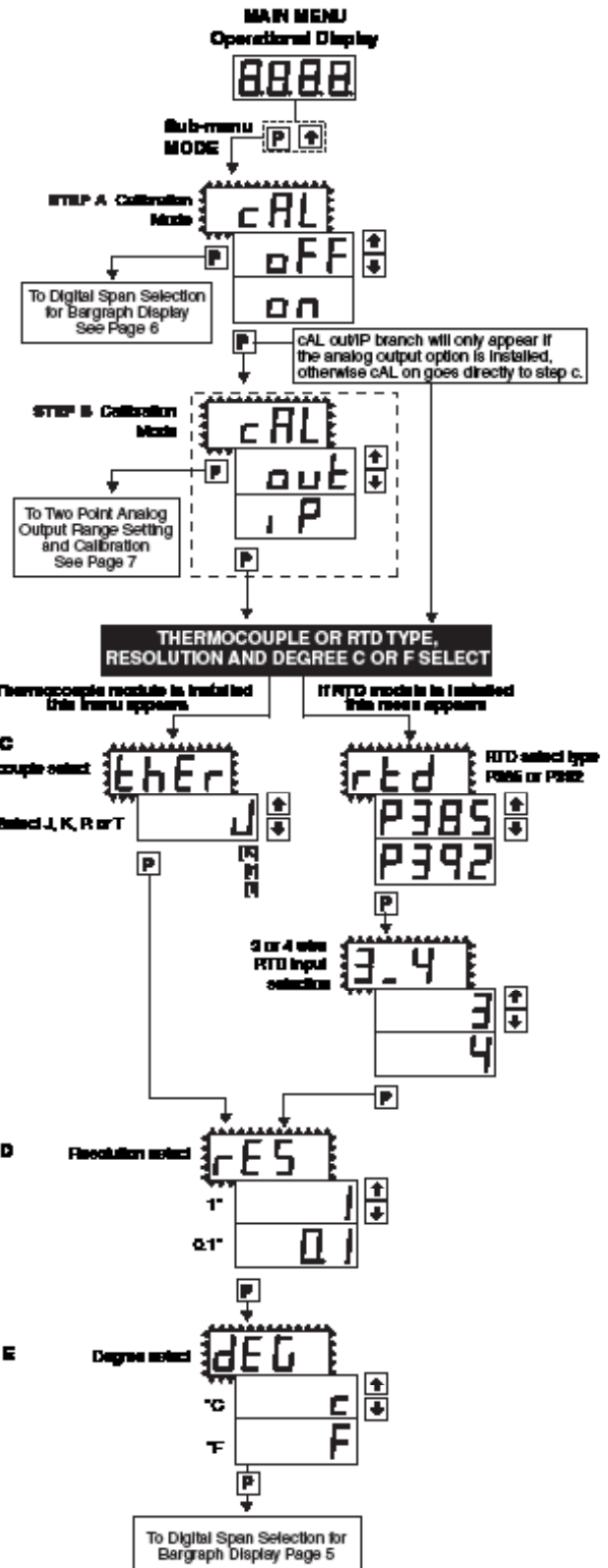
- 1) Using the **[↑]** and **[↓]** buttons, adjust the display to the desired resolution [rES] value.
- 2) Press the **[P]** button. Display toggles between [dEG] and previous [dEG] selection.

STEP E Selection of Degree C or Degree F

- 1) Using the **[↑]** and **[↓]** buttons, adjust the display to either °C or °F.
- 2) Press the **[P]** button.

Sensor Range Table

Input Sensor	Resolution	°C Range	°F Range
J TPC	1"	-200 to 700°C	-300 to 1400°F
	0.1"	-120.0 to 600.0°C	-196.0 to 992.0°F
K TPC	1"	-120 to 1000°C	-200 to 2000°F
	0.1"	-120.0 to 600.0°C	-196.0 to 992.0°F
N TPC	1"	0 to 1000°C	32 to 2000°F
	0.1"	0 to 600.0°C	32.0 to 992.0°F
T TPC	1"	-200 to 400°C	-300 to 700°F
	0.1"	-120.0 to 400.0°C	-196.0 to 700.0°F
100Ω RTD (250-ohm)	1"	-200 to 600°C	-300 to 1400°F
	0.1"	-120.0 to 600.0°C	-196.0 to 992.0°F
100Ω RTD (300-ohm)	1"	-200 to 600°C	-300 to 1400°F
	0.1"	-120.0 to 600.0°C	-196.0 to 992.0°F



Input Module Calibration Procedure

See page 12 for the Calibration instructions of each Input Module type.

Digital Span Selection For Bargraph Display

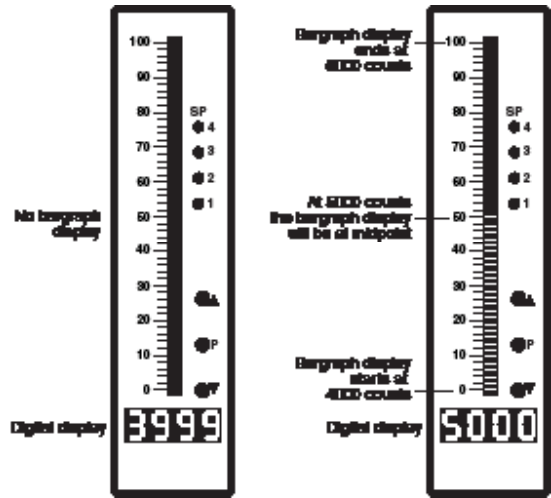
The bargraph can be set to display full scale (0-101 bars) any portion of the digital reading from a minimum of 100 counts to a maximum of 12,000 counts. This provides higher resolution bargraph indication for those applications where the normal operating input signal range is less than the desired full scale display range of the digital display.

For Example:

If the full scale range of the meter has been set from -1999 to 9999 (0-12,000 counts), but the normal operating range of the input signal is between 4000 & 6000. The bargraph high parameter [bhi] can be set to 6000 and the bargraph low parameter [bLo] can be set to 4000.

This means that although the meter could digitally display a signal from -1999 to 9999 (0-12,000 counts), the bargraph display only begins to function at a reading of 4000, and reaches full scale indication at a reading of 6000. Although the digital display will continue reading up to 9999 before indicating overrange, the bargraph display will indicate its overrange by flashing for readings above 6000.

Example of Setting the Digital Span of the Bargraph Display to be Different than the Digital Display Range



Bargraph does not light up for Input Signals up to 3999 counts

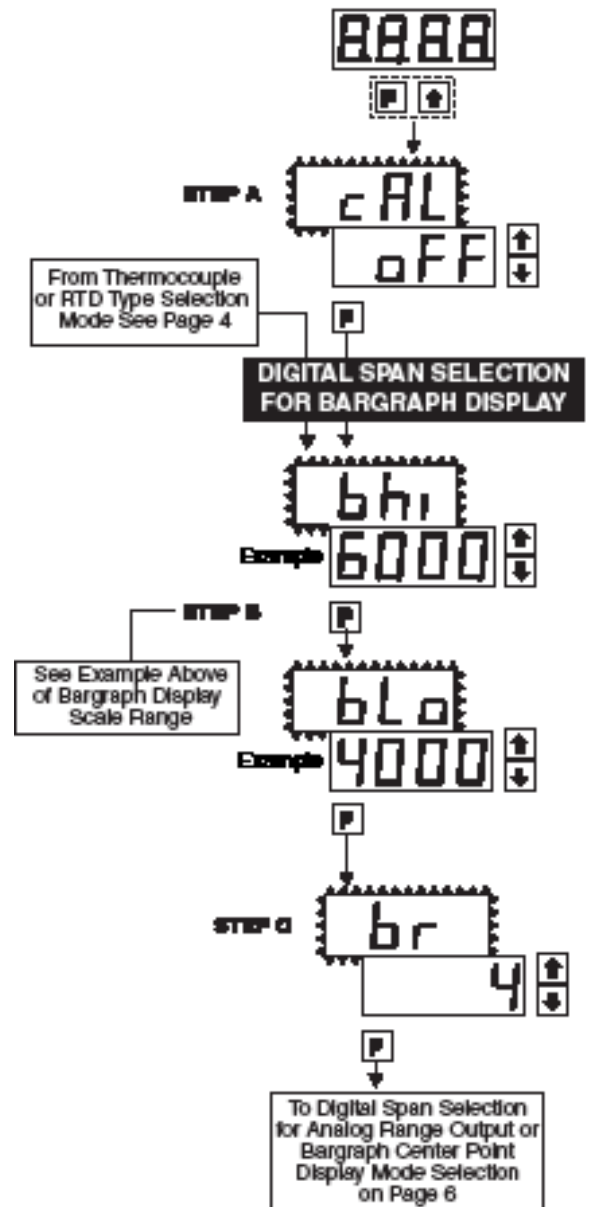
Bargraph lights up for Input Signals above 4000 counts

STEP A Enter the Calibration Sub Menu Mode

- 1) Press the **[P]** and **[↑]** buttons at the same time. Display toggles between [CAL] and [oFF].
- 2) Press the **[P]** button. Display toggles between [bhi] and the previous setting.

STEP B Set the Digital Span of the Bargraph Display (See example above)

- 1) Using the **[↑]** and **[↓]** buttons, adjust the display to the desired high parameter reading, e.g. 6000 counts.
- 2) Press the **[P]** button. Display toggles between [bLo] and the previous setting.
- 3) Using the **[↑]** and **[↓]** buttons, adjust the display to the desired low parameter reading, e.g. 4000 counts.
- 4) Press the **[P]** button. Display changes from [4000] to [dP].



Brightness Selection

STEP C Press the **[P]** button. Display toggles between [br] and the previous brightness setting.

Set the Bargraph and Digital Display Brightness

- 1) Using the **[↑]** and **[↓]** buttons, adjust the display to the desired brightness setting (4 is the brightest setting).
- 2) Press the **[P]** button. Display toggles between [Anhi] and the previous [Anhi] setting.

Note: If at this point, the display skips directly to STEP G and toggles between [Cto] and [oFF], the software is detecting that the optional analog output hardware is NOT installed.

Digital Span Selection for Analog Range Output

STEP D Selecting the [Anhi] Digital Value for Analog High Output

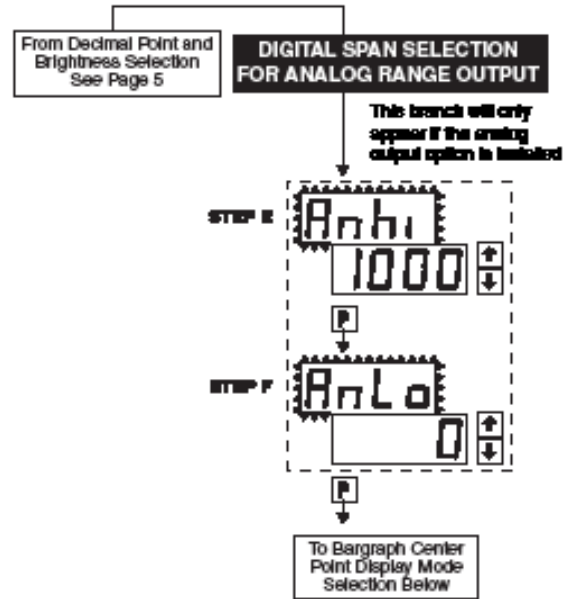
- Using the \uparrow and \downarrow buttons, adjust the display to the desired digital value at which the [chi] Calibrated Analog High output will occur. For digital readings outside the digital span selected, the analog output will linearly rise above the value set for chi, up to the maximum analog output capability. However, the analog output will not go lower than the calibrated value set for cLo (see below).
- Press the \square button. Display toggles between [AnLo] and previous [AnLo] setting.

STEP E Selecting the [AnLo] Digital Value for Analog Low Output

- Using the \uparrow and \downarrow buttons, adjust the display to the desired digital value at which the [cLo] Calibrated Analog Low output will occur. For Digital readings outside the Digital Span selected, the analog output will not go lower than the calibrated value set for cLo.
- Press the \square button. The display toggles between [cto] and [oFF].

Note: Any two digital span points from -1999 to 9999 can be selected. The digital values for [Anhi] analog high and [AnLo] analog low can be reversed to provide a 20 to 4mA output. The digital span selected can be as small as two counts, when using the analog output to function as a Control or Alarm Driver. Small digital spans will cause the high resolution 16 bit D to A to increment digitally in stair case steps.

See Two Point Analog Output Range Setting and Calibration at the top of the next page.

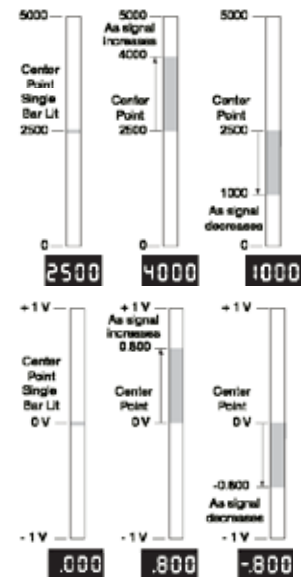


Bargraph Center Point Display Mode Selection

Example of Using the Center Point Bargraph Display Mode with a Unipolar Input

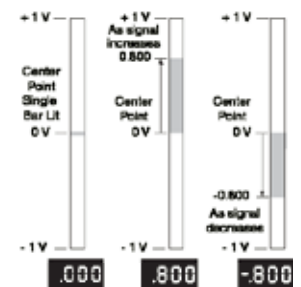
If the meter's full scale range is set to 5000 counts, the midpoint would be 2500 counts. If a signal of 2500 counts is applied only one segment at the 2500 count mark will light up. If a signal of 4000 counts is applied the segments between the center segment (2500 counts) and the 4000 count mark light up.

If a signal of 1000 counts is applied, the segments between the center segment (2500 counts) and the 1000 count mark will light up.



Example of Using the Center Point Bargraph Display Mode with Bipolar Signal Inputs

The meter may also be calibrated to display symmetrical bipolar signals such as ± 1 V or ± 10 V. When the center point display mode is selected, it will then function as a center zero meter. When positive signals are applied, the bar will go up from the center point, and when negative signals are applied, the bar will go down from the center point.



STEP F Bargraph Center Point Mode Selection (See example above)

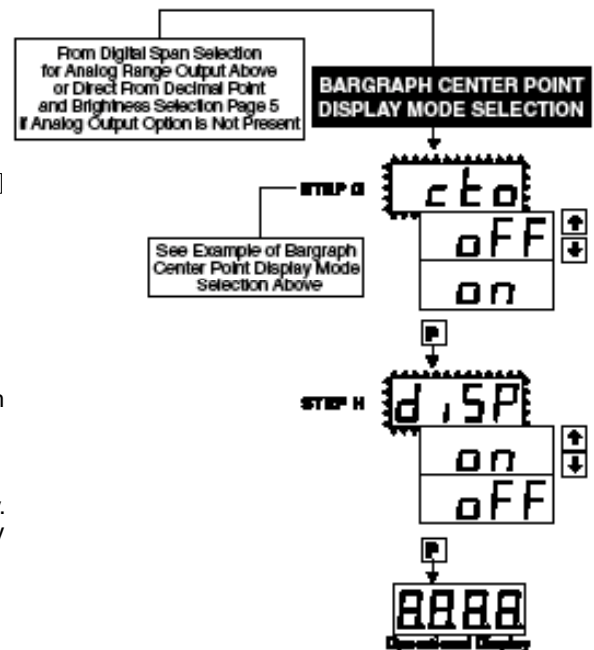
- To select bargraph center point mode, press the \uparrow or \downarrow button. Display changes from [oFF] to [on].
- Press the \square button. Display toggles between [diSP] and [on] or [oFF].

STEP G Digital Display ON/OFF Selection

- To set the display to [oFF], press the \uparrow or \downarrow button. Display toggles between [diSP] and [oFF].
- Press the \square button. The display exits the calibration mode and returns to the operational display. Only the bargraph display is on and the digital display is off.

If the digital display is selected to be off, pressing any button to make programming changes or to view setpoints activates the digital display. When the procedure is complete, the digital display will then automatically switch off.

The Display/Bargraph settings are now complete.



Two Point Analog Output Range Setting and Calibration

Determine if the Analog Output Selection Header is in the 4 to 20mA (0-20mA) position or the 0 to 10VDC position. If necessary, the module may have to be removed and the header position changed (see Component Layout below).

Note: Always disconnect power from the meter before removing the analog output module to adjust the mA or Volts output selection header and reinstalling it. When power is reconnected, the meter's software will automatically detect the presence or absence of the analog output module.

STEP A Enter the Calibration Mode

- 1) Press the **[P]** and **[↑]** buttons at the same time. Display toggles between [cAL] and [oFF].
- 2) Press the **[↓]** or **[↑]** button. Display changes from [oFF] to [on].
- 3) Press the **[P]** button. Display toggles between [cAL] and [out] input calibration.

Note: If at this point the display skips directly to toggle between Zero and the previous Zero setting, the software is detecting that the optional analog output hardware is NOT installed.

STEP B Enter the Two Point Analog [ouT] Output Range Setting and Calibration Mode

- 1) Press the **[P]** button. Display toggles between [cLo] and an internal scale factor.

STEP E Set or Calibrate [cLo] the Low Analog Value of the Analog Output Range

- 1) Connect a multimeter to analog output pins 17 and 18 (see Rear Panel Pinouts on page 10). Using the **[↑]** and **[↓]** buttons, adjust the analog output to the desired low value as measured on the multimeter. cLo may be adjusted to any value from -0.3 mA to 18 mA (mA output selected) or from -0.6 V to 8 V (volt output selected). However, the output of cLo must always be less than the value selected for chi. If a reversed analog output is desired, the values selected to establish the Digital Span can be reversed (see top of page 6). For digital readings outside the Digital Span selected, the analog output will not go any lower than the calibrated value set for cLo. However, the analog output will linearly rise above the value set for cLo, up to the maximum analog output capability (see chi below).

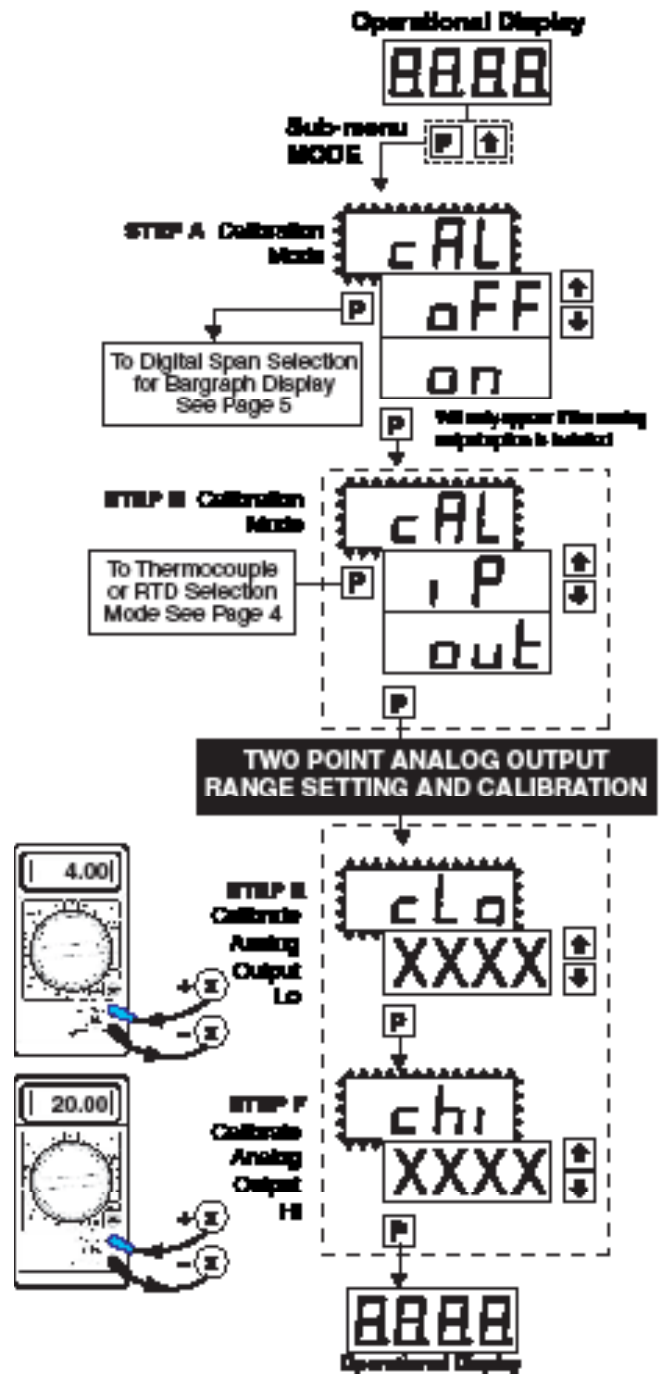
- 2) Press the **[P]** button. Display toggles between [chi] and an internal scale factor.

STEP F Set or Calibrate [chi] the High Analog Value of the Analog Output Range

- 1) Using the **[↑]** and **[↓]** buttons, adjust the analog output to the desired high value as measured on the multimeter display. chi may be adjusted to any value from 18 mA to 24 mA (mA output) or from 8 V to 10.3 V (volt output). However, the value must be higher than the value selected for cLo. For digital readings outside the Digital Span selected, the analog output will linearly rise above the value set for chi, up to the maximum analog output capability.

- 2) Press the **[P]** button. The meter exits the calibration mode and returns to the operational display.

Note: The analog output range established by the values selected for cLo and chi will occur, automatically scaled, between the two digital values selected for AnHi and AnLo. However, the analog output can linearly rise above the chi value set for digital readings outside the digital span selected. See Digital Span Selection on page 6.



Setpoint Setting and Relay Configuration Mode

The following programming steps are required to enter the setpoint values and configure the relay functions in a meter with four relays using four setpoints. Generally if less than four relays are installed, the setpoints without relays are operational in software for tri-color control or display only purposes. To remove unwanted setpoint indications, set them to 9999 or -1999 depending on the relay activation mode selected.

STEP A Enter the Setpoint Mode

- 1) Press the **P** and **↓** buttons at the same time. Display toggles between [SP1] and the previous SP1 setting.

STEP B Set Setpoint 1 [SP1]

- 1) Using the **↑** and **↓** buttons, adjust the display to the desired SP1 value.
- 2) Press the **P** button. Display toggles between [doM] and the previous [doM] setting.

STEP C Set the SP1 Delay-on-Make [doM] Delay Time Setting

- 1) Using the **↑** and **↓** buttons, adjust the display to the desired [doM] value (0 to 9999 seconds). The reading must continuously remain in an alarm condition until this delay time has elapsed before the relay will make contact (energize).
- 2) Press the **P** button. Display toggles between [dob] and the previous [dob] setting.

STEP D Set the SP1 Delay-on-Break [dob] Delay Time Setting

- 1) Using the **↑** and **↓** buttons, adjust the display to the desired [dob] value (0 to 9999 seconds). The reading must continuously remain in a non-alarm condition until this delay time has elapsed before the relay will break contact (de-energize).
- 2) Press the **P** button. Display toggles between [hYSt] and the previous [hYSt] setting.

STEP E Select the Hysteresis [hYSt]

- 1) Using the **↑** and **↓** buttons, select the Hysteresis to be ON or OFF.
- 2) Press the **P** button. Display toggles between PUM and (on) or (oFF).

STEP F Select Pump [PUM] (on) or (oFF)

- 1) Using the **↑** and **↓** buttons, select the Pump to be ON or OFF. When PUM is selected ON, and SP2 is set at a value higher than SP1, the SP1 relay will operate in a special "pump on pump off" mode. SP2 acts as the upper limit and SP1 acts as the lower limit of the Hysteresis Band on the SP1 relay.

For filling applications:

[rLYS] should be set to [LhXX] (see step M). The SP1 relay and SP1 LED Annunciator will then activate for inputs less than the SP1 setpoint, and remain ON until the SP2 setpoint is reached.

For emptying applications:

[rLYS] should be set to [hhXX] (see step M). The SP1 relay and SP1 LED Annunciator will then activate for inputs greater than the SP2 setpoint, and remain ON until the SP1 setpoint is reached.

- 2) Press the **P** button. Display toggles between [SP2] and the previous SP2 setting.

STEP G Set Setpoint 2 (SP2)

- 1) Using the **↑** and **↓** buttons, adjust the display to the desired SP2 value.
- 2) Press the **P** button. Display toggles between [hySt] and the previous [hySt] setting.

STEP H Select the Hysteresis [hYSt]

- 1) Using the **↑** and **↓** buttons, select the Hysteresis to be ON or OFF.
- 2) Press the **P** button. Display toggles between [SP3] and the previous [SP3] setting.

STEP I Set Setpoint 3 (SP3) (No [doM] or [dob])

- 1) Using the **↑** and **↓** buttons, adjust the display to the desired SP3 value.
- 2) Press the **P** button. Display toggles between [hySt] and the previous [hySt] setting.

STEP J Select the Hysteresis [hYSt]

- 1) Using the **↑** and **↓** buttons, select the Hysteresis to be ON or OFF.
- 2) Press the **P** button. Display toggles between [SP4] and the previous [SP4] setting.

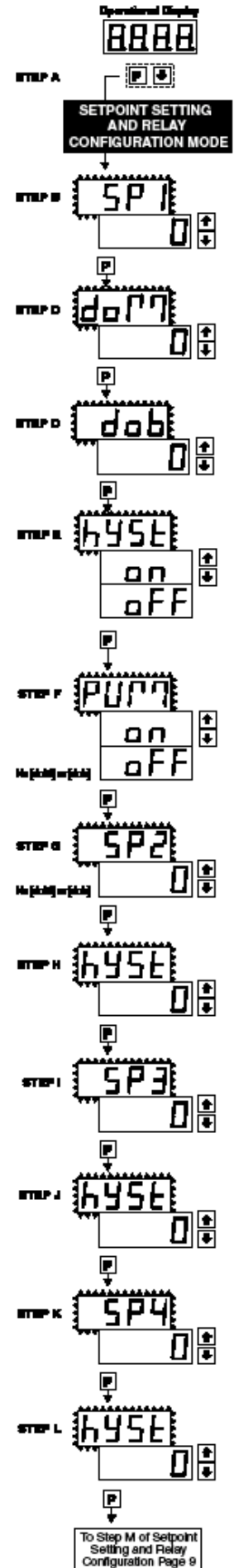
STEP K Set Setpoint 4 (SP4) (No [doM] or [dob])

- 1) Using the **↑** and **↓** buttons, adjust the display to the desired SP4 value.
- 2) Press the **P** button. Display toggles between [hySt] and the previous [hySt] setting.

STEP L Select the Hysteresis [hYSt]

- 1) Using the **↑** and **↓** buttons, select the Hysteresis to be ON or OFF.
- 2) Press the **P** button. Display toggles between [rLYS] and the previous relay setting.

Please Continue On Next Page.



Setpoint Setting and Relay Configuration Mode Continued

STEP M Set Relay Activation mode [rLYS] for SP1

(H) High the relay energizes when the setpoint is exceeded. (L) Low the relay energizes below the setpoint. The setpoint is indicated from left to right SP1, SP2, SP3, SP4.

- Using the and buttons, select (L) or (H) for the first digit, which corresponds to SP1.
- Press the button. The SP2 Relay Activation digit begins to flash, and its decimal point is lit.

STEP N Set High (H) or Low (L) for SP2

- Using the and buttons, select (L) or (H) for the second digit, which corresponds to SP2.
- Press the button. The SP3 Relay Activation digit begins to flash, and its decimal point is lit.

STEP O Set High (H) or Low (L) for SP3

- Using the and buttons, select (L) or (H) for the third digit, which corresponds to SP3.
- Press the button. The SP4 Relay Activation digit begins to flash, and its decimal point is lit.

STEP P Set High (H) or Low (L) for SP4

- Using the and buttons, select (L) or (H) for the fourth digit, which corresponds to SP4.
- Press the button.

If a mono-color red or green display is installed then the Setpoint Relay Programming Mode is now complete and the meter returns to the operational display.

If a tricolor bargraph display is installed then the Bargraph Color Programming Mode will be entered and display toggles between [CoL] and the previous setting. Color selection menu will be displayed.

Bargraph Color Programming Mode

To comply with the latest safety requirements, the tri-color bargraph is designed like a traffic light, to display either red, orange or green, but only one color at a time. When the bar reaches a selected color change point, the entire bar will change to the color designated for that zone. This eliminates any ambiguity as to the signal status, especially just after transitioning to a new zone.

First (Step Q) is to select the color to be displayed, when the bar is “below*”, whichever set point is set to the lowest position.

Second (Steps R, S, T, and U) is to select the color to be displayed when the bar is above each specific set point, regardless of the order or position to which the set points are set.

However, if two or more setpoints with differently specified colors are positioned at the same set point value, the color specified for the set point with the highest identifying number will be displayed. When set points are set to the same value, the SP4 color overrides the SP3 color, the SP3 color overrides the SP2 color, and the SP2 color overrides the SP1 color.

STEP Q Select Bargraph Color when the bar is BELOW* the Setpoint that is set to the lowest position

- Using the and buttons, select the desired bargraph color [grn], [oran] or [red]
- Press the button. Display toggles between [CSP1] and the previous color setting.

STEP R Select Bargraph Color when the bar is ABOVE* SP1 Setpoint

- Using the and buttons, select the desired bargraph color [grn], [oran] or [red]
- Press the button. Display toggles between [CSP2] and the previous color setting.

STEP S Select Bargraph Color when the bar is ABOVE* SP2 Setpoint

- Using the and buttons, select the desired bargraph color [grn], [oran] or [red]
- Press the button. Display toggles between [CSP3] and the previous color setting.

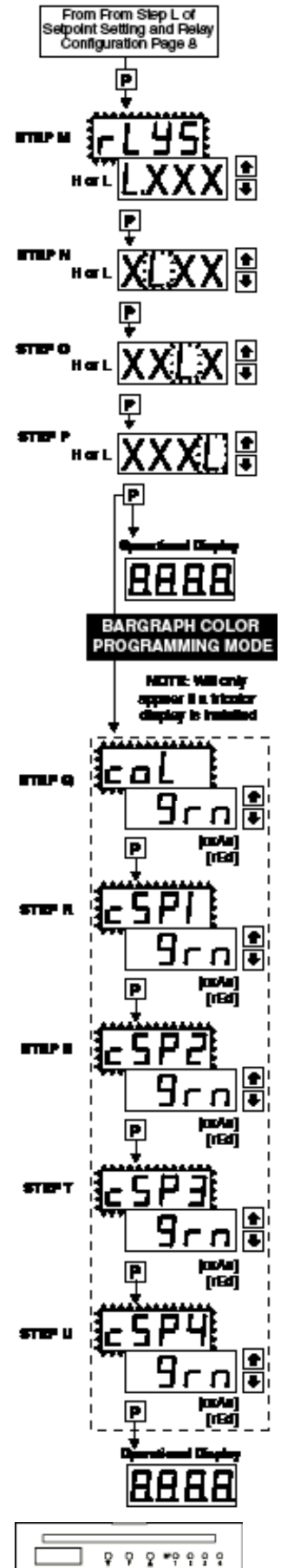
STEP T Select Bargraph Color when the bar is ABOVE* SP3 Setpoint

- Using the and buttons, select the desired bargraph color [grn], [oran] or [red]
- Press the button. Display toggles between [CSP4] and the previous color setting.

STEP U Select Bargraph Color when the bar is ABOVE* SP4 Setpoint

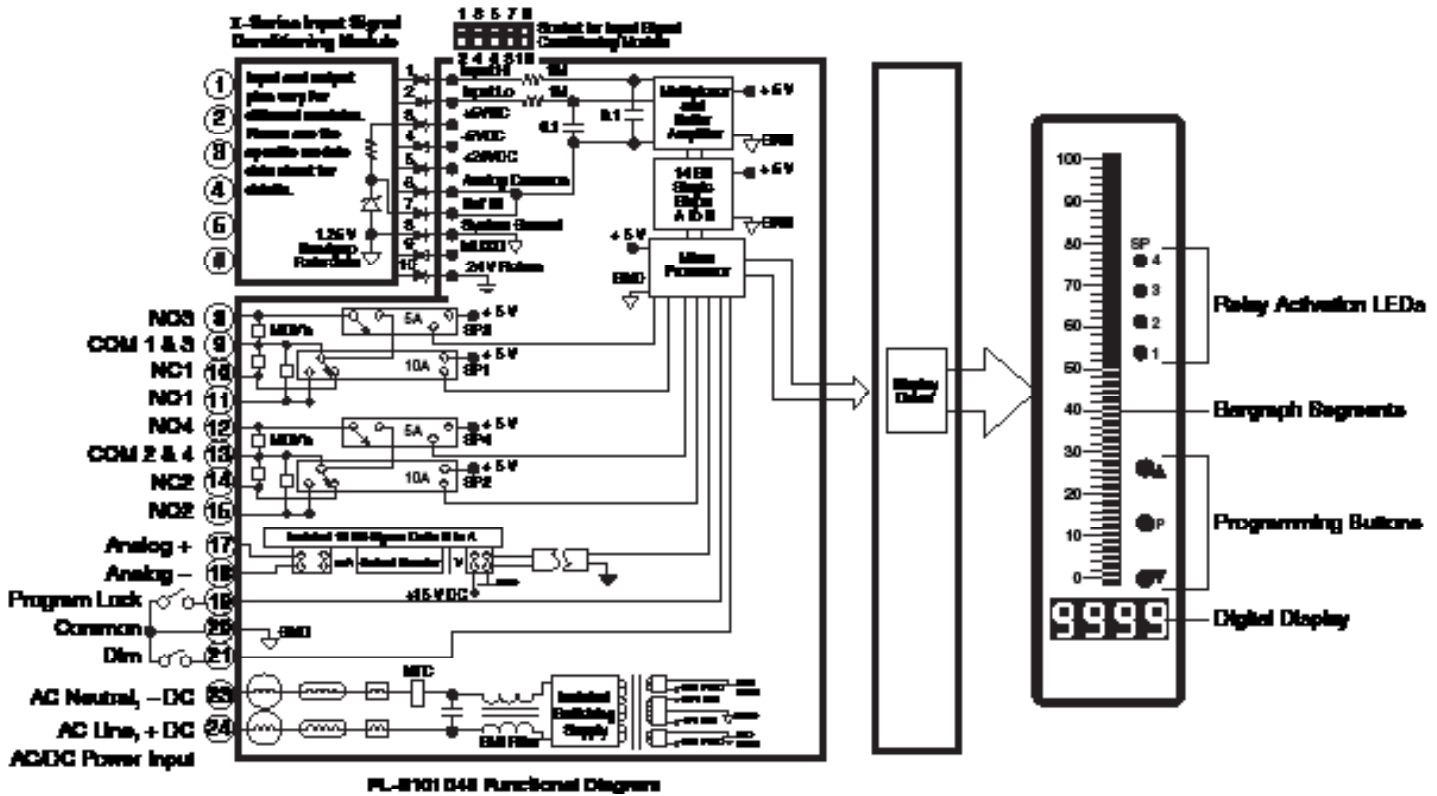
- Using the and buttons, select the desired bargraph color [grn], [oran] or [red]
- Press the button. The meter exits the setpoint mode and returns to the operational display.

The Bargraph Color programming mode is now complete.



Note: For horizontal display formats BELOW should be read as, “to the left” and ABOVE* should be read as, “to the right”.

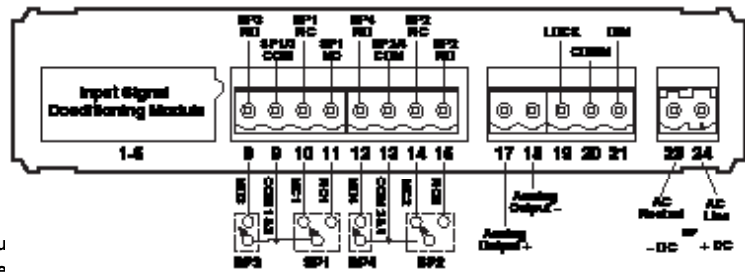
Functional Diagram



Connector Pinouts

This meter uses plug-in type screw terminal connectors for all input and output connections. The power supply connections (pins 23 and 24) have a unique plug and socket outline to prevent cross connection. The main board uses standard right-angled connectors.

Replacement 2-, 3-, and 4-pin plug connectors are available (see Accessories on page 16).



Note: The sequence of setpoint outputs on meters shipped prior to 2002 was 1-2-3-4. The sequence is now 3-1-4-2, enabling delay on make (dom) and delay on break (dob) to be used with both Form "C" relays.



WARNING: AC and DC input signals and power supply voltages can be hazardous. Do Not connect live wire screw terminal plugs, and do not insert, remove or handle screw terminal plugs with live wires connected.

Pin Descriptions

Input Signal – Pins 1 to 6

Pins 1 to 6 are reserved for the input signal conditioner. See the data sheet for the selected input signal conditioner.

Pins 8 to 15 – Relay Output Pins

- Pin 8 SP3 NO. Normally Open 5 Amp Form A.
- Pin 9 SP1/3 COM. Common for SP1 and SP3.
- Pin 10 SP1 NC. Normally Closed 10 Amp Form C.
- Pin 11 SP1 NO. Normally Open 10 Amp Form C.
- Pin 12 SP4 NO. Normally Open 5 Amp Form A.
- Pin 13 SP2/4 COM. Common for SP2 and SP4.
- Pin 14 SP2 NC. Normally Closed 10 Amp Form C.
- Pin 15 SP2 NO. Normally Open 10 Amp Form C.

Pins 17 to 21 – Rear Panel Switches

Pin 17 **ANALOG OUTPUT (+)**. mA (0 to 20 mA/4 to 20 mA) or V (0 to 10 V) output is header selectable.

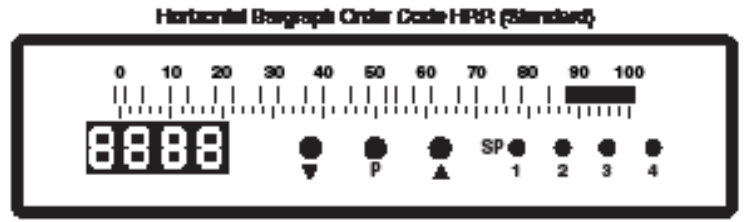
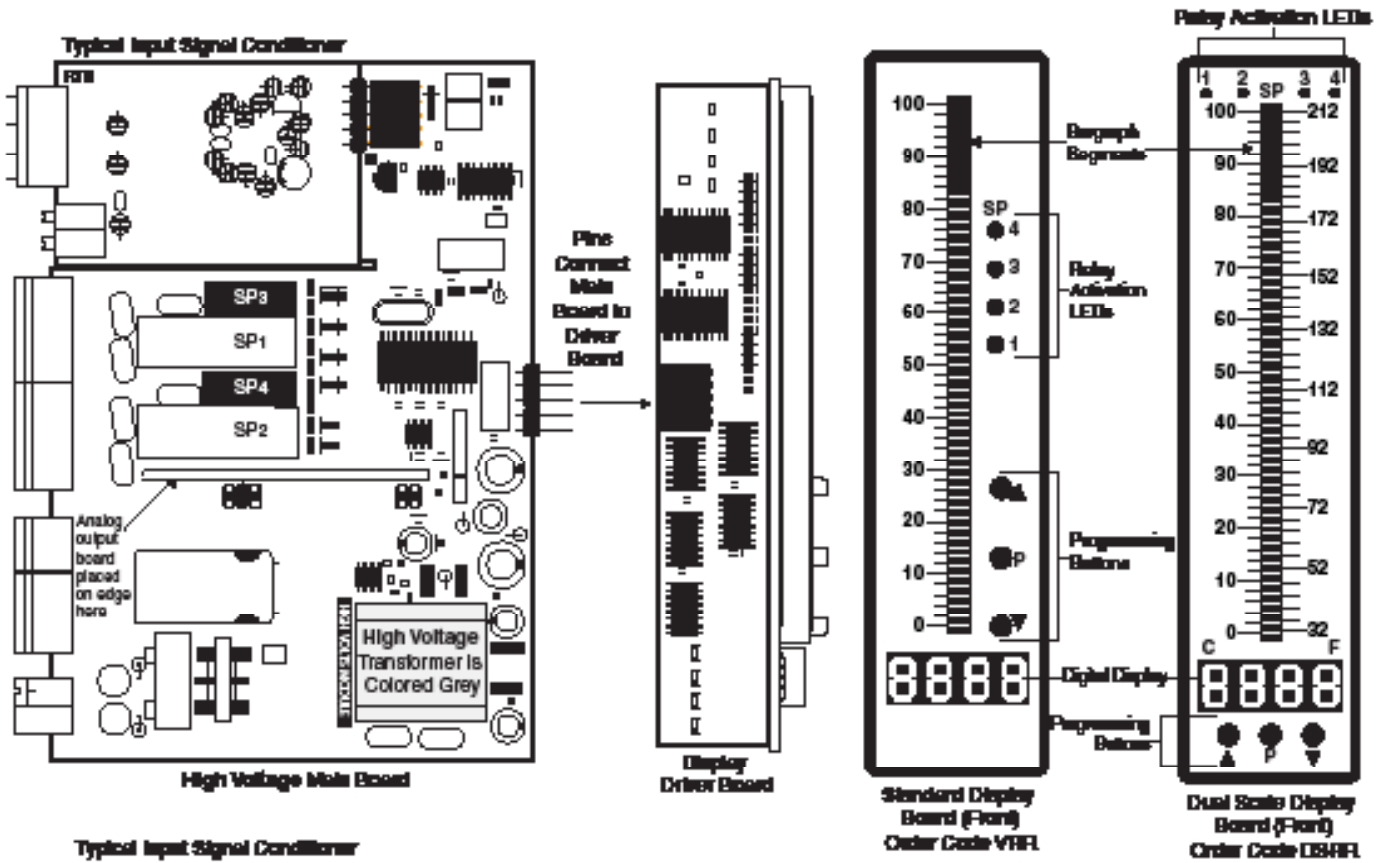
- Pin 18 **ANALOG OUTPUT (-)**. mA (0 to 20 mA/4 to 20 mA) or V (0 to 10 V) output is header selectable.
- Pin 19 **Programming LOCK**. By connecting the LOCK pin to the COMMON pin, the meter's programmed parameters can be viewed but not changed.
- Pin 20 **COMMON**. To activate the LOCK or DIM functions from the rear of the meter, the respective pins have to be connected to the COMMON pin. This pin is connected to the internal power supply ground.
- Pin 21 **DIM**. By connecting the display dim (DIM) pin to the COMMON pin, the display brightness setting is halved.

Pins 23 and 24 – AC/DC Power Input

Auto-sensing AC/DC power supply. For voltages between 85-265 V AC / 95-370 V DC (PS1) or 18-48 V AC / 10-72 V DC (PS2).

- Pin 23 **AC Neutral / -DC**. Neutral power supply line.
- Pin 24 **AC line / +DC**. Live power supply line.

Component Layout

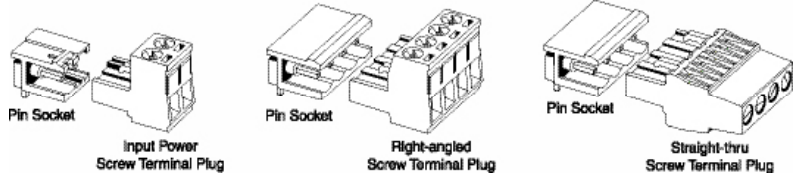


Connectors



WARNING
 AC and DC input signals and power supply voltages can be hazardous. Do Not connect live wires to terminal blocks, and do not insert, remove or handle terminal blocks with live wires connected.

Standard plug-in screw terminal blocks provided by Textmate:



I-Series Input Signal Conditioning Modules

Symbols Indicate Module Compatibility Within Meter Families		
	TIGER Family	TIGER Family
	LEOPARD Family	LEOPARD Family
	LYNX Family	LYNX Family
ALL MODELS	SOME MODELS	MODEL SPECIFIC



WARNING: AC and DC input signals and power supply voltages can be hazardous. Do Not insert, remove or handle modules with live wires connected to any terminal plugs.

Pre-calibrated I-Series input modules, that have span or zero potentiometers, can be interchanged between any I-Series compatible meter, without recalibration, because all of the analog scaling and reference circuitry is self-contained within the module.

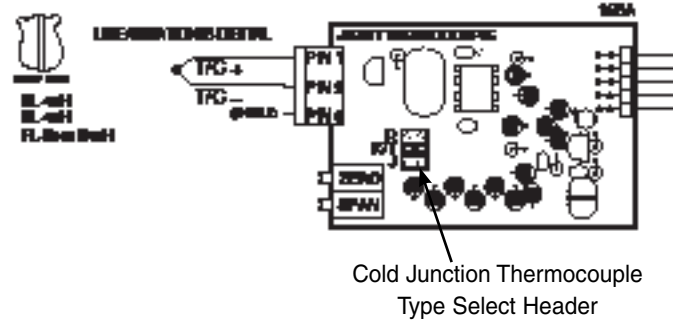
Unless otherwise specified Texmate will ship all modules pre-calibrated with factory preselected ranges and/or scalings as shown in **BOLD** type. Other pre-calibrated standard ranges or custom ranges may be ordered. Factory installed custom scaling and other custom options are also available (see Ordering Information, Special Options on last page).

Input Module Calibration Procedure

IT10 Thermocouple Input Signal Conditioner installed.

1. The cold junction select header must be installed in the correct position for the thermocouple type to be used. Thermocouple types J, K, R and T are supported. If you wish to use a different thermocouple from the default setting of K/T it is necessary to remove the module and move the cold junction select header to the appropriate position.
2. Unplug the connector plugs from the meter. Remove the case back panel and slide the module out of the case.
3. After selecting the appropriate header position, insert the module back into the case. Snap the back panel back into the case. Apply power to the meter.
4. Enter the program mode and select the type of thermocouple (J, K, R, T), the resolution (0.1° or 1°) and the display units (°C or °F). See Page 4 of the data sheet for details.
5. Connect a thermocouple simulator to the meter inputs. Apply an input corresponding to 0° and adjust the ZERO Potentiometer to make the display read 0.
6. Apply an input corresponding to the maximum reading of the thermocouple and adjust the SPAN Potentiometer to make the display read correctly.
7. The meter is now calibrated and ready for use. Calibration will have to be performed again if the thermocouple type is changed.

IT10: Thermocouple, J/K/R/T, Selectable °C/°F, 1°/0.1°



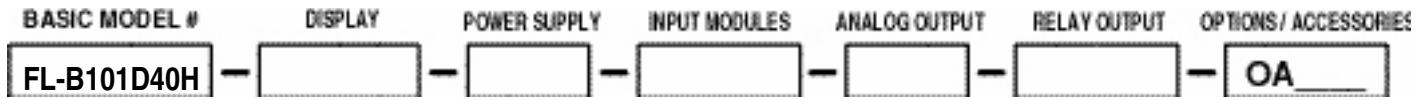
IT11 or IT15 RTD Input Signal Conditioner installed.

1. Enter the program mode and select the type of RTD (385 or 392 curve and 3-wire/ 4-wire), the resolution (0.1° or 1°) and the display units (°C or °F). See Page 4 of the data sheet for details.
2. Connect an RTD simulator to the meter inputs. Apply an input corresponding to 0° and adjust the ZERO Potentiometer to make the display read 0.
3. Introduce a lead resistance of 10Ω in each lead. Adjust the Lead Resistance Compensation potentiometer to make the display again read 0.
4. The meter is now calibrated and ready for use. Calibration will have to be performed again if the RTD type is changed.

IT11: RTD, 100Ω Pt. Select 3/4-wire, °C/°F, 1°/0.1° IT15: RTD, 1000Ω Pt. Select 3/4-wire, °C/°F, 1°/0.1°



Ordering Information



Add to the basic model number the order code suffix for each standard option required. The last suffix is to indicate how many different special options and or accessories that you may require to be included with this product.

Ordering Example: FL-B101D40H-VRR-PS1-IA01-OIC-R11-OA2 plus CR-CHANGE and an OP-N4/144X36

BASIC MODEL NUMBER

FL-B101D40H . . . 144x36mm, 101 Segment Bargraph, 4 Digit, Temperature

RELAY OUTPUT

- R11 . . . Single 10A Form C Relay
- R12 . . . Dual 10A Form C Relays
- R13 . . . Dual 10A Form C & One 5A Form A Relays
- R14 . . . Dual 10A Form C & Dual 5A Form A Relays
- R15 . . . Single 10A Form C & Dual 5A Form A Relays
- R16 . . . Single 10A Form C & Single 5A Form A Relays

Standard Options for this Model Number

Order Code Suffix	Description
-------------------	-------------

DISPLAY

- VRR . . . Red LED Bargraph w/4 Digit Red DPM, Vertical
- VGG . . . Green LED Bargraph w/4 Digit Green DPM, Vertical
- VGR . . . Green LED Bargraph w/4 Digit Red DPM, Vertical
- VRG . . . Red LED Bargraph w/4 Digit Green DPM, Vertical
- VTG . . . Tri-Color Bargraph w/4 Digit Green DPM, Vertical
- VTR . . . Tri-Color Bargraph w/4 Digit Red DPM, Vertical

- HRR . . . Red LED Bargraph w/4 Digit Red DPM, Horizontal
- HGG . . . Green LED Bargraph w/4 Digit Green DPM, Horizontal
- HGR . . . Green LED Bargraph w/4 Digit Red DPM, Horizontal
- HRG . . . Red LED Bargraph w/4 Digit Green DPM, Horizontal
- HTG . . . Tri-Color Bargraph w/4 Digit Green DPM, Horizontal
- HTR . . . Tri-Color Bargraph w/4 Digit Red DPM, Horizontal

- DSGG . . . Dual Scale Green LED Vertical Bargraph w/4 Digit Green DPM
- DSGR . . . Dual Scale Green LED Vertical Bargraph w/4 Digit Red DPM
- DSRG . . . Dual Scale Red LED Vertical Bargraph w/4 Digit Green DPM
- DSRR . . . Dual Scale Red LED Vertical Bargraph w/4 Digit Red DPM
- DSTG . . . Dual Scale Tri-Color Vertical Bargraph w/4 Digit Green DPM
- DSTR . . . Dual Scale Tri-Color Vertical Bargraph w/4 Digit Red DPM

POWER SUPPLY

- PS1 . . . **85-265VAC/95-370VDC**
- PS2 . . . 15-48VAC/10-72VDC

INPUT MODULES (Partial List. See www.texmate.com)

Unless otherwise specified Texmate will ship all modules precalibrated with factory preselected ranges and/or scalings as shown in **BOLD** type.

- IT10 . . . Thermocouple, J/K/R/T, Selectable °C/°F, **1°/0.1°**
- IT11 . . . RTD, 100Ω Pt. Selectable **3/4-wire**, °C/°F, **1°/0.1°**, 385/392
- IT15 . . . RTD, 1000Ω Pt. Selectable **3/4-wire**, °C/°F, **1°/0.1°**, 385/392

ANALOG OUTPUT

- OIC . . . Isolated 16 Bit Current Output, 4-20mA
- OIV . . . Isolated 16 Bit Voltage Output, 0-10VDC

Special Options and Accessories

Part Number	Description
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SPECIAL OPTIONS (Specify Inputs or Outputs & Req. Reading)

- CR-CHANGE Calibrated Range Change to another Standard Range
- CS-L/BAR Custom Scaling within any Std. or Custom Selectable Range
- CSR-L/BAR Custom Selectable Range Installation or Modification
- CSS-L/BAR Custom Special Scaling beyond the Standard Range
- COA-L/SINGLE Custom Output - Special Scaling of Analog Output
- COR-L/RELAY Custom Output - Relays Installed in Non-Standard Locations
- CCP-L/SETUP NRC to Set-up Custom Configuration - Functions, Codes
- CCP-L/INSTL Factory Installation - Custom Configuration

ACCESSORIES (Specify Serial # for Custom Artwork Installation)

- 75-DMC14436B Side Slide Brackets-Wide opening (2 pc)
- 75-DMC144X36 Side Slide Brackets-stand. (2 pc) - extra set
- 93-PLUG2P-DP Extra Screw Terminal Conn., 2 Pin Power Plug
- 93-PLUG2P-DR Extra Screw Terminal Conn., 2 Pin Plug
- 93-PLUG3P-DR Extra Screw Terminal Conn., 3 Pin Plug
- 93-PLUG4P-DR Extra Screw Terminal Conn., 4 Pin Plug
- 93-PLUG5P-DR Extra Screw Terminal Conn., 5 Pin Plug
- OP-MTL144x36 Metal Surround Case, includes screw mounting clips
- OP-MTLCLIP Screw Mounting Clips (2 pc) - to screw tighten slide brackets
- OP-N4/144X36 144x36mm clear lockable front cover-NEMA 4X, splash proof
- OP-PA/144X36 Panel Adapter for 144x36mm from 6 inch cutout

For Custom Face Plates and Scales see page 15.

Many other options and accessories are available. See full price list for more details. Prices subject to change without notice.

WARRANTY

Texmate warrants that its products are free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of one year from date of shipment. Texmate's obligations under this warranty are limited to replacement or repair, at its option, at its factory, of any of the products which shall, within the applicable period after shipment, be returned to Texmate's facility, transportation charges pre-paid, and which are, after examination, disclosed to the satisfaction of Texmate to be thus defective. The warranty shall not apply to any equipment which shall have been repaired or altered, except by Texmate, or which shall have been subjected to misuse, negligence, or accident. In no case shall Texmate's liability exceed the original purchase price. The aforementioned provisions do not extend the original warranty period of any product which has been either repaired or replaced by Texmate.

USER'S RESPONSIBILITY

We are pleased to offer suggestions on the use of our various products either by way of printed matter or through direct contact with our sales/application engineering staff. However, since we have no control over the use of our products once they are shipped, **NO WARRANTY WHETHER OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR PURPOSE, OR OTHERWISE** is made beyond the repair, replacement, or refund of purchase price at the sole discretion of Texmate. Users shall determine the suitability of the product for the intended application before using, and the users assume all risk and liability whatsoever in connection therewith, regardless of any of our suggestions or statements as to application or construction. In no event shall Texmate's liability, in law or otherwise, be in excess of the purchase price of the product.

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